Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2021 &

<u>Auditor's Report</u>

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Auditor's Report

To the shareholders of EFG - Hermes Holding Company

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of EFG – Hermes Holding Company which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2021, and the consolidated statements of income, comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the financial year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

These consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of Company's management. Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Egyptian Accounting Standards and in the light of the prevailing Egyptian laws, management responsibility includes, designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; management responsibility also includes selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies; and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Egyptian Standards on Auditing and in the light of the prevailing Egyptian laws. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.



Hazem Hassan

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to in the first paragraph above present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the company as of December 31, 2021 and its consolidated results of its operations and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Egyptian Accounting Standards and comply with applicable Egyptian laws and regulations relating to the preparation of these financial statements.

KPMG Hazem Hassan

KPMG Hazen Hassan

Cairo, March 24, 2022

KPMG Hazem Hassan
Public Accountants and Consultants

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Consolidated	statement	of fin	ancial	position

	Note no.	31/12/2021	31/12/2020
(in EGP)			
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	(6)	30,876,257,819	7,397,790,093
Loans and facilities to customer	(9)	19,625,924,145	8,189,679,143
Accounts receivables	(8)	5,611,375,904	4,734,488,970
Investments at fair value through profit and loss	(7)	8,002,539,778	5,744,078,663
Investments at fair value through OCI	(10)	16,820,480,365	10,097,642,055
Investments at amortized cost	(12)	10,050,278,918	-
Assets held for sale	(5)	305,541,145	59,640,898
Equity accounted investees	(11)	461,315,552	103,095,770
Investment property	(13)	125,529,472	132,074,502
Fixed assets	(14)	999,401,918	651,958,068
Goodwill and other intangible assets	(15)	1,107,396,952	984,353,914
Deferred tax assets	(22)	47,607,209	24,995,255
Other assets	(16)	2,561,079,667	621,212,320
Total assets		96,594,728,844	38,741,009,651
Liabilities			
Due to banks and financial institutions	(17)	17,736,580,111	9,235,466,908
Customer Deposits	(18)	38,564,737,371	-
Loans and borrowings	(24)	5,963,333,876	4,598,110,534
Creditors and other credit balances	(21)	2,695,731,002	1,927,757,515
Accounts payable - customers credit balance at fair value through profit and loss	(19)	3,890,060,348	2,022,981,775
Accounts payable - customers credit balance		8,537,833,096	5,486,303,627
Short term bonds	(20)	550,000,000	500,000,000
Provisions	(23)	690,001,941	566,956,651
Current tax liability		363,572,503	164,219,351
Deferred tax liabilities	(22)	296,588,621	301,270,105
Total liabilities		79,288,438,869	24,803,066,466
Familia			
Equity Share conital	(25)	1 965 252 255	2 9/12 001 115
Share capital	(25)	4,865,353,355	3,843,091,115
Legal reserve		840,272,556	833,933,867
Share premium		1,668,623,811	1,922,267,826
Other reserves		783,420,592	791,823,872
Retained earnings		6,390,395,096	6,235,979,897
Equity attributable to owners of the Company	(26)	14,548,065,410	13,627,096,577
Non - controlling interests	(26)	2,758,224,565 17,306,289,975	310,846,608 13,937,943,185
Total equity Total equity and liabilities		96,594,728,844	38,741,009,651
rotal equity and habilities		70,374,720,044	30,771,007,031

The accompanying notes and accounting policies from page (6) to page (64) are an integral part of these financial statements and are to be read therewith.

" Auditor's report attached "

Mona Zulficar Chairperson

Karim Awad Group Chief Executive Officer

Consolidated income statement

sear(r) M1/12/201 (Restated*) Interest income (33) 4,416,355,205 2,894,539,255 Interest Expense (1,831,314,272) (1,077,889,450) Net Interest Income 2,585,040,933 1,816,649,805 Fee and commission income (33) 3,955,050,747 2,742,568,431 Fee and commission income (33) 3,950,950,742 2,716,993,755 Net Fees and commission Income (30,003,6168 2,470,959,056 Scaurities (Loss) Gains (7,30,092) 317,758,025 Chart Fees and commission Income (33) 31,853,072 371,758,025 Chart Fees and commission Income (33) 31,853,072 371,758,025 Courities (Loss) Gains (76,153,571) 576,420,133 101,758,025 Chair Fee and commission Income (33) 31,853,072 39,543,674 30,543,674 Chair Fee and commission Income (33) 31,853,072 371,758,025 470,959,056 Chair Fee and commission Income (33) 31,853,072 39,543,674 471,758 471,758,225 471,759,291,201 471,409,517,21		Note no.	For the year	ended
Interest income (33) 4,416,355,205 2,894,539,255 Interest Expense (1,831,314,272) (1,077,889,450) Net Interest Income 2,585,040,933 1,816,649,805 Fee and commission income (33) 3,355,050,747 2,742,568,431 Fee and commission expense (344,114,579) (271,609,375) Net Fees and commission Income 3,050,936,168 2,470,959,056 Sceurities (Loss) Gains (76,153,571) 576,420,133 Changes in Investments at Fair Value through Profit & Loss (33) 31,853,072 379,543,674 Other Revenues (28) 235,215,170 140,095,176 Other Revenues (28) 235,215,170 140,095,176 Griss on selling Assets held for sale 3,864,407 - Share of loss from equity accounted investees (11) (14,173,369) (4,237,980) Revenue (32) (3,667,378,008) (3,208,561,612) Financial Guarantee Provision (3) (5,673,313) (10,079,751) Impairment loss on assets (29) (154,029,798) (33,328,565)	(in EGP)		31/12/2021	31/12/2020
Interest Expense (1,831,314,272) (1,077,889,350) Net Interest Income 2,585,040,033 1,816,649,805 Fee and commission income (33) 3,395,050,747 2,742,568,431 Fee and commission expense (344,114,579) (271,609,375) Net Fees and commission Income 3,050,936,168 2,470,959,056 Securities (Loss) Gains (7,615,3,571) 576,420,133 Changes in Investments at Fair Value through Profit & Loss (33) 31,853,072 39,543,674 Other Revenues (28) 235,215,170 140,095,176 Other Revenues (28) 235,215,170 140,095,176 Foreign Currencies Exchnage Differences (34) 14,173,369 (4,237,980) Revenue (38) 3,864,407 - Share of loss from equity accounted investees (11) (14,173,369) (4,237,980) Revenue (6,043,421,132) 5,395,905,392 (30,867,378,008) (3,208,561,612) Impairment loss on assets (29) (154,029,798) (30,3872,865) Provisions (23) (96,968,478)				(Restated*)
Interest Expense (1,831,314,272) (1,077,889,450) Net Interest Income 2,585,040,933 1,816,649,805 Fee and commission income (33) 3,395,050,747 2,742,568,431 Fee and commission expense (344,114,579) (271,609,375) Net Fees and commission Income 3,050,936,168 2,470,959,056 Securities (Loss) Gains (7,6153,571) 576,420,133 Universe In Investments at Fair Value through Profit & Loss (33) 31,853,072 39,543,674 Other Revenues (28) 235,215,170 140,095,176 Foreign Currencies Exchnage Differences (34) 14,143,369 4,237,980 Gains on selling Assets held for sale 3,864,407 - Share of loss from equity accounted investees (11) (14,173,369) (4,237,980) Revenue 6,043,421,132 5,395,905,392 General administrative expenses (32) (3,667,378,008) (3,208,561,612) Impairment loss on assets (29) (154,029,798) (303,872,865) Provisions (23) (96,968,478) (32,475,067)				
Net Interest Income 2,585,040,933 1,816,649,805 Fee and commission income (33) 3,395,050,747 2,742,568,431 Fee and commission expense (344,114,579) (271,609,375) Net Fees and commission Income 3,050,936,168 2,470,959,056 Securities (Loss) Gains (7,6153,571) 576,420,133 Changes in Investments at Fair Value through Profit & Loss (33) 31,853,072 39,543,674 Other Revenues (28) 235,215,170 140,095,176 Foreign Currencies Exchnage Differences 234,140,414 (15,282,497) Gains on selling Assets held for sale 3,864,407 - Share of loss from equity accounted investees (11) (14,173,369) (4,237,980) Revenue 6,043,421,132 5,395,905,392 General administrative expenses (32) (3,667,378,008) (3,208,561,612) Financial Guarantee Provision (23) (5,673,313) (10,079,751) Impairment loss on assets (29) (154,029,798) (32,475,067) Provisions (23) (96,968,478) (32,475,067)	Interest income	(33)	4,416,355,205	2,894,539,255
Fee and commission income (33) 3,395,050,747 2,742,568,431 Fee and commission expense (344,114,579) (271,609,375) Net Fees and commission Income 3,050,936,168 2,470,959,056 Securities (Loss) Gains (7,302,092) 371,758,025 Changes in Investments at Fair Value through Profit & Loss (613,53,711) 576,420,133 Dividend Income (33) 31,853,072 39,543,674 Other Revenues (28) 235,215,170 140,095,176 Foreign Currencies Exchange Differences 234,140,414 (15,282,497) Gains on selling Assets held for sale 3,864,407 - Share of loss from equity accounted investees (11) (14,173,369) (4,237,980) Revenue 6,043,421,132 5,395,905,392 General administrative expenses (32) (3,667,378,008) (3,0208,561,612) Financial Guarantee Provision (23) (5,673,313) (10,079,751) Impairment loss on assets (29) (154,029,798) (33,475,067) Profit before tax 1,925,707,024 1,669,772,573 I	Interest Expense		(1,831,314,272)	(1,077,889,450)
Ret Fees and commission Income 3,44,114,579 2,21,609,379 Securities (Loss) Gains 3,050,936,168 2,470,959,056 Changes in Investments at Fair Value through Profit & Loss (76,153,571) 576,420,133 Dividend Income (33) 31,853,072 39,543,674 Other Revenues (28) 235,215,170 140,095,176 Foreign Currencies Exchange Differences 234,140,414 (15,282,497) Gains on selling Assets held for sale 3,864,407 - Share of loss from equity accounted investees (11) (14,173,369) 4,237,980 Revenue 6,043,421,32 5,395,053,92 General administrative expenses (32) (3,667,378,008) (3,208,561,612 Financial Guarantee Provision (23) (5,673,313) (10,079,751 Impairment loss on assets (29) (154,029,798) 303,872,865 Provisions (23) (96,968,478) (32,475,067) Perpectation and amortization (13,14,15) (193,664,511) (171,143,524) Profit before tax (30) (350,786,930) (329,046,528)	Net Interest Income		2,585,040,933	1,816,649,805
Net Fees and commission Income 3,050,936,168 2,470,959,056 Securities (Loss) Gains (7,302,092) 371,758,025 Changes in Investments at Fair Value through Profit & Loss (76,153,571) 576,420,133 Dividend Income (33) 31,853,072 39,543,674 Other Revenues (28) 235,215,170 140,095,176 Foreign Currencies Exchange Differences 234,140,414 (15,282,497) Gains on selling Assets held for sale 3,864,407 - Share of loss from equity accounted investees (11) (14,173,369) (4,237,980) Revenue 6,043,421,132 5,395,905,392 General administrative expenses (32) (3,667,378,008) (3,208,561,612) Financial Guarantee Provision (23) (5,673,313) (10,079,751) Impairment loss on assets (29) (154,029,798) (30,3872,865) Provisions (23) (96,968,478) (32,475,067) Depreciation and amortization (131,415) (193,664,511) (171,143,524) Income tax expense (30) (350,786,930) (329,046,528) </td <td>Fee and commission income</td> <td>(33)</td> <td>3,395,050,747</td> <td>2,742,568,431</td>	Fee and commission income	(33)	3,395,050,747	2,742,568,431
Securities (Loss) Gains (7,302,092) 371,758,025 Changes in Investments at Fair Value through Profit & Loss (76,153,571) 576,420,133 Dividend Income (33) 31,853,072 39,543,674 Other Revenues (28) 235,215,170 140,095,176 Foreign Currencies Exchnage Differences 234,140,414 (15,282,497) Gains on selling Assets held for sale 3,864,407 - Share of loss from equity accounted investees (11) (14,173,369) (4,237,980) Revenue 6,043,421,132 5,395,905,392 General administrative expenses (32) (3,667,378,008) (3,208,561,612) Financial Guarantee Provision (23) (5,673,313) (10,079,751) Impairment loss on assets (29) (154,029,798) (30,3872,865) Provisions (23) (96,968,478) (32,475,067) Depreciation and amortization (13,14,15) (193,664,511) (171,143,524) Profit before tax 1,925,707,024 1,669,772,573 Income tax expense (30) (350,786,930) (329,046,528) <td>Fee and commission expense</td> <td></td> <td>(344,114,579)</td> <td>(271,609,375)</td>	Fee and commission expense		(344,114,579)	(271,609,375)
Changes in Investments at Fair Value through Profit & Loss (76,153,571) 576,420,133 Dividend Income (33) 31,853,072 39,543,674 Other Revenues (28) 235,215,170 140,095,176 Foreign Currencies Exchnage Differences 234,140,414 (15,282,497) Gains on selling Assets held for sale 3,864,407 - Share of loss from equity accounted investees (11) (14,173,369) (4,237,980) Revenue 6,043,421,132 5,395,905,392 General administrative expenses (32) (3,667,378,008) (3,208,561,612) Financial Guarantee Provision (23) (5,673,313) (10,079,751) Impairment loss on assets (29) (154,029,798) (32,475,067) Provisions (23) (96,968,478) (32,475,067) Depreciation and amortization (13,14,15) (193,664,511) (171,143,524) Profit before tax 1,925,707,024 1,669,772,573 Income tax expense (30) (350,786,930) (329,046,528) Profit attributable to: 1,456,477,842 1,305,403,129 <	Net Fees and commission Income		3,050,936,168	2,470,959,056
Dividend Income (33) 31,853,072 39,543,674 Other Revenues (28) 235,215,170 140,095,176 Foreign Currencies Exchnage Differences 234,140,414 (15,282,497) Gains on selling Assets held for sale 3,864,407 - Share of loss from equity accounted investees (11) (14,173,369) (4,237,980) Revenue 6,043,421,132 5,395,905,392 General administrative expenses (32) (3,667,378,008) (3,208,561,612) Financial Guarantee Provision (23) (5,673,313) (10,079,751) Impairment loss on assets (29) (154,029,798) (303,872,865) Provisions (23) (96,968,478) (32,475,067) Depreciation and amortization (13,14,15) (193,664,511) (171,143,524) Profit before tax 1,925,707,024 1,669,772,573 Income tax expense (30) (350,786,930) (329,046,528) Profit for the year 1,574,920,094 1,340,726,045 Profit attributable to: (36) 1,456,477,842 1,305,403,129	Securities (Loss) Gains		(7,302,092)	371,758,025
Other Revenues (28) 235,215,170 140,095,176 Foreign Currencies Exchnage Differences 234,140,414 (15,282,497) Gains on selling Assets held for sale 3,864,407 - Share of loss from equity accounted investees (11) (14,173,369) (4,237,980) Revenue 6,043,421,132 5,395,905,392 General administrative expenses (32) (3,667,378,008) (3,208,561,612) Financial Guarantee Provision (23) (5,673,313) (10,079,751) Impairment loss on assets (29) (154,029,798) (303,872,865) Provisions (23) (96,968,478) (32,475,067) Depreciation and amortization (13,14,15) (193,664,511) (171,143,524) Profit before tax 1,925,707,024 1,669,772,573 Income tax expense (30) (350,786,930) (329,046,528) Profit for the year 1,574,920,094 1,340,726,045 Profit attributable to: (36) 1,456,477,842 1,305,403,129 Non - controlling interests (26) 118,442,252 35,322,916 <	Changes in Investments at Fair Value through Profit & Loss		(76,153,571)	576,420,133
Foreign Currencies Exchnage Differences 234,140,414 (15,282,497) Gains on selling Assets held for sale 3,864,407 - Share of loss from equity accounted investees (11) (14,173,369) (4,237,980) Revenue 6,043,421,132 5,395,905,392 General administrative expenses (32) (3,667,378,008) (3,208,561,612) Financial Guarantee Provision (23) (5,673,313) (10,079,751) Impairment loss on assets (29) (154,029,798) (303,872,865) Provisions (23) (96,968,478) (32,475,067) Depreciation and amortization (13,14,15) (193,664,511) (171,143,524) Profit before tax 1,925,707,024 1,669,772,573 Income tax expense (30) (350,786,930) (329,046,528) Profit for the year 1,574,920,094 1,340,726,045 Profit attributable to: (26) 118,442,252 35,322,916	Dividend Income	(33)	31,853,072	39,543,674
Gains on selling Assets held for sale 3,864,407 - Share of loss from equity accounted investees (11) (14,173,369) (4,237,980) Revenue 6,043,421,132 5,395,905,392 General administrative expenses (32) (3,667,378,008) (3,208,561,612) Financial Guarantee Provision (23) (5,673,313) (10,079,751) Impairment loss on assets (29) (154,029,798) (303,872,865) Provisions (23) (96,968,478) (32,475,067) Depreciation and amortization (13,14,15) (193,664,511) (171,143,524) Profit before tax 1,925,707,024 1,669,772,573 Income tax expense (30) (350,786,930) (329,046,528) Profit for the year 1,574,920,094 1,340,726,045 Profit attributable to: 0 1,456,477,842 1,305,403,129 Non - controlling interests (26) 118,442,252 35,322,916	Other Revenues	(28)	235,215,170	140,095,176
Share of loss from equity accounted investees (11) (14,173,369) (4,237,980) Revenue 6,043,421,132 5,395,905,392 General administrative expenses (32) (3,667,378,008) (3,208,561,612) Financial Guarantee Provision (23) (5,673,313) (10,079,751) Impairment loss on assets (29) (154,029,798) (303,872,865) Provisions (23) (96,968,478) (32,475,067) Depreciation and amortization (13,14,15) (193,664,511) (171,143,524) Profit before tax 1,925,707,024 1,669,772,573 Income tax expense (30) (350,786,930) (329,046,528) Profit for the year 1,574,920,094 1,340,726,045 Profit attributable to: 3 1,456,477,842 1,305,403,129 Non - controlling interests (26) 118,442,252 35,322,916	Foreign Currencies Exchnage Differences		234,140,414	(15,282,497)
Revenue 6,043,421,132 5,395,905,392 General administrative expenses (32) (3,667,378,008) (3,208,561,612) Financial Guarantee Provision (23) (5,673,313) (10,079,751) Impairment loss on assets (29) (154,029,798) (303,872,865) Provisions (23) (96,968,478) (32,475,067) Depreciation and amortization (13,14,15) (193,664,511) (171,143,524) Profit before tax 1,925,707,024 1,669,772,573 Income tax expense (30) (350,786,930) (329,046,528) Profit for the year 1,574,920,094 1,340,726,045 Profit attributable to: 1,456,477,842 1,305,403,129 Owners of the Company 1,456,477,842 1,305,403,129 Non - controlling interests (26) 118,442,252 35,322,916	Gains on selling Assets held for sale		3,864,407	-
General administrative expenses (32) (3,667,378,008) (3,208,561,612) Financial Guarantee Provision (23) (5,673,313) (10,079,751) Impairment loss on assets (29) (154,029,798) (303,872,865) Provisions (23) (96,968,478) (32,475,067) Depreciation and amortization (13,14,15) (193,664,511) (171,143,524) Profit before tax 1,925,707,024 1,669,772,573 Income tax expense (30) (350,786,930) (329,046,528) Profit for the year 1,574,920,094 1,340,726,045 Profit attributable to: (26) 118,442,252 35,322,916	Share of loss from equity accounted investees	(11)	(14,173,369)	(4,237,980)
Financial Guarantee Provision (23) (5,673,313) (10,079,751) Impairment loss on assets (29) (154,029,798) (303,872,865) Provisions (23) (96,968,478) (32,475,067) Depreciation and amortization (13,14,15) (193,664,511) (171,143,524) Profit before tax 1,925,707,024 1,669,772,573 Income tax expense (30) (350,786,930) (329,046,528) Profit for the year 1,574,920,094 1,340,726,045 Profit attributable to: 1,456,477,842 1,305,403,129 Non - controlling interests (26) 118,442,252 35,322,916	Revenue		6,043,421,132	5,395,905,392
Impairment loss on assets (29) (154,029,798) (303,872,865) Provisions (23) (96,968,478) (32,475,067) Depreciation and amortization (13,14,15) (193,664,511) (171,143,524) Profit before tax 1,925,707,024 1,669,772,573 Income tax expense (30) (350,786,930) (329,046,528) Profit for the year 1,574,920,094 1,340,726,045 Profit attributable to: 1,456,477,842 1,305,403,129 Non - controlling interests (26) 118,442,252 35,322,916	General administrative expenses	(32)	(3,667,378,008)	(3,208,561,612)
Provisions (23) (96,968,478) (32,475,067) Depreciation and amortization (13,14,15) (193,664,511) (171,143,524) Profit before tax 1,925,707,024 1,669,772,573 Income tax expense (30) (350,786,930) (329,046,528) Profit for the year 1,574,920,094 1,340,726,045 Profit attributable to: 1,456,477,842 1,305,403,129 Non - controlling interests (26) 118,442,252 35,322,916	Financial Guarantee Provision	(23)	(5,673,313)	(10,079,751)
Depreciation and amortization (13,14,15) (193,664,511) (171,143,524) Profit before tax 1,925,707,024 1,669,772,573 Income tax expense (30) (350,786,930) (329,046,528) Profit for the year 1,574,920,094 1,340,726,045 Profit attributable to: 1,456,477,842 1,305,403,129 Non - controlling interests (26) 118,442,252 35,322,916	Impairment loss on assets	(29)	(154,029,798)	(303,872,865)
Profit before tax 1,925,707,024 1,669,772,573 Income tax expense (30) (350,786,930) (329,046,528) Profit for the year 1,574,920,094 1,340,726,045 Profit attributable to: 1,456,477,842 1,305,403,129 Non - controlling interests (26) 118,442,252 35,322,916	Provisions	(23)	(96,968,478)	(32,475,067)
Income tax expense (30) (350,786,930) (329,046,528) Profit for the year 1,574,920,094 1,340,726,045 Profit attributable to: 30 <td>Depreciation and amortization</td> <td>(13,14,15)</td> <td>(193,664,511)</td> <td>(171,143,524)</td>	Depreciation and amortization	(13,14,15)	(193,664,511)	(171,143,524)
Profit for the year 1,574,920,094 1,340,726,045 Profit attributable to: 1,456,477,842 1,305,403,129 Non - controlling interests (26) 118,442,252 35,322,916	Profit before tax		1,925,707,024	1,669,772,573
Profit attributable to: Owners of the Company 1,456,477,842 1,305,403,129 Non - controlling interests (26) 118,442,252 35,322,916	Income tax expense	(30)	(350,786,930)	(329,046,528)
Owners of the Company 1,456,477,842 1,305,403,129 Non - controlling interests (26) 118,442,252 35,322,916	Profit for the year		1,574,920,094	1,340,726,045
Non - controlling interests (26) <u>118,442,252</u> <u>35,322,916</u>	Profit attributable to:			
<u> </u>	Owners of the Company		1,456,477,842	1,305,403,129
1,574,920,094 1,340,726,045	Non - controlling interests	(26)	118,442,252	35,322,916
			1,574,920,094	1,340,726,045

^{*} See note (35)

Consolidated statement of comprehensive income

	For the year ended	
	31/12/2021	31/12/2020
(in EGP)		
Profit for the year	1,574,920,094	1,340,726,045
Other comprehensive income:		
Items that are or may be reclassified to profit or loss		
Foreign operations - foreign currency translation differences	(15,450,147)	(96,787,059)
Foreign currency translation differences - reclassified to profit or loss	(167,306,760)	(32,212,643)
Investments at fair value through OCI - net change in fair value	163,022	(678,272,788)
Investments at fair value through OCI - net change in fair value - reclassified to profit or loss	34,043,158	(474,568,773)
Investment at Fair Value through OCI - reclassified to Retained Earnings	(15,659)	(2,176,473)
Actuarial gain (loss) re-measurement of employees' benefits obligations	971,076	(2,002,429)
Related tax	(930,181)	12,221,624
Other comprehensive income, net of tax	(148,525,491)	(1,273,798,541)
Total comprehensive income	1,426,394,603	66,927,504
Total comprehensive income attributable to:		
Owners of the Company	1,299,398,696	34,980,736
Non - controlling interests	126,995,907	31,946,768
	1,426,394,603	66,927,504

Attributable to owners of the Company

	Attributable to owners of the Company											
						Other reserves						
	Share	Legal	Share	General	Translation	Fair value	Empolyee stock	Hedging	Retained	Total	Non - controlling	Total
(in EGP)	capital	reserve	premium	reserve	reserve	reserve	Ownership plan reserve	reserve	earnings		interests	equity
Balance as at 31 December 2019, as previously reported	3,843,091,115	803,102,208	1,922,267,826	158,269	2,119,175,070	665,788,125	-	(26,442,387)	4,330,582,531	13,657,722,757	362,757,134	14,020,479,891
Effect of change in accounting policies	-	-	-	-	-	(724,877,627)	-	26,442,387	671,741,648	(26,693,592)	(5,885,828)	(32,579,420)
Balance as at 1 January, 2020	3,843,091,115	803,102,208	1,922,267,826	158,269	2,119,175,070	(59,089,502)	-	-	5,002,324,179	13,631,029,165	356,871,306	13,987,900,471
Total comprehensive income												
Profit	-	-	=	=	-	-	-	-	1,305,403,129	1,305,403,129	35,322,916	1,340,726,045
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	(126,465,076)	(1,141,954,889)	-	-	174,044	(1,268,245,921)	(3,376,147)	(1,271,622,068)
Total comprehensive income	=	-	=	-	(126,465,076)	(1,141,954,889)	-	-	1,305,577,173	37,157,208	31,946,769	69,103,977
Transactions with owners of the Company												
Contributions and distributions												
Dividends	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(40,851,169)	(40,851,169)	(81,738,080)	(122,589,249)
Transferred to legal reserve	-	30,831,659	-	-	-	-	-	-	(30,831,659)	-	-	-
Changes in ownership interests												
Changes in ownership interests without a change in control	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(238 627)	(238 627)	3 766 613	3 527 986
Balance as at 31 December 2020	3,843,091,115	833,933,867	1,922,267,826	158,269	1,992,709,994	(1,201,044,391)	-	-	6,235,979,897	13,627,096,577	310,846,608	13,937,943,185
Balance as at 31 December 2020, as previously reported	3,843,091,115	833,933,867	1,922,267,826	158,269	1,992,709,994	(1,201,044,391)	-	-	6,235,979,897	13,627,096,577	310,846,608	13,937,943,185
Effect of change in accounting policies												
Adjustment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(4 099 065)	(4,099,065)	-	(4,099,065)
Balance as at 31 December 2020	3,843,091,115	833,933,867	1,922,267,826	158,269	1,992,709,994	(1,201,044,391)	-	-	6,231,880,832	13,622,997,512	310,846,608	13,933,844,120
Total comprehensive income												
Profit	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,456,477,842	1,456,477,842	118,442,252	1,574,920,094
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	(182,139,923)	24,089,701	-	-	986 735	(157,063,487)	8,553,655	(148,509,832)
Total comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	(182,139,923)	24,089,701	-	-	1,457,464,577	1,299,414,355	126,995,907	1,426,410,262
Transactions with owners of the Company												
Contributions and distributions												
Dividends	768 618 225	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	(895,812,229)	(127,194,004)	(1,479,254)	(128,673,258)
Transferred to share capital	253 644 015	_	(253 644 015)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
Transferred to legal reserve	-	6,338,689	· -	-	-	_	-	-	(6,338,689)	-	-	-
Empolyee stock ownership plan (ESOP)	-	-	-	=	-	-	149 646 942	-	=	149 646 942	-	149 646 942
Changes in ownership interests												
Changes in ownership interests without a change in control	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(396,799,395)	(396,799,395)	(18,077,004)	(414,876,399)
Share of NCI in the increase/(decrease) of subsidiaries paid- in capital	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,339,938,308	2,339,938,308
Balance as at 31 December 2021	4,865,353,355	840,272,556	1,668,623,811	158,269	1,810,570,071	(1,176,954,690)	149,646,942		6,390,395,096	14,548,065,410	2,758,224,565	17,306,289,975

Consolidated statement of cash flows

		For the year ended		
	Note no.	31/12/2021	31/12/2020	
(in EGP)	11010 1101	31/12/2021	31/12/2020	
Cash flows from operating activities				
Profit before income tax		1,925,707,024	1,669,772,573	
Adjustments for:		1,>20,707,02	1,005,772,070	
Depreciation and amortization	(13,14,15)	193,664,511	171,143,524	
Provisions formed	(23)	102,641,791	42,554,818	
Provisions used	(23)	(123,453,932)	(8,684,029)	
Provisions reversed	(23)	(54,802,383)	(35 255 180)	
Gains on sale of fixed assets	` ′	(14,668,983)	(836)	
Gains from Securitization		(66,016,939)	-	
(loss) Gains on sale of investment at FVTOCI		34,043,538	(474,568,773)	
Gains on sale of Assets held for sale		(3,864,407)	-	
Amortization of premium/ issue discount		(30,974,345)	-	
Changes in the fair value of investments at fair value through profit and loss		76,153,571	(576,420,133)	
Share of loss of equity-accounted investees		14,173,369	4,237,980	
Impairment loss on assets	(29)	154,029,798	303,872,865	
Share-based payment	(32,20-39)	149,646,948	-	
Foreign currency translation differences		(17,442,999)	(27,818,033)	
Foreign currencies exchange differences		(234,140,414)	15,282,496	
Operating profit before changes in current assets and liabilities	_	2,104,696,148	1,084,117,272	
Changes in:				
Other assets		(504,813,017)	(53,187,325)	
Creditors and other credit balances		(32,620,974)	94,960,732	
Accounts receivables		(916,774,492)	(258,963,589)	
Accounts payable		3,047,194,580	(1,995,952,225)	
Accounts payable - customers credit balance at fair value through profit and loss		1,867,078,573	(3,063,592,057)	
Loans and facilities to customers		(2,935,999,896)	(2,477,553,478)	
Due from banks		(5,583,297,532)	-	
Due to banks		(304,852,380)	-	
Customers deposits		(1,242,670,248)	-	
Investments at fair value through profit and loss		(2,302,120,418)	2,208,024,926	
Income tax paid		(233,489,679)	(173,872,403)	
Net cash used in operating activities	-	(7,037,669,335)	(4,636,018,147)	
Cash flows from investing activities				
Payments to purchase fixed assets and other intangible assets		(97,448,606)	(101,158,922)	
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets		19,391,892	152,699	
Proceeds from sale of assets held for sale		120,045,492	-	
Proceeds from sale of investment FVTOCI		24,130,051,252	17,567,402,835	
Payments to purchase investment FVTOCI		(20,306,019,053)	(14,767,315,832)	
Payments to purchase investment in subsidiaries		(2,965,924,996)	-	
Payments to purchase equity accounted investees		(17,982,500)	(52,333,749)	
Dividends collected		8,583,669	-	
Net cash provided from investing activities	-	890,697,150	2,646,747,031	
Cash flows from financing activities				
Dividends paid		(43,164,735)	(132,802,448)	
Proceeds from securitization transactions		1,112,500,000	-	
Proceeds from short term bonds		550,000,000	500,000,000	
Payment for short term bonds		(500,000,000)	(400,000,000)	
Proceeds from / Payment for financial institutions		3,619,102,552	(2,563,764,366)	
Proceeds from loans and borrowings		2,178,924,870	1,538,044,191	
Payment for loans and borrowings	_	(904,202,493)	(981,195,693)	
Net cash provided from (used in) financing activities	_	6,013,160,194	(2,039,718,316)	
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		(133,811,991)	(4,028,989,432)	
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 January	(31)	2,465,698,500	6,472,769,165	
Cash from acquisition from subsaidiaries		2,382,473,653	<u> </u>	
Cash and cash equivalents at 31 December	(31)	4,714,360,162	2,443,779,733	

Translation of consolidated financial statements originally issued in Arabic

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2021 (In the notes all amounts are shown in EGP unless otherwise stated)

1- Background

1-1 Incorporation

EFG-Hermes Holding S.A.E "the company" is an Egyptian Joint Stock Company subject to the provisions of the Capital Market Law No.95 of 1992 and its executive regulations. The company's registered office is located in Smart Village building No. B129, phase 3, KM 28 Cairo / Alexandria Desert Road, 6 October 12577 Egypt.

1-2 Purpose of the company

EFG Hermes is a premiere financial services corporation that offers diverse investment banking services including securities brokerage, investment banking, Asset management and private equity. In addition to its non-bank finance products, which include leasing and micro-finance, installment services, factoring, securitization, collection and tasquek. The purpose of the company also includes participation in the establishment of companies which issue securities or in increasing their share capital, custody activities, margin trading and commercial bank activities.

2- Basis of preparation

2-1 Statement of compliance

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Egyptian Accounting Standards and relevant Egyptian laws and regulations.

2-2 Authorization of the financial statements

The financial statements were authorized for issue in accordance with a resolution of the board of directors on March 23, 2022.

3- Functional and presentation currency

These consolidated financial statements are presented in Egyptian pounds (EGP) which is the Company's functional currency.

4- Use of estimates and judgments

In preparing these consolidated financial statements, management has made judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of the Group's accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to estimates are recognized prospectively.

- Estimates and assumptions about them are re-viewed on regular basis.

Translation of consolidated financial statements originally issued in Arabic

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December, 2021 (Continued) (In the notes all amounts are shown in EGP unless otherwise stated)

- The change in accounting estimates is recognized in the period where the estimate is changed whether the change affects only that period, or in the period of change and the future periods if the change affects them both.

4-1 Fair value measurement

- The fair value of financial instruments are determined based on the market value of the financial instrument or similar financial instruments at the date of the financial statements without deducting any estimated future selling costs.
- The value of financial assets are determined by the values of the current purchase prices for those assets, while the value of financial liabilities is determined by the current prices that can be settled by those liabilities.
- In the absence of an active market to determine the fair value of financial instruments, the fair value is estimated using various valuation techniques, taking into consideration the prices of the transactions occurred recently, and guided by the current fair value of other similar tools substantially discounted cash flow method or any other evaluation method to get resulting values that can rely on.
- When using the discounted cash flow method as a way to evaluate, the future cash flows are estimated based on the best estimates of management. And the discount rate used is determined in the light of the prevailing market price at the date of the financial statements that are similar in nature and conditions.

5- Assets held for sale

 Assets held for sale represented in the assets that has been acquired by EFG Hermes Corp-Solutions and Arab Investment Bank (aiBank) amounted to EGP 305,541,145 in exchange of debt account receivables.

Assets held for sale is relating to the acquisition of the following assets:

- Land and buildings.
- Machines and equipment.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December, 2021 (Continued) (In the notes all amounts are shown in EGP unless otherwise stated)

6-	Cash and cash equivalents		
		31/12/2021	31/12/2020
	Cash on hand	173,138,322	34,596,734
	Cheques under collection	140,001	465,001
	Banks - current accounts	10,740,937,558	6,062,014,232
	Obligatory reserve balance with CBE	897,426,113	
	Banks - time deposits	19,066,529,533	1,301,851,385
	Balance	30,878,171,527	7,398,927,352
	Impairment loss	(1,913,708)	(1,137,259)
	Balance	30,876,257,819	7,397,790,093
7-	Investments at fair value through profit and lo		24/42/2020
		31/12/2021	31/12/2020
	Mutual fund certificates	3,094,960,043	2,786,033,100
	Equity securities	144,330,891	128,071,075
	Debt securities	670,915,045	660,445,570
	Treasury bills	202,273,451	146,547,143
	Structured notes	3,890,060,348	2,022,981,775
	Balance	8,002,539,778	5,744,078,663
8-	Accounts receivables		
	A	31/12/2021	31/12/2020
	Accounts receivables Other brokerage companies	5,684,065,407 39,939,670	4,211,281,701 618,552,435
	Other brokerage companies	39,939,070	010,332,433
	Balance	5,724,005,077	4,829,834,136
	Impairment loss	(112,629,173)	(95,345,166)
	Balance	5,611,375,904	4,734,488,970

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December, 2021 (Continued) (In the notes all amounts are shown in EGP unless otherwise stated)

9-	Loans and facilities to customers		
		31/12/2021	31/12/2020
	Micro finance	1,669,477,709	1,722,754,659
	Finance lease	4,753,314,394	4,751,487,371
	Consumer finance	1,590,233,225	698,970,013
	Factoring	1,884,359,760	772,009,052
	Commercial bank (Arab Investment Bank)	11,125,847,297	
	Other loans	572,771,302	591,727,867
	Balance	21,596,003,687	8,536,948,962
	Impairment loss	(1,970,079,542)	(347,269,819)
	Balance	19,625,924,145 =======	8,189,679,143
	Current	9,723,113,493	3,947,288,179
	Non-current	9,902,810,652	4,242,390,964
	Balance	19,625,924,145	8,189,679,143 =======
10-	Investments at fair value through OCI	31/12/2021	31/12/2020
NI		31/12/2021	31/12/2020
	n-current investments	105 064 470	22 022 001
	Equity securities Mutual fund certificates	105,064,479	33,933,001
		98,972,870	59,012,925
-	Debt instruments	1,836,353,781	86,546,749
		2,040,391,130	179,492,675
Cui	rent investments		
	Debt instruments	14,795,809,291	9,919,679,373
	Impairment loss	(15,720,056)	(1,529,993)
		14,780,089,235	9,918,149,380
Bala	ance	16,820,480,365	10,097,642,055

Translation of consolidated financial statements originally issued in Arabic

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December, 2021 (Continued) (In the notes all amounts are shown in EGP unless otherwise stated)

11- Equity accounted investees

December	31	20	21
December	JI	- Z-U	41

	Company's location	Company's asset	Company's liabilities	Company's net gain (losses)	Company's total revenue	Shareholding Percentage %	Shareholding value
Interest in joint venture							
Bedaya Mortgage							
Finance Co	Egypt	1,099,525,625	910,182,306	19,212,115	45,217,153	33.34	61,253,690
EFG-EV Finech	Egypt	42,810,436	648,333	(2,855,335)	297,245	50	21,081,052
Paytabs	Egypt	7,987,835	24,875,887	(9,857,646)	2,270,958	51	1,459,594
RX Capital limited	UAE	16,512,209	2,811,550	(2,009,341)		50	6,850,329
Interest in associate							
Kaf Life Insurance takaful	Egypt	251,117,156	185,998,053	(36,676,288)	10,490,848	37.5	21,599,015
Zahraa Elmaadi							
Company*	Egypt	2,309,385,000	938,992,000			20.30	278,655,628
Middle East Land Reclamation							
Company*	Egypt	47,974,000	192,215,000			24	
Prime for investment							
fund management*	Egypt	2,546,000	176,000	106,550	269,000	20	474,060
Enmaa Financial							
Leasing company*	Egypt	1,379,917,000	1,157,373,000	1,953,331	17,121,000	31.40	69,942,184
Balance							461,315,552
							========

December 31,2020								
	Company's location	Company's asset	Company's liabilities	Company's net gain (losses)	Company's total revenue	Shareholding Percentage %	Shareholding value	
Interest in Joint venture								
EFG-EV Finech	Egypt	28,535,795	3,518,357	(3,802,910)	210,027	50	12,955,277	
Bedaya Mortgage Finance co	Egypt	319,014,958	151,421,255	9,083,911	21,935,649	33,34	54,848,370	
Interest in associates Kaf Life Insurance Takaful	Egypt	256,287,123	165,591,402	(18,616,335)	7,483,141	37.50	35,292,123	
Kai Life ilisurance Takarui	Egypt	230,267,123	103,391,402	(10,010,333)	7,403,141	37.30	33,292,123	
Balance							103,095,770	

* Equity accounted investees acquired during the year through the acquisition of Arab Investment Bank (aiBank).

12- Investment at amortized cost

Debt instruments-Listed	31/12/2021 10,069,806,653	31/12/2020
Impairment loss	(19,527,735)	
Balance	10,050,278,918	
	=========	

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December, 2021 (Continued) (In the notes all amounts are shown in EGP unless otherwise stated)

13- Investment property	
Particular	Buildings
Cost	
Balance as at 1/1/2020	247,559,990
Reclassification to assets held for sale	(76,148,076)
Foreign currency translation differences	(1,872,096)
Total cost as at 31/12/2020	169,539,818
Total cost as at 31/12/2021	169,539,818
Accumulated depreciation	
Accumulated depreciation as at 1/1/2020	42,061,568
Depreciation for the year	9,085,335
Reclassification to assets held for sale	(16,507,178)
Impairment loss	3,384,491
Foreign currency translation differences	(558,900)
Accumulated depreciation as at 31/12/2020	37,465,316
Depreciation for the year	6,545,030
Accumulated depreciation as at 31/12/2021	44,010,346
Carrying amount	
Net carrying amount as at 31/12/2020	132,074,502
Net carrying amount as at 31/12/2021	125,529,472

Investment property net carrying amounted to EGP 125,529,472 as at 31 December 2021, represents the following:-

- EGP 119,806,262 the book value of the area owned by EFG Hermes Holding Company in Nile City building, and with a fair value of EGP 434,275,000.
- EGP 3,087,806 the book value of the area owned by Hermes Securities Brokerage, one of the subsidiaries, in Elmanial branch and with a fair value of EGP 10,400,000.
- EGP 2,635,404 the book value of the area owned by Hermes Securities Brokerage, one of the subsidiaries, in Elharam branch and with a fair value of EGP 17,894,190.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December, 2021 (Continued) (In the notes all amounts are shown in EGP unless otherwise stated)

14- Fixed assets

			Office				
			furniture,			Diabt of	
	Land &	Leasehold	equipment & electrical	Computor		Right of	
Particular	Buildings	improvements	appliances	Computer Equipment	Vehicles	use	Total
Cost	Dunumgs	improvements	apphances	Equipment	veincles	assets	1 Otal
Balance as at 1/1/2020	362,459,396	76,554,203	276,699,451	358,742,427	30,363,250	167,924,399	1,272,743,126
Additions	302,439,390		, ,	, ,	, ,	· · · · ·	
	(20, 220)	7,091,994	12,921,684	61,240,291	7,905,514	42,464,093	131,623,576
Disposals	(30,230)		(186,628)	(204,298)	(359,655)		(780,811)
Foreign currency translation differences	(21,768)	(244,070)	(3,292,266)	(3,721,672)	(201,845)	(3,720,500)	(11,202,121)
							
Total cost as at 31/12/2020	362,407,398	83,402,127	286,142,241	416,056,748	37,707,264	206,667,992	1,392,383,770
Balance as at 1/1/2021	362,407,398	83,402,127	286,142,241	416,056,748	37,707,264	206,667,992	1,392,383,770
Additions		9,658,891	30,283,024	33,485,582	8,627,151	93,511,316	175,565,964
Disposals	(6,785,000)		(10,518,281)	(28,140,454)	(4,121,440)	(3,924,512)	(53,489,687)
Reclassification to intangible assets				(20,481,910)			(20,481,910)
Acquisition of subsidiaries	318,408,752	162,025,074	52,349,297	130,192,193	4,325,984	11,766,119	679,067,419
Foreign currency translation differences	(38,127)	(86,389)	(511,268)	(545,528)	(128,215)	(206,536)	(1,516,063)
Total cost as at 31/12/2021	673,993,023	254,999,703	357,745,013	530,566,631	46,410,744	307,814,379	2,171,529,493

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December, 2021 (Continued) (In the notes all amounts are shown in EGP unless otherwise stated)

			Office furniture,				
			equipment			Right of	
	Land &	Leasehold	& electrical	Computer		use	
Particular	Buildings	improvements	appliances	Equipment	Vehicles	assets	Total
Accumulated depreciation							
Accumulated depreciation as at 1/1/2020	62,076,268	39,500,813	197,881,087	261,337,233	19,223,687	25,312,706	605,331,794
Depreciation	9,523,050	11,442,455	28,322,789	46,737,787	4,806,857	43,387,821	144,220,759
Disposals' accumulated depreciation			(115,309)	(153,984)	(359,655)		(628,948)
Reclassification to intangible assets			(623,068)	(1,260,480)			(1,883,548)
Foreign currency translation differences	(8,559)	(121,380)	(2,564,850)	(3,127,186)	(165,665)	(626,715)	(6,614,355)
Accumulated depreciation as at 31/12/2020	71,590,759	50,821,888	222,900,649	303,533,370	23,505,224	68,073,812	740,425,702
Accumulated depreciation as at 1/1/2021	71,590,759	50,821,888	222,900,649	303,533,370	23,505,224	68,073,812	740,425,702
Depreciation	11,889,172	14,421,859	29,008,072	55,891,293	6,089,378	47,407,238	164,707,012
Disposals' accumulated depreciation	(2,645,713)		(10,481,021)	(27,921,225)	(3,793,094)	(2,746,279)	(47,587,332)
Reclassified to intangible assets				(18,155,301)			(18,155,301)
Adjustment						238,867	238,867
Acquisition of subsidiaries	80,955,885	139,698,210	27,735,899	77,366,422	4,117,530	3,682,859	333,556,805
Foreign currency translation differences	(19,299)	(64,559)	(319,944)	(414,660)	(109,347)	(130,369)	(1,058,178)
Accumulated depreciation as at 31/12/2021	161,770,804	204,877,398	268,843,655	390,299,899	29,809,691	116,526,128	1,172,127,575
Carrying amount							
Carrying amount as at 31/12/2020	290,816,639	32,580,239	63,241,592	112,523,378	14,202,040	138,594,180	651,958,068
Carrying amount as at 31/12/2021	512,222,219	50,122,305	88,901,358	140,266,732	16,601,053	191,288,251	999,401,918

Translation of consolidated financial statements originally issued in Arabic

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December, 2021 (Continued) (In the notes all amounts are shown in EGP unless otherwise stated)

15-	Goodwill	and other	intangible assets
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		31/12/2021	31/12/2020
Goodwill	(15-1)	994,145,243	890,091,108
Customer relationships		38,882,258	46,024,888
Licenses		3,839,378	10,550,653
Software		70,530,073	37,687,265
Balance		1,107,396,952	984,353,914

15-1 Goodwill is relating to the acquisition of the following subsidiaries:

	31/12/2021	31/12/2020
EFG- Hermes IFA Financial Brokerage Company		
Kuwait – (KSC)	179,148,550	179,148,550
IDEAVELOPERS – Egypt	1,600,000	1,600,000
EFG- Hermes Jordan	8,639,218	8,639,218
Tanmeyah Micro Enterprise Services S.A.E	365,398,862	365,398,862
EFG - Hermes Pakistan Limited		9,503,738
Frontier Investment Management Partners LTD	325,800,740	325,800,740
Arab Investment Bank *	113,557,873	
Balance	994,145,243	890,091,108
	========	========

* Acquisition of Arab Investment Bank

In November 2021 the company acquired 51% of Arab Investment Bank shares with an acquisition cost amounting to EGP 2,551,048,598

The Company's share in the acquired net assets and liabilities on the date of acquisition amounted to EGP 2,437,490,724. Accordingly the goodwill will represents the difference which amounts to EGP 113,557,873

The following represents the assets and liabilities on the acquisition date:

Description	EGP
Cash and cash equivalents	14,239,302,091
Financial Investment	21,053,414,326
Loans and advances to customers	9,717,070,397
Other assets	1,689,552,626
Fixed assets	337,427,383
Intangible assets	30,498,454

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Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December, 2021 (Continued) (In the notes all amounts are shown in EGP unless otherwise stated)

Deferred tax assets	11,764,631
Due to banks	(1,361,146,504)
Customer deposit	(39,807,407,618)
Creditors and other credit balances	(664,755,704)
Provisions	(200,909,201)
Loans and facilities from bank	(155,334,636)
Current tax liability	(112,047,214)
Total	4,777,429,031
Non- controlling Interest	2,339,938,307
Company's share in the acquired assets	2,437,490,724
Paid in acquisition (Cash Paid)	2,551,048,598
Goodwill	113,557,873

The acquiree's financial statements have been consolidated based on the book value of the identifiable assets and liabilities, the company has a grace period of 12 months ending October 2022 for preparing Purchase Price Allocation (PPA) study to determine the fair value of the identifiable asset and liabilities according to the Egyptian Accounting Standards.

16- Other assets

		31/12/2021	31/12/2020
Deposits with others	(16-1)	57,133,978	38,910,748
Down payments to suppliers		899,769,920	89,543,602
Prepaid expenses		83,360,970	60,270,163
Employees' advances		61,420,556	56,309,877
Accrued revenues		989,851,567	257,587,316
Taxes withheld by others		23,615,895	19,983,975
Payments for investments	(16-2)	1,373,856	1,623,856
Settlement Guarantee Fund		22,898,787	21,480,174
Due from Egypt Gulf Bank- Tanmeyah Clients		17,314,143	23,306,020
Receivables-sale of investments		16,854,902	9,826,622
Securitization surplus		31,045,330	15,331,670
Sundry debtors		393,243,155	48,065,349
Total		2,597,883,059	642,239,372
Deduct: Impairment loss		(36,803,392)	(21,027,052)
Balance		2,561,079,667	621,212,320
		========	========

Translation of consolidated financial statements originally issued in Arabic

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December, 2021 (Continued) (In the notes all amounts are shown in EGP unless otherwise stated)

16-1 Deposits with others include an amount of EGP 15,046,240 in the name of the subsidiaries, Financial Brokerage Group Company and Hermes Securities Brokerage Company which represents blocked deposits for same day trading operations settlement takes place in the Egyptian Stock Exchange. Both companies are not entitled to use these amounts without prior approval from Misr Clearance Company.

16-2 Payments for investments are represented in the following:

	31/12/2021	31/12/2020
AAW Company for Infrastructure	1,348,856	1,348,856
IDEAVELOPERS	25,000	25,000
Paytabs Egypt Solutions		250,000
Balance	1,373,856	1,623,856
	========	========

17- Due to banks and financial institutions

	31/12/2021	31/12/2020
Financial institutions	7,861,707,906	4,242,605,354
Bank overdraft *	8,818,578,082	4,992,861,554
Deposits**	1,008,686,945	
Current account**	47,607,178	
Balance	17,736,580,111	9,235,466,908
	========	=======================================

^{*} Banks overdraft include the credit facilities granted from one of the banks which represents the following:

- During 2021 a pledged governmental bond contract has been signed to obtain a credit facility amounted to EGP 1,057,000,000.
- During 2021 a pledged Treasury bills contract has been signed to obtain a credit facility amounted to EGP 737,000,000.
- ** Related to Arab Investment Bank (aiBank).

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Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December, 2021 (Continued) (In the notes all amounts are shown in EGP unless otherwise stated)

- Customer Deposits		
	31/12/2021	31/12/2020
Call deposits	13,590,506,782	
Term deposits	14,545,755,376	
Saving and deposit certificates	7,881,255,045	
Saving deposits	1,316,791,217	
Other deposits	1,230,428,951	
Balance	38,564,737,371	
Corporate deposits	14,820,936,371	
Individual deposits	23,743,801,000	
Balance	38,564,737,371	
	========	========
Current	19,160,002,371	
Non-current	19,404,735,000	
Balance	38,564,737,371	
	========	========

19- Accounts payable - customers credit balance at fair value through profit and loss

This amount represents payable to customers against the structured notes issued by one of group companies.

Translation of consolidated financial statements originally issued in Arabic

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December, 2021 (Continued) (In the notes all amounts are shown in EGP unless otherwise stated)

20- Short term bonds

- During December 2021 Hermes Securities Brokerage (a subsidiary -100%) issued short-term bonds with a value of EGP 550 million (Third issuance) that are tradable and non-convertible to shares and it's for the period of 12 months at a par value of EGP 100 (one hundred Egyptian pounds only) for the bond to be paid at the end of the period with a fixed rate of 11.15 % that will be paid at the end of the issuance period. And it's non-expedited payment, the bonds proceeds will be used to finance different company activities and pay it's financial obligations.

21- Creditors and other credit balances

	31/12/2021	31/12/2020
Accrued expenses	1,725,048,720	1,324,420,865
Dividends payable (prior years)	297,364,906	212,075,506
Deferred revenues	50,637,002	38,914,452
Suppliers	347,141,373	160,997,015
Clients' coupons - custody activity	12,489,264	11,696,426
Tax authority	68,525,079	25,486,546
Social Insurance Association	18,217,043	16,109,322
Medical takaful insurance tax	12,837,396	9,605,682
Deposits due to others –finance lease contracts *	4,136,184	14,639,821
Sundry creditors	159,334,035	113,811,880
Balance	2,695,731,002	1,927,757,515
	========	========

^{*} Deposits due to others amounted to EGP 4,136,184 as at 31 December 2021 versus EGP 14,639,821 as at 31 December 2020 represents the deposits collected from the lessees of EFG Hermes Corp- Solutions.

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Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December, 2021 (Continued) (In the notes all amounts are shown in EGP unless otherwise stated)

22-	Deferred t	ax assets (lia	bilities)						
	Balance at 1/1/2021	Acquisition of subsidiaries	Recognized in profit or loss	Recogniz in equit	v	Foreign currency lifferences	Net	Deferred tax assets	Deferred tax liabilities
Fixed assets									
depreciation	(10,669,638)	16,964,557	(209,718)			584	6,085,785	6,085,785	
Claims provision Impairment loss	849,159		(1,239,043)			(8,418)	(398,302)		(398,302)
on assets Prior year losses	1,224,794		(44,714)			24	1,180,104	1,180,104	
carried forward Investment at	20,139,137		9,119,971			(17,361)	29,241,747	29,241,747	
fair value Foreign currency	(290,600,467)		923,298	(930,181))		(290,607,350)		(290,607,350)
translation differences	915,018		543,182			(827)	1,457,373	1,457,373	
Revaluation of investment property	1 067 147						1.067.147	1 0/7 147	
Investment in	1,867,147						1,867,147	1,867,147	
Associates		(5,199,926)	(383,043)				(5,582,969)		(5,582,969)
ESOP deferred			7,775,053				7,775,053	7,775,053	
	(276,274,850)	11,764,631	16,484,986	(930,181))	(25,998)	(248,981,412)	47,607,209	(296,588,621)
23-	Provisions					21/	12/2021	21/12/2020	
	Claims prov				(23-1) 372,	12/2021 814,069	31/12/2020 312,567,570	
	Commercia liabilities	ıl bank (aiBan	ık) contingent		(23-1) 56,	117,796		
		pay provision uarantee for c	ontingent liab	oilities	(23-1 (23-1	,	617,198 452,878	213,356,835 41,032,246	
	Balance					690,	001,941	566,956,651	

23-1

	Claims	Severance Pay	Financial guarantee for contingent	Commercial bank	Total
	provision	provision*	liabilities	contingent liabilities	
Balance at the beginning of the year	312,567,570	213,356,835	41,032,246		566,956,651
Formed during the year	64,123,194	19,019,335	5,673,313	13,825,949	102,641,791
Foreign currency differences	(393,499)	(152,812)		(732,000)	(1,278,311)
Amounts used during the year	(106,566,167)	(4,635,084)	(12,252,681)		(123,453,932)
Acquisition of subsidiaries	123,504,897			77,404,304	200,909,201
Actuarial of employees' benefits obligations		(971,076)			(971,076)
No longer needed	(20,421,926)			(34,380,457)	(54,802,383)
Balance at the end of the year	372,814,069	226,617,198	34,452,878	56,117,796	690,001,941

^{*} Related to group entities outside Egypt.

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Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December, 2021 (Continued) (In the notes all amounts are shown in EGP unless otherwise stated)

24- Loans and borrowings

The borrower	Credit	Contract	Maturity		
The borrower	Limit	date	date	31/12/2021	31/12/2020
EFG Hermes Corp-	Limit	date	uaic	31/12/2021	31/12/2020
Solutions *	350 million	16/7/2020	16/7/2027	169,630,189	74,473,883
	150 million	27/2/2020	27/2/2027	43,728,117	77,230,237
,,	500 million	12/12/2019	12/12/2026	412,389,761	464,514,612
,,	400 million	1/4/2020	7/11/2022	315,766,871	354,726,305
,,	1 billion	9/8/2015	9/8/2023	682,796,686	638,994,688
,,	231 million	31/1/2021	31/1/2031	177,724,571	33,305,064
,,	260 million	14/3/2016	14/3/2023	69,696,583	250,074,996
,,	150 million	13/7/2020	13/7/2027	26,822,749	39,618,461
,,	200 million	12/6/2017	12/6/2025	19,209,706	78,310,630
"	100 million	28/11/2016	31/10/2022		39,823,216
,,	653 thousand	18/2/2020	18/2/2025	653,831	1,061,181
,,	450 million	1/3/2020	30/9/2022	397,029,955	375,701,258
,,	250 million	25/2/2020	7/5/2020	114,928,127	195,170,136
,,	200 million	3/6/2020	30/9/2025	81,305,409	129,412,374
,,	1.6 million	24/4/2017	24/4/2023	1,226,987	2,044,979
,,	99.3 million	25/5/2021	25/5/2028	99,346,583	109,383,304
,,	125 million	4/4/2021	4/4/2028	21,052,491	139,283,053
,,	35.3 million	19/10/2017	19/10/2022	7,069,500	14,161,500
,,	20 million	6/5/2021	6/5/2028	8,834,128	22,375,602
,,	225 million	7/2/2018	7/2/2023	97,590,676	140,000,000
,,	500 million	19/5/2020	19/5/2027	164,578,428	140,730,595
,,	600 million	28/8/2018	8/5/2028	357,425,443	296,740,523
,,	500 million	3/5/2020	16/3/2022	260,283,150	98,796,378
,,	100 million	26/11/2020	26/11/2027	66,287,873	2,057,775
Arab Investment bank	10.3 million	13/4/2017	1/8/2023	3,630,198	
,,	25.4 million	13/4/2018	31/7/2023	10,001,430	
EFG – Hermes Pakistan					
Limited	32.9 million	12/5/2017	11/5/2023	32,990,250	36,833,250
,,	39.5 million	29/10/2021	28/10/2024	39,588,300	
Tanmeyah Micro					
Enterprise Services S.A.E	50 million	4/5/2018	3/5/2023	43,633,026	34,358,483
,,	81.3 million	4/11/2019	12/2/2022	27,104,333	54,208,666
Valu	100 million	27/11/2017	12/1/2023	16,120,232	24,340,549
EFG - Hermes Advisory					
Inc.	370 million	18/11/2021	18/5/2022	370,497,531	
EFG Finance Holding	250 million	13/8/2020	13/8/2027	250,000,000	250,000,000
,,	400 million	21/12/2021	21/12/2028	375,175,828	
,,	250 million	30/8/2021	30/8/2028	123,946,345	
EFG Hermes Int. Fin Corp	785.5 million	21/5/2021	21/5/2023	613,004,200	
Lease liabilities**				462,264,389	480,378,836
	Balance			5,963,333,876	4,598,110,534

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Current	2,682,374,853	1,033,616,102
Non-current	3,280,959,023	3,564,494,432
Balance	5,963,333,876	4,598,110,534

- * EFG Hermes Corp Solutions (wholly owned subsidiary), is committed to settle the credit granted by waiving the rental value of the finance lease contracts to the banks within the credit amount.
- ** Lease liabilities include an amount of EGP 239,123,600 in the name of EFG-Hermes Holding and Tanmeyah Micro Enterprise Services S.A.E that represents sale and lease back agreement.

25- Share capital

- The company's authorized capital amounts EGP 6 billion and issued capital amounts EGP 3,843,091,115 distributed on 768,618,223 shares of par value EGP 5 per share which is fully paid.
- The company's General Assembly approved in its session held on May 20, 2021 to increase the company's issued capital from EGP 3,843,091,115 to EGP 4,611,709,340 distributed on 922,341,868 shares with an increase amounting to EGP 768,618,225 by issuing 153,723,645 shares with par value EGP 5 through the issuance of one free share for every five shares. This increase is transferred from the company retained earnings that presented in December 31, 2020 financial statements. The required procedures had been taken to register the increase in the Commercial Register.
- On 28th September 2021, the Company's General Assembly approved the increase in issued capital from EGP 4,611,709,340 to EGP 4,865,353,355 representing an increase of EGP 253,644,015 and distributed on 50,728,803 shares having a par value of EGP 5 per share, The issuance of the capital increase shares were financed from the share premium reserve for the purpose of the Remuneration & Incentive Program of the Employees, Managers & Executive Board Members of the Company and its subsidiaries. The commercial register was updated and the issued shares were allocated under the Remuneration & Incentive Program of the Employees of the Company, and the Beneficiary of the program will be entitled to attend the Ordinary and Extraordinary General Shareholders of the Company and to vote on its resolutions upon the transfer of ownership of the Granted Shares to the Beneficiary..

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26-	Non - controlling interests		
		31/12/2021	31/12/2020
	Share capital	2,618,870,616	173,095,207
	Additional paid-in capital	120,463,104	120,463,104
	Legal reserve	37,775,135	20,012,721
	Other reserves	106,534,088	8,243,820
	Retained (losses)	(243,860,630)	(46,291,160)
	Profit for the year	118,442,252	35,322,916
	Balance	2,758,224,565	310,846,608

27- Contingent liabilities

The holding company guarantees its subsidiary EFG- Hermes UAE LLC against the Letters of Guarantee issued from banks amounting to:

	31/12/2021	31/12/2020
AED	83,670,000	83,670,000
Equivalent to EGP	357,864,957	358,425,546

Group off-financial position items:

Assets under management 71,407,412,524 55,489,735,019

- Securitization and Sukuk transactions

The group has entered into some securitization and Sukuk transactions, the assets and liabilities related to those transactions do not qualify for the recognition criteria under Egyptian accounting standards, accordingly the group has not recognized those assets or liabilities.

The assets and liabilities related to those transactions are represented in:

Client portfolios related to securitization transactions	3,736,460,182
Balances with custodians	650,691,234
Land and Buildings related to Sukuk transactions	2,600,000,000
Total Assets	6,987,151,416
Bonds	3,099,039,305
Sukuk	2,600,000,000
Total liabilities	5,699,039,305

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Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December, 2021 (Continued) (In the notes all amounts are shown in EGP unless otherwise stated)

27- Arab Investment Bank Contingent liabilities are as follows:

A- Capital commitments

Financial investments

The value of commitments related to financial investments for which payments was not requested until the date of the financial position as at 31 December 2021:

	Contribution	Amount	Residual
	amount	paid	amount
	USD	USD	USD
African Export -Import Bank	1,066,000	586,000	480,000

B- Commitments on loans, guarantees and facilities

The bank's commitments on loans and facilities are as follows:

	31 December 2021
	EGP
Letters of guarantees	1,475,265,000
Letters of credit (Export and Import)	12,910,000
Acceptances of supplier facilities	246,364,000
Balance	1,734,539,000

28- Other Revenues

Other revenues includes rental income, and non-recurring income.

29- Impairment loss on assets

	For the year ended		
	31/12/2021	31/12/2020	
Accounts receivables	19,016,764	63,234,718	
Loans and facilities to customers	104,431,821	213,211,453	
Cash and cash equivalents	451,596	918,321	
Other Debit Accounts	15,756,528	16,540,748	
Financial Investment	(1,661,609)	661,330	
Good will and intangible assets	16,034,698	5,921,804	
Investment property		3,384,491	
Total	154,029,798	303,872,865	
	========	=======	

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30-	Income tax expense		
		For the y	ear ended
		31/12/2021	31/12/2020
	Current income tax	(367,271,918)	(164,296,068)
	Deferred tax	16,484,988	(164,750,460)
			
	Total	(350,786,930)	(329,046,528)

31- Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of preparing the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents are represented in the following:

	31/12/2021	31/12/2020
Cash and due from banks	11,355,533,830	7,398,927,352
Bank overdraft	(8,818,578,082)	(4,992,861,554)
Treasury bills less than 90 days	2,177,404,414	37,713,935
Effect of exchange rate		21,918,767
Cash and cash equivalents	4,714,360,162	2,465,698,500
	=========	=========

32- General administrative expenses

	For the year ended			
	31/12/2021	31/12/2020		
Wages , salaries and similar items *	2,787,653,848	2,326,540,381		
Consultancy	179,435,929	136,480,182		
Travel, accommodation and transportation	10,203,324	16,443,710		
Leased line and communication	142,505,592	136,288,932		
Rent and utilities expenses	58,457,373	57,693,419		
Other expenses	489,121,942	535,114,988		
Total	3,667,378,008	3,208,561,612		
	===========	==========		

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Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December, 2021 (Continued) (In the notes all amounts are shown in EGP unless otherwise stated)

* Share-based payments.

The Company introduced an Employees Share Ownership plan (ESOP) in accordance with the shareholder's approval at the extraordinary general assembly meeting by issuing Free shares representing 5.5% of the issued capital of the Company shall be granted to employees, managers and executive board members of the Company and its subsidiaries

The duration of this program is five years starting as of 1 January 2021 till 31 December 2025, the vesting period is 3-4 years starting from 1 January 2021 till 31 December 2024. The beneficiary entitled to shares granted to 4 equal installments.

The equity instruments for share-based payment are recognized at fair value on the grant date and are record in the income statement with a corresponding increase in equity. The value of expenses charged to the income statement during the year amounted EGP 149,646,948.

Equity instruments during the year represents the following:

	For the year ended
	31/12/2021
	No. of Shares
Granted shares during the year	48,504,101
Total at the end of the year	48,504,101

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33- Operating segment

(a) Basis for operating segment

Segment information is presented in respect of the Group's business segments.

The primary format, business segment, is based on the Group's management and internal reporting structure. Inter-segment pricing is determined on an arm's length basis.

Segment results, assets and liabilities include items directly attributable to a segment. The revenue & expense and assets & liabilities analyses in the table below are based on the type of business activities and services that are distinguishable component.

For the year ended December 31, 2021

	Holding &	Brokerage	Asset	Investment	Private	Finance	Leasing	Micro	Consumer	Factoring	Commercial	Adjustments	Total
	Treasury		Management	Banking	Equity	Holding		Finance	Finance		bank (aiBank)		
Interest income	1.430,183,686	452,947,050	328,831	29,419,414	13,314,024	776,584	572,867,261	976,895,160	152,500,384	113,851,162	724,890,739	(51,619,090)	4,416,355,205
Interest Expense	(322,771,524)	(173,834,022)		(7,630,117)	(1,386,507)		(433,438,266)	(264,469,884)	(62,924,119)	(91,810,695)	(503,856,481)	30,807,343	(1,831,314,272)
Net Interest income	1,107,412,162	279,113,028	328,831	21,789,297	11,927,517	776,584	139,428,995	712,425,276	89,576,265	22,040,467	221,034,258	(20,811,747)	2,585,040,933
Fee and commission income		1,248,061,289	620,161,808	467,324,457	94,262,892		46,880,827	686,324,146	177,759,254	35,846,917	38,789,397	(20,360,240)	3,395,050,747
Fees and commission expense	(7,511,446)	(211,150,632)	(94,473,907)	(117,857)	(4,909,016)	(270)	(3,231,483)	(271,043)	(298,618)	(44,006)	(17,446,693)	(4,659,608)	(344,114,579)
Net fees & commission	(7,511,446)	1,036,910,657	525,687,901	467,206,600	89,353,876	(270)	43,649,344	686,053,103	177,460,636	35,802,911	21,342,704	(25,019,848)	3,050,936,168
Securities (loss) gains	(7,973,078)	(2,529,371)									3,200,357		(7,302,092)
Changes in the investments at fair	(50.767.614)	(16 622 407)	39,058		197,392								(76 152 571)
value through profit and loss	(59,767,614)	(16,622,407)	39,038		197,392								(76,153,571)
Dividend income	17,405,866	13,915,801									531,405		31,853,072

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Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December, 2021 (Continued) (In the notes all amounts are shown in EGP unless otherwise stated)

	Holding &	Brokerage	Asset	Investment	Private	Finance	Leasing	Micro	Consumer	Factoring	Commercial	Adjustments	Total
	Treasury		Management	Banking	Equity	Holding		Finance	Finance		bank (aiBank)		
Other Revenues	45,185,833	30,319,687	1,762,801	4,933,170	8,175,964	124,308	31,489,086	28,816,034	35,077,509		49,330,778		235,215,170
Foreign currencies exchange	227,911,778	217,993									6,010,643		234,140,414
differences	227,911,776	217,993								-	0,010,043	-	234,140,414
Gain on selling assets held for							326,756				3,537,651		3,864,407
sale							320,730				3,337,031		3,004,407
Share of loss from equity					(1,004,671)	(13,803,355)					634,657		(14,173,369)
accounted investees					(1,004,071)	(13,003,333)					034,037		(14,173,307)
Total revenues	1,322,663,501	1,341,325,388	527,818,591	493,929,067	108,650,078	(12,902,733)	214,894,181	1,427,294,413	302,114,410	57,843,378	305,622,453	(45,831,595)	6,043,421,132
General administrative expenses	(450,770,991)	(1,139,680,307)	(330,533,066)	(318,421,872)	(132,587,745)	(252,532,367)	(81,482,221)	(705,624,162)	(203,777,676)	(22,895,178)	(120,650,209)	91,577,786	(3,667,378,008)
Financial guarantee provision								(5,673,313)					(5,673,313)
Impairment loss on assets	429,978	(37,776,597)	(1,533,356)		(7,019,771)	184,274	947,437	(4,299,332)	(52,395,049)	(19,114,900)	(35,113,575)	1,661,093	(154,029,798)
Provisions	(33,402,635)	(16,992,834)	(33,760)	(9,060,639)	(124,417)	(14,315,415)		(689,999)	(4,000,000)		(18,348,779)		(96,968,478)
Depreciation and amortization	(31,641,357)	(22,527,156)	(7,904,504)	(331,416)	(235,125)	(13,585,873)	(282,004)	(50,684,065)	(6,209,695)	(1,776,261)	(11,079,771)	(47,407,284)	(193,664,511)
Profit before income tax	807,278,496	124,348,494	187,813,905	166,115,140	(31,316,980)	(293,152,114)	134,077,393	660,323,542	35,731,990	14,057,039	120,430,119		1,925,707,024
Income tax expense	(34,447,859)	(67,727,249)	9,932,394	(5,380,883)	(672,615)	(750,744)	(33,127,365)	(167,294,401)	(2,473,889)	(3,291,096)	(45,553,223)		(350,786,930)
Profit for the year	772,830,637	56,621,245	197,746,299	160,734,257	(31,989,595)	(293,902,858)	100,950,028	493,029,141	33,258,101	10,765,943	74,876,896		1,574,920,094
Total assets	17,408,222,861	19,820,933,665	989,652,555	169,244,240	381,977,570	386,313,371	5,246,966,419	2,932,095,453	1,790,628,843	1,915,379,272	45,553,314,595		96,594,728,844
Total liabilities	11,034,826,206	17,016,273,221	257,478,546	257,892,982	347,652,343	49,043,360	4,460,435,995	2,203,414,533	1,565,267,915	1,668,854,173	40,427,299,594		79,288,438,869

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For the year ended December 31, 2020

	Holding &	Brokerage	Asset	Investment	Private	Finance	Leasing	Micro	Consumer	Factoring	Adjustments	Total
	Treasury		Management	Banking	Equity	Holding		Finance	Finance			
Interest income	1.058,413,820	362,883,228	606,176	16,042,219	24,308,668	7,018,549	462,692,891	860,428,603	82,595,146	48,684,740	(29,134,785)	2,894,539,255
Interest Expense	(206,307,069)	(171,191,911)		(5,194,371)	(1,791,368)	(5,513,331)	(308,708,192)	(323,474,186)	(25,788,230)	(38,530,363)	8,609,571	(1,077,889,450)
Net Interest income	852,106,751	191,691,317	606,176	10,847,848	22,517,300	1,505,218	153,984,699	536,954,417	56,806,916	10,154,377	(20,525,214)	1,816,649,805
Fee and commission income		1,038,138,618	413,076,406	225,434,763	444,171,336		31,034,961	536,274,421	54,588,689	16,817,209	(16,967,972)	2,742,568,431
Fees and commission expense	(19,526,542)	(201,095,082)	(51,119,817)	(36,091)			(278,954)	(293,630)	(20,370)	(285,214)	1,046,325	(271,609,375)
Net fees & commission	(19,526,542)	837,043,536	361,956,589	225,398,672	444,171,336		30,756,007	535,980,791	54,568,319	16,531,995	(15,921,647)	2,470,959,056
Securities gains (losses)	403,312,836	(31,467,136)			(87,675)							371,758,025
Changes in the investments at fair												
value through profit and loss	575,158,504	1,231,882			29,747							576,420,133
Dividend income	26,452,666	13,091,008										39,543,674
Other Revenues	97,286,213	19,876,391	465,140	752,079	1,671,500		1,253,632	18,791,741		(1,520)		140,095,176
Foreign currencies exchange												
differences	(22,881,563)	7,611,497									(12,431)	(15,282,497)
Share of loss from equity												
accounted investees						(4,237,980)						(4,237,980)
Total revenues	1,911,908,865	1,039,078,495	363,027,905	236,998,599	468,302,208	(2,732,762)	185,994,338	1,091,726,949	111,375,235	26,684,852	(36,459,292)	5,395,905,392

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December, 2021 (Continued) (In the notes all amounts are shown in EGP unless otherwise stated)

	Holding &	Brokerage	Asset	Investment	Private	Finance	Leasing	Micro	Consumer	Factoring	Adjustments	Total
	Treasury		Management	Banking	Equity	Holding		Finance	Finance			
General administrative expenses	(566,730,277)	(1,037,057,937)	(283,916,189)	(203,031,511)	(140,864,776)	(335,999,310)	(70,354,221)	(547,261,716)	(85,940,886)	(17,251,890)	79,847,101	(3,208,561,612)
Financial guarantee provision								(10,079,751)				(10,079,751)
Impairment loss on assets	(1,040,320)	(8,234,477)	175,756		(61,092,982)	(445,852)	(42,399,645)	(172,473,964)	(9,608,649)	(2,876,253)	(5,876,479)	(303,872,865)
Provisions	(2,123,004)	(28,104,268)	(466,968)	(933,940)		(909,859)		20,764			42,208	(32,475,067)
Depreciation and amortization	(32,690,766)	(19,464,405)	(10,183,876)	(306,428)	(322,262)	(14,032,362)	(210,462)	(47,078,648)	(7,545,886)	(1,754,891)	(37,553,538)	(171,143,524)
Profit before income tax	1,309,324,498	(53,782,592)	68,636,628	32,726,720	266,022,188	(354,120,145)	73,030,010	314,853,634	8,279,814	4,801,818		1,669,772,573
Income tax expense	(164,821,056)	(16,482,044)	5,706,662	(3,673,562)	(44,649,431)	(8,318)	(13,132,096)	(89,794,554)		(2,192,129)		(329,046,528)
Profit for the year	1,144,503,442	(70,264,636)	74,343,290	29,053,158	221,372,757	(354,128,463)	59,897,914	225,059,080	8,279,814	2,609,689		1,340,726,045
Total assets	14,628,517,554	13,181,726,754	742,421,729	270,255,259	639,029,765	143,307,648	4,799,083,360	2,846,786,533	709,545,694	780,335,353		38,741,009,651
Total liabilities	6,115,050,030	10,433,280,591	197,289,623	166,885,157	418,102,458	33,406,928	4,125,767,975	2,173,395,002	466,958,499	672,930,203		24,803,066,466

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(b) Geographical segments

- The Group operates in three main geographical areas: Egypt, GCC and Lebanon. In presenting the geographic information, segment revenue has been based on the geographical location of operation and the segment assets were based on the geographical location of the assets. The group's operations are reported under geographical segments, reflecting their respective size of operation.
- The revenue analysis in the tables below is based on the location of the operating company, which is the same as the location of the major customers and the location of the operating companies.

		December 3	31, 2021		
	Egypt	GCC	Lebanon	Other	Total
Total revenues	4,638,884,790	1,230,795,863		173,740,479	6,043,421,132
Segment assets	80,659,376,773	15,427,005,155		508,346,916	96,594,728,844
		December 3	31, 2020		
	Egypt	GCC	Lebanon	Other	Total
Total revenues	4,492,363,764	764,899,614		138,642,014	5,395,905,392
Segment assets	28,170,967,092	10,093,748,380	1,354,003	474,940,176	38,741,009,651

34- Tax status (the holding company)

- As to Income Tax, the years till 2019 the competent Tax Inspectorate inspected the parent company's books and all the disputed points have been settled with the Internal Committee. And as to year 2020, have not been inspected yet.
- As to Salaries Tax, the parent company's books had been examined till 2019 and all the disputed points have been settled with the Internal committee and as to year 2020/2021 have not been inspected yet.
- As to Stamp Tax, the parent company's books had been examined from year 1998 till 2018 and all the disputed points have been settled with the competent Tax Inspectorate and as to years 2019/2021 have not been inspected yet.
- As to Property Tax, for Smart Village building the company paid tax till December 31,2021 and for Nile City building the company paid tax till December 31,2021.

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35- Corresponding figures

Certain reclassification and adjustments have been made to some comparative figures in order to confirm with the current period presentation as following:

	(As reported) for the		(Restated) for the
	year ended	Reclassifications	year ended
	31/12/2020		31/12/2020
	EGP	EGP	EGP
Income Statement			
Interest Income	2,207,704,690	686,834,565	2,894,539,255
Interest Expense	1,102,679,260	(24,789,810)	1,077,889,450
Fees and commission income	2,922,038,065	(179,469,634)	2,742,568,431
Fees and commission expense	237,680,811	33,928,564	271,609,375
Revenues from leasing activities	490,547,721	(490,547,721)	
Other revenues	156,912,385	(16,817,209)	140,095,176
General & Administrative expense	3,217,700,365	(9,138,753)	3,208,561,612

36-Group's entities

The parent company owns the following subsidiaries:

	Direct ownership	Indirect ownership
	%	%
Financial Brokerage Group	99.87	0.09
Egyptian Fund Management Group	88.51	11.49
Hermes Portfolio and Fund Management	78.81	21.19
Hermes Securities Brokerage	97.58	2.42
Hermes Corporate Finance	99.42	0.48
EFG - Hermes Advisory Inc.	100	
EFG- Hermes Financial Management (Egypt) Ltd.		100
EFG - Hermes Promoting & Underwriting	99.88	
Bayonne Enterprises Ltd.	100	
EFG- Hermes Fixed Income	99	1
EFG- Hermes Management	96.3	3.7
EFG- Hermes Private Equity	1.59	63.41
EFG- Hermes UAE LLC.		100
Flemming CIIC Holding	100	
Flemming Mansour Securities		99.33
Flemming CIIC Securities		96
Flemming CIIC Corporate Finance		74.92
EFG- Hermes UAE Ltd.	100	
0.1		

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Г	Direct ownership	Indirect ownership
	%	%
EFG- Hermes Holding - Lebanon	99	
EFG- Hermes KSA	73.3	26.7
EFG- Hermes Lebanon	99	0.97
Mena Opportunities Management Limited		95
Mena (BVI) Holding Ltd.		95
EFG - Hermes Mena Securities Ltd.		100
Middle East North Africa Financial Investments W.I EFG- Hermes Oman LLC		100 51
EFG- Hermes Oman LLC EFG- Hermes Regional Investment Ltd.	100	31
Offset Holding KSC **	100	50
EFG- Hermes IFA Financial Brokerage		63.084
IDEAVELOPERS		52
EFG- Hermes CB Holding Limited		100
EFG- Hermes Global CB Holding Limited	100	
EFG - Hermes Syria LLC *	49	20.37
Sindyan Syria LLC *	97	
Talas & Co. LLP *		97
EFG - Hermes Jordan	100	
Mena Long-Term Value Feeder Holdings Ltd. **		50
Mena Long-Term Value Master Holdings Ltd. **		45
Mena Long-Term Value Management Ltd. **		45
EFG - Hermes CL Holding SAL		100
EFG-Hermes IB Limited	100	
Financial Group for Securitization	100	
Beaufort Investments Company		100
EFG Hermes-Direct Investment Fund	64	
Tanmeyah Micro Enterprise Services S.A.E		100
EFG – Hermes Frontier Holdings LLC	100	
EFG – Hermes USA	100	
EFG Capital Partners III		65
Health Management Company		52.5
EFG – Hermes Kenya Ltd.		100
EFG Finance Holding	99.82	0.18
EFG - Hermes Pakistan Limited		51
EFG - Hermes UK Limited		100

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	Direct ownership	Indirect ownership
	%	mun'ect ownership %
OLT Lord and Lord and Company (D. C. C.)		/0
OLT Investment International Company (B.S.C)	99.9	
Frontier Investment Management Partners LTD **		50
EFG-Hermes SP limited		100
Valu		100
EFG Hermes Corp-Solutions		100
Beaufort Asset Managers LTD		100
EFG Hermes Bangladesh Limited		100
EFG Hermes FI Limited		100
EFG Hermes Securitization		100
EFG Hermes PE Holding LLC	100	
Etkan for Inquiry and Collection and Business Prod	cesses 0.002	95.196
RX Healthcare Management		52.5
FIM Partners KSA **		50
Egypt Education Fund GP Limited		80
EFG Hermes Nigeria Limited		100
EFG-Hermes Int. Fin Corp	100	
FIM Partners UK Ltd		50
EFG Hermes Sukuk	90	10
Beaufort Holding LTD.		100
Beaufort Management LTD.		100
Vortex IV GP LTD.		100
Beaufort SLP Holding		100
Beaufort Private Investment Holding LTD.		100
Frontier Disruption Capital		50
Arab Investment Bank	51	
EFG VA Holdco Limited		100
EFG VA Investco Limited		100

- * Due to the political situation in Syria, the Group lost its control on the Syrian entities. In 2016, the Group deconsolidated the Syrian companies and changed them to a fully impaired investments at fair value through OCI.
- ** The Holding Company has the power to govern the financial and operating policies of the mentioned companies then the investees Companies is classified as investments in subsidiaries.

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Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December, 2021 (Continued) (In the notes all amounts are shown in EGP unless otherwise stated)

37- Financial instruments and management of related risks:

The Company's financial instruments are represented in the financial assets and liabilities. Financial assets include cash balances with banks, investments and debtors while financial liabilities include loans and creditors. Notes to financial statements includes significant accounting policies applied regarding basis of recognition and measurement of the important financial instruments and related revenues and expenses by the company to minimize the consequences of such risks.

37-1 Market risk

Market risk is defined as the potential loss in both on and off financial position resulting from movements in market risk factors such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates, and equity prices.

Market risk is represented in the factors which affect values, earnings and profits of all securities negotiated in stock exchange or affect the value, earning and profit of a particular security.

According to the company's investment policy, the following procedures are undertaken to reduce the effect of this risk.

- Performing the necessary studies before investment decision in order to verify that investment is made in potential securities.
- Diversification of investments in different sectors and industries.
- Performing continuous studies required to follow up the company's investments and their development.

37-2 Foreign currencies risk

- The foreign currencies exchange risk represents the risk of fluctuation in exchange rates, which in turn affects the company's cash inflows and outflows as well as the value of its assets and liabilities in foreign currencies.
- The company has revaluate assets and liabilities at the financial position date as disclosed in foreign currency accounting policy.

37-3 Risk management

In the ordinary course of business, the Group is exposed to a variety of risks, the most important of which are liquidity risk, interest rate risk, currency risk, credit risk and market risk. These risks are identified, measured and monitored through various control mechanisms in order to price facilities and products on a risk adjusted basis and to prevent undue risk concentrations.

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Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December, 2021 (Continued) (In the notes all amounts are shown in EGP unless otherwise stated)

The independent risk control process does not include business risks such as changes in the environment, technology and industry. They are monitored through the Group's strategic planning process.

37-4 Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of a person or an organization defaulting in the repayment of their obligations to the Group in respect of the terms and conditions of the credit facilities granted to them by the Group. The management minimizes this risk by spreading its loan portfolio overall economic sectors and by adopting appropriate procedures and controls to evaluate the quality of the credit facilities granted and the creditworthiness of the borrowers. The credit risk of connected accounts is monitored on a united basis. In addition, the effective credit appraisal procedure for examining applications for credit facilities followed by the Group, adopts as the main criteria the repayment capability and obtaining sufficient collateral. The continuous monitoring of credit accounts and the timely preventive action further minimize, to a large extent, the exposure to credit risk.

37-5 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will be unable to meet its payment obligations when they fall due under normal and stress circumstances. To limit this risk, management has arranged diversified funding sources in addition to its core deposit base, manages assets with liquidity in mind and monitors future cash flows and liquidity on daily basis. This incorporates an assessment of expected cash flows and the availability of high grade collateral which could be used to secure additional funding if required.

The Group maintains a portfolio of high marketable and diverse assets that can be easily liquidated in the event of an unforeseen interpretation of cash flow. In addition, the Group maintains statutory deposits with the Central Banks.

The liquidity position is assessed and managed under a variety of scenarios, giving due consideration to stress factors relating to both the market in general and to the Group in specific. The Group maintains a solid ratio of high liquid net assets in foreign currencies to deposits and commitments in foreign currencies taking markets conditions into consideration.

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Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December, 2021 (Continued) (In the notes all amounts are shown in EGP unless otherwise stated)

37-6 Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk stems from the sensitivity of earnings to future movements in interest rates applied on assets and liabilities.

The Group's management closely monitors interest rate fluctuations on a continuous basis and ensures that assets and liabilities are matched and repriced in a timely manner. The Group is exposed to interest rate risk as a result of mismatches or gaps in the amounts of assets and liabilities that mature or are re-priced in a given period. The most important source of interest rate risk derives from the lending, funding and investing activities, where fluctuations in interest rates are reflected in interest margins and earnings.

37-7 Equity price risk

Equity price risk is the risk that the value of a portfolio will fall as a result of change in stock prices. Risk factors underlying this type of market risk are a whole range of various equity (and index) prices corresponding to different markets (and currencies/maturities), in which the Group holds equity-related positions.

The Group sets tight limits on equity exposures and the types of equity instruments that traders are allowed to take positions in. Nevertheless, depending on the complexity of financial instruments, equity risk is measured in first cash terms, such as the market value of a stock/index position, and also in price sensitivities, such as sensitivity of the value of a portfolio to changes in the underlying asset price. These measures are applied to an individual position and/or a portfolio of equity products.

37-8 Operational risk

Operational risk is the risk of direct or indirect loss due to an event or action causing failure of technology, process infrastructure, personnel, and other risks having an operational risk impact. The Group seeks to minimize actual or potential losses from operational risk failure through a framework of policies and procedures that identify, assess, control, manage, and report those risks. Controls include effective segregation of duties, access, authorization and reconciliation procedures, staff education and assessment processes.

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37-9 Fair value of financial instruments

The fair value of the financial instruments does not substantially deviated from its book value at the financial position date. According to the valuation basis applied, in accounting policies to the assets and liabilities.

37-10 Derivative financial instruments and hedge accounting

- Derivatives are initially recognized at fair value on the date on which a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently re-measured at their fair value, according to the valuation basis applied, in accounting policies to derivative financial instruments.
 - In accordance with an arrangement between the subsidiary, EFG-Hermes Mena Securities Limited Co. and its customers ("the customers"), the Company from time to time enters into fully paid Shares Swap Transaction Contracts ("the contracts") with the customers. Under the contracts the customers pay to the Company a pre-determined price, which is essentially the market price at the trade date, in respect of certain reference securities. In return for such shares swap transactions the Company pays to the customers the mark to market price of the reference securities at a pre-determined date (normally after one year). However, the contracts can be terminated at any time by either of the parties, which shall be the affected party. In order to hedge the price risks with respect to the reference securities under the contracts, the Company enters into back-to-back fully paid Share Swap Transaction Contracts with other subsidiaries, MENA Financial Investments W.L.L. ("MENA-F") and EFG-Hermes KSA. Accordingly, the Share Swap Transactions are measured at fair value based on underlying reference securities under the contracts.

38-Significant events

With the outbreak of COVID-19 pandemic all over the world, the year 2020 witnesses a slowdown in the economic activities till date. Accordingly, the company's management has formed a taskforce to develop and implement the emergency plan to face these exceptional circumstances. Several measures have been taken, including a plan to split the employee workforce whereby 50% of the employees will work from the office, while the remaining 50% will work remotely from home. The management is closely monitoring the situation to ensure the safety of the company's employees.

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39-Significant accounting policies applied

39-1-Basis of consolidation

39-1-1 Business combination

- The Group accounts for business combinations using the acquisition method when control is transferred to the Group.
- The consideration transferred in the acquisition is generally measured at fair value, as are the identifiable net assets acquired.
- Any goodwill that arises is tested annually for impairment, any gain on a bargain purchase is recognized immediately in profit or loss.
- Transaction costs are expensed as incurred, except if related to the issue of debt or equity securities.
- The consideration transferred doesn't include amounts related to the settlement of pre-existing relationships. Such amounts are generally recognized in profit or loss.
- Any contingent consideration is measured at fair value at the date of acquisition. If an obligation to pay contingent consideration that meets the definition of a financial instrument is classified as equity, then it is not re measured and settlement is accounted for within equity. Otherwise, other contingent consideration is re measured at fair value at each reporting date and subsequent changes in the fair value of the contingent consideration are recognized in profit or loss.

39-1-2 Subsidiaries

- Subsidiaries are entities controlled by the Group.
- The Group controls an entity when it is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity.
- The financial statements of subsidiaries are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date on which control commences until the date on which control ceases.

39-1-3 Non-controlling interests

NCI are measured at their proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets at the date of acquisition. Changes in the Group's interest in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions.

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39-1-4 Loss of control

When the Group loses control over a subsidiary, it derecognises the assets and liabilities of the subsidiary, and any related NCI and other components of equity. Any resulting gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss. Any interest retained in the former subsidiary is measured at fair value when control is lost.

39-1-5 Interests in equity-accounted investees

The Group's interests in equity-accounted investees comprise interests in associates and a joint venture. Associates are those entities in which the Group has significant influence, but not control or joint control, over the financial and operating policies. A joint venture is an arrangement in which the Group has joint control, where by the Group has rights to the net assets of the arrangement. Rather than rights to its assets and obligations for its liabilities.

Interests in associates and the joint venture are accounted for using the equity method. They are initially recognized at cost, which includes transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, the consolidated financial statements include the Group's share of the profit or loss and OCI of equity accounted investees, until the date on which significant influence or joint control ceases.

39-1-6 Transactions eliminated on consolidation

Intra-group balances and transactions, and any unrealised income and expenses arising fromintra-group transactions, are eliminated. Unrealised gains arising from transactions with equity accounted investees are eliminated against the investment to the extent of the Group's interest in the investee. Unrealised losses are eliminated in the same way as unrealised gains, but only to the extent that there is no evidence of impairment.

39-2 Foreign currency

39-2-1 Foreign currency transactions

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into the respective functional currencies of Group companies at the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

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Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into the functional currency at the exchange rate at the reporting date. Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated into the functional currency at the exchange rate when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured based on historical cost in a foreign currency are translated at the exchange rate at the date of the transaction. Foreign currency differences are generally recognised in profit or loss and presented within finance costs.

However, foreign currency differences arising from the translation of the following items are recognised in OCI:

- An investment in equity securities designated as at FVOCI (except on impairment, in which case foreign currency differences that have been recognised in OCI are reclassified to profit or loss);
- A financial liability designated as a hedge of the net investment in a foreign operation to the extent that the hedge is effective and
- Qualifying cash flow hedges to the extent that the hedges are effective.

39-2-2 Foreign operations

The assets and liabilities of foreign operations, including goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on acquisition, are translated at the exchange rates at the reporting date. The income and expenses of foreign operations are translated at the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

Foreign currency differences are recognized in OCI and accumulated in the translation reserve, except to the extent that the translation difference is allocated to NCI.

When a foreign operation is disposed of in its entirety or partially such that control, significant influence or joint control is lost, the cumulative amount in the translation reserve related to that foreign operation is reclassified to profit or loss as part of the gain or loss on disposal. If the Group disposes of part of its interest in a subsidiary but retains control, then the relevant proportion of the cumulative amount is reattributed to NCI. When the Group disposes of only part of an associate or joint venture while retaining significant influence or joint control, the relevant proportion of the cumulative amount is reclassified to profit or loss.

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39-3 Discontinued operation

A discontinued operation is a component of the Group's business, the operations and cash flows of which can be clearly distinguished from the rest of the Group.

Classification as a discontinued operation occurs at the earlier of disposal or when the operation meets the criteria to be classified as held-for-sale.

When an operation is classified as a discontinued operation, the comparative statement of profit or loss and OCI is re-presented as if the operation had been discontinued from the start of the comparative period.

39-4 Revenue

39-4-1 Gain (loss) on sale of investments

Gain (loss) resulting from sale of investments are recognized on transaction date and measured by the difference between cost and selling price less selling commission and expenses. In case of derecognizing of investments in associates, the difference between the carrying amount and the sum of both the consideration received and cumulative gain or loss that had been recognized in shareholders' equity shall be recognized in income statement.

39-4-2 Dividend income

Dividend income is recognized when declared.

39-4-3 Custody fee

Custody fees are recognized when the service is provided and the invoice is issued.

39-4-4 Interest income and expenses

Interest income and expenses are recognized in the income statement under "Interest income" item or "Interest expenses" by using the effective interest rate method of all instruments bearing interest other than those classified held for trading or which have been classified at inception "fair value through income statement".

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39-4-5 Fee and commission income

Fee related to servicing the loan or facility are recognized in income when performing the service while the fees and commissions related to non-performing or impaired loans are not recognized, instead, they are to be recorded in marginal records off the financial position. Then they are recognized within the income pursuant to the cash basis when the interest income is collected. As for fees which represent an integral part of the actual return on the financial assets, they are treated as an amendment to the rate of actual return.

39-4-6 Brokerage commission

Brokerage commission resulting from purchase of and sale of securities operations in favor of clients are recorded when operation is implemented and the invoice is issued.

39-4-7 Management fee

Management fee is calculated as determined by the management contract of each investment fund & portfolio and recorded on accrual basis.

39-4-8 Incentive fee

Incentive fee is calculated based on certain percentages of the annual return realized by the fund and portfolio, however these incentive fee will not be recognized until revenue realization conditions are satisfied and there is adequate assurance of collection.

39-4-9 Investment property rental income

Rental income from investment property is recognized as revenue on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. Lease incentives granted are recognized as an integral part of the total rental income, over the term of the lease. Rental income from other property is recognized as other income.

39-4-10 Revenue from micro-finance services

 Revenue from micro-finance services is recognized based on time proportion taking into consideration the rate of return on asset.
 Revenue yield is recognized in the income statement using the

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effective interest method for all financial instruments that carry a yield, the effective interest method is the method of measuring the amortized cost of a financial asset and distributing the revenue over the life of time the relevant instrument. The effective interest rate is the rate that discounts estimated future cash receipts during the expected life of the financial instrument to reach the book value of the financial asset.

- When classifying loans to customers as irregular, no income is recognized on its return and it is recognized in marginal records outside the financial statements and are recognized as revenue in accordance with the cash basis when it is collected.
- The commission income is represented in the value of the difference between the yield of the financing granted microenterprises and the accruals of the company's bank by deducting the services provided directly from the amounts collected from the entrepreneurs.
- The benefits and commissions resulting from the performance of the service are recognized, according to the accrual basis as soon as the service is provided to the client unless those revenues cover more of the financial period are recognized on a time proportion basis.
- An administrative commission of 8% of the loan granted to customers is collected on contracting in exchange for the issuance of the loan service and administrative commission revenue are proven in the income statement upon the issuance of the loan to the client.
- A commission delay in payments of premiums is collected at rates agreed upon within the contracts and are recognized as soon as customers delayed payment on the basis of the extended delay.

39-4-11 Gains from securitization

Gains from securitization is measured as the difference between the fair value of the consideration received or is still due to the company at the end of securitization process and the carrying amount of the securitization portfolios in the company's books on the date of the transfer agreement.

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39-5 Income tax

Income tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. It is recognized in profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to a business combination, or items recognized directly in equity or in OCI.

39-5-1 Current tax

Current tax comprises the expected tax payable or receivable on the taxable income or loss for the year and any adjustment to the tax payable or receivable in respect of previous years. The amount of current tax payable or receivable is the best estimate of the tax amount expected to be paid or received that reflects uncertainty related to income taxes, if any. It is measured using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date. Current tax also includes any tax arising from dividends.

Current tax assets and liabilities are offset only if certain criteria are met.

39-5-2 Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognized in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes.

Deferred tax is not recognized for:

- Temporary differences on the initial recognition of assets or liabilities in a transaction that is not a business combination and that affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss;
- Temporary differences related to investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint arrangements to the extent that the Group is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that they will not reverse in the foreseeable future.
- Taxable temporary differences arising on the initial recognition of goodwill.

Deferred tax assets are recognized for unused tax losses, unused tax credits and deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be used. Future taxable profits are determined based on business plans for individual subsidiaries in the Group. Deferred tax assets are

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reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized; such reductions are reversed when the probability of future taxable profits improves.

Unrecognized deferred tax assets are reassessed at each reporting date and recognized to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be used.

Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to be applied to temporary differences when they reverse, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

The measurement of deferred tax reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the reporting date, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities. For this purpose, the carrying amount of investment property measured at fair value is presumed to be recovered through sale, and the Group has not rebutted this presumption.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset only if certain criteria are met.

39-6 Property, plant and equipment

39-6-1 Recognition and measurement

Items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. The cost of certain items of property, plant and equipment. If significant parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, then they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment. Any gain or loss on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognized in profit or loss.

39-6-2 Subsequent expenditure

Subsequent expenditure is capitalised only if it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the Group.

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39-6-3 Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated to write off the cost of items of property, plant and equipment less their estimated residual values using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives, and is generally recognized in profit or loss. Leased assets are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives unless it is reasonably certain that the Group will obtain ownership by the end of the lease term. Land is not depreciated. The estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment for current and comparative periods are as follows:

	Estimated useful life
- Buildings	33.3 - 50 years
- Office furniture, equipment &	
electrical appliances	2-16.67 years
- Computer equipment	3.33 - 5 years
- Transportation means	3.33 - 8 years

Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted if appropriate.

39-6-4 Reclassification to investment property

When the use of a property changes from owner-occupied to investment property.

39-7 Projects under construction

Projects under construction are recognized initially at cost, the book value is amended by any impairment concerning the value of these projects cost includes all expenditures directly attributable to bringing the asset to a working condition for its intended use. Property and equipment under construction are transferred to property and equipment caption when they are completed and are ready for their intended use.

39-8 Intangible assets and goodwill

- Goodwill

Goodwill arising on the acquisition of subsidiaries is measured at cost less accumulated impairment losses.

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- Research and development

Expenditure on research activities is recognized in profit or loss as incurred. Development expenditure is capitalised only if the expenditure can be measured reliably, the product or process is technically and commercially feasible, future economic benefits are probable and the Group intends to and has sufficient resources to complete development and to use or sell the asset. Otherwise, it is recognized in profit or loss as incurred. Subsequent to initial recognition, development expenditure is measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

- Other intangible assets

Other intangible assets, are measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

39-9 Investment property

Investment property is measured at cost on initial recognition.

Subsequent to initial recognition investment property is measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment loss, if any. Investment property is depreciated on a straight line basis over is useful life. The estimated useful life of investment property is 33 years.

39-10 Assets held for sale

Non-current assets, or disposal groups comprising assets and liabilities, are classified as held-for-sale if it is highly probable that they will be recovered primarily through sale rather than through continuing use.

Such assets, or disposal groups, are generally measured at the lower of their carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell. Any impairment loss on a disposal group is allocated first to goodwill, and then to the remaining assets and liabilities on a pro rata basis, except that no loss is allocated to inventories, financial assets, deferred tax assets, employee benefit assets, investment property or biological assets, which continue to be measured in accordance with the Group's other accounting policies. Impairment losses on initial classification as held-for-sale or held-for distribution and subsequent gains and losses on remeasurement are recognised in profit or loss.

Once classified as held-for-sale, intangible assets and property, plant and equipment are no longer amortised or depreciated, and any equity-accounted investee is no longer equity accounted.

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39-11 Financial instruments

39-11-1 Recognition and initial measurement

Trade receivables and debt securities issued are initially recognised when they are originated. All other financial assets and financial liabilities are initially recognised when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

A financial asset (unless it is a trade receivable without a significant financing component) or financial liability is initially measured at fair value plus, for an item not at FVTPL, transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition or issue. A trade receivable without a significant financing component is initially measured at the transaction price.

39-11-2 Classification and subsequent measurement

Financial assets

On initial recognition, a financial asset is classified as measured at: amortised cost; FVOCI – debt investment; FVOCI – equity investment; or FVTPL.

Financial assets are not reclassified subsequent to their initial recognition unless the Group changes its business model for managing financial assets, in which case all affected financial assets are reclassified on the first day of the first reporting period following the change in the business model.

A financial asset is measured at amortised cost if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVTPL:

- it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows; and
- its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

A debt investment is measured at FVOCI if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVTPL:

- it is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets; and

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 its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

On initial recognition of an equity investment that is not held for trading, the Group may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in the investment's fair value in OCI. This election is made on an instrument-by-instrument basis.

All financial assets not classified as measured at amortised cost or FVOCI as described above are measured at FVTPL. This includes all derivative financial assets. On initial recognition, the Group may irrevocably designate a financial asset that otherwise meets the requirements to be measured at amortised cost or at FVOCI as at FVTPL if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch that would otherwise arise.

39-11-3 Financial assets – Business model assessment

The Group makes an assessment of the objective of the business model in which a financial asset is held at a portfolio level because this best reflects the way the business is managed and information is provided to management. The information considered includes:

- The stated policies and objectives for the portfolio and the operation of those policies in practice. These include whether management's strategy focuses on earning contractual interest income, maintaining a particular interest rate profile, matching the duration of the financial assets to the duration of any related liabilities or expected cash outflows or realizing cash flows through the sale of the assets;
- How the performance of the portfolio is evaluated and reported to the Group's management;
- The risks that affect the performance of the business model (and the financial assets held within that business model) and how those risks are managed;
- How managers of the business are compensated e.g. whether compensation is based on the fair value of the assets managed or the contractual cash flows collected; and

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 The frequency, volume and timing of sales of financial assets in prior periods, the reasons for such sales and expectations about future sales activity.

Transfers of financial assets to third parties in transactions that do not qualify for derecognition are not considered sales for this purpose, consistent with the Group's continuing recognition of the assets.

Financial assets that are held for trading or are managed and whose performance is evaluated on a fair value basis are measured at FVTPL.

39-11-4 Financial assets – Assessment whether contractual cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest

For the purposes of this assessment, 'principal' is defined as the fair value of the financial asset on initial recognition. 'Interest' is defined as consideration for the time value of money and for the credit risk associated with the principal amount outstanding during a particular period of time and for other basic lending risks and costs (e.g. liquidity risk and administrative costs), as well as a profit margin.

In assessing whether the contractual cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest, the Group considers the contractual terms of the instrument. This includes assessing whether the financial asset contains a contractual term that could change the timing or amount of contractual cash flows such that it would not meet this condition. In making this assessment, the Group considers:

- Contingent events that would change the amount or timing of cash flows;
- terms that may adjust the contractual coupon rate, including variable-rate features;
- Prepayment and extension features; and
- Terms that limit the Group's claim to cash flows from specified assets (e.g. non-recourse features).

A prepayment feature is consistent with the solely payments of principal and interest criterion if the prepayment amount substantially represents unpaid amounts of principal and interest

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on the principal amount outstanding, which may include reasonable compensation for early termination of the contract. Additionally, for a financial asset acquired at a discount or premium to its contractual par amount, a feature that permits or requires prepayment at an amount that substantially represents the contractual par amount plus accrued (but unpaid) contractual interest (which may also include reasonable compensation for early termination) is treated as consistent with this criterion if the fair value of the prepayment feature is insignificant at initial recognition.

39-11-5 Financial assets – Subsequent measurement and gains and losses

Financial assets at

FVTPL

These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Net gains and losses, including any interest or dividend income, are recognised in profit or loss.

Financial assets at amortised cost These assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. The amortised cost is reduced by impairment losses. Interest income, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognised in profit or loss. Any gain or loss on derecognition is recognised in profit or loss.

Debt investments at FVOCI These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Interest income calculated using the effective interest method, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognised in profit or loss. Other net gains and losses are recognised in OCI. On derecognition, gains and losses accumulated in OCI are reclassified to profit or loss.

Equity investments at FVOCI

These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Dividends are recognised as income in profit or loss unless the dividend clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investment. Other net gains and losses are recognised in OCI and are never reclassified to profit or loss.

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39-11-6 Financial liabilities – Classification, subsequent measurement and gains and losses

Financial liabilities are classified as measured at amortised cost or FVTPL. A financial liability is classified as at FVTPL if it is classified as held-for-trading, it is a derivative or it is designated as such on initial recognition. Financial liabilities at FVTPL are measured at fair value and net gains and losses, including any interest expense, are recognised in profit or loss. Other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense and foreign exchange gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss. Any gain or loss on derecognition is also recognised in profit or loss.

39-11-7 Derecognition

Financial assets

The Group derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows in a transaction in which substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred or in which the Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership and it does not retain control of the financial asset.

The Group enters into transactions whereby it transfers assets recognised in its statement of financial position, but retains either all or substantially all of the risks and rewards of the transferred assets. In these cases, the transferred assets are not derecognised.

Financial liabilities

The Group derecognises a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged or cancelled, or expire. The Group also derecognises a financial liability when its terms are modified and the cash flows of the modified liability are substantially different, in which case a new financial liability based on the modified terms is recognised at fair value.

On derecognition of a financial liability, the difference between the carrying amount extinguished and the consideration paid (including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed) is recognised in profit or loss.

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39-11-8 Offsetting

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the statement of financial position when, and only when, the Group currently has a legally enforceable right to set off the amounts and it intends either to settle them on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

39-11-9 Derivative financial instruments and hedge accounting

The Group holds derivative financial instruments to hedge its foreign currency and interest rate risk exposures. Embedded derivatives are separated from the host contract and accounted for separately if the host contract is not a financial asset and certain criteria are met.

Derivatives are initially measured at fair value. Subsequent to initial recognition, derivatives are measured at fair value, and changes therein are generally recognised in profit or loss.

The Group designates certain derivatives as hedging instruments to hedge the variability in cash flows associated with highly probable forecast transactions arising from changes in foreign exchange rates and interest rates and certain derivatives and non-derivative financial liabilities as hedges of foreign exchange risk on a net investment in a foreign operation.

At inception of designated hedging relationships, the Group documents the risk management objective and strategy for undertaking the hedge. The Group also documents the economic relationship between the hedged item and the hedging instrument, including whether the changes in cash flows of the hedged item and hedging instrument are expected to offset each other.

Cash flow hedges

When a derivative is designated as a cash flow hedging instrument, the effective portion of changes in the fair value of the derivative is recognised in OCI and accumulated in the hedging reserve. The effective portion of changes in the fair value of the derivative that is recognised in OCI is limited to the cumulative change in fair value of the hedged item, determined on a present value basis, from inception of the hedge. Any ineffective portion of changes in the fair value of the derivative is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

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The Group designates only the change in fair value of the spot element of forward exchange contracts as the hedging instrument in cash flow hedging relationships. The change in fair value of the forward element of forward exchange contracts (forward points) is separately accounted for as a cost of hedging and recognised in a costs of hedging reserve within equity.

When the hedged forecast transaction subsequently results in the recognition of a non-financial item such as inventory, the amount accumulated in the hedging reserve and the cost of hedging reserve is included directly in the initial cost of the non-financial item when it is recognised.

For all other hedged forecast transactions, the amount accumulated in the hedging reserve and the cost of hedging reserve is reclassified to profit or loss in the same period or periods during which the hedged expected future cash flows affect profit or loss.

If the hedge no longer meets the criteria for hedge accounting or the hedging instrument is sold, expires, is terminated or is exercised, then hedge accounting is discontinued prospectively. When hedge accounting for cash flow hedges is discontinued, the amount that has been accumulated in the hedging reserve remains in equity until, for a hedge of a transaction resulting in the recognition of a non-financial item, it is included in the non-financial item's cost on its initial recognition or,

For other cash flow hedges, it is reclassified to profit or loss in the same period or periods as the hedged expected future cash flows affect profit or loss.

If the hedged future cash flows are no longer expected to occur, then the amounts that have been accumulated in the hedging reserve and the cost of hedging reserve are immediately reclassified to profit or loss.

Net investment hedges

When a derivative instrument or a non-derivative financial liability is designated as the hedging instrument in a hedge of a net investment in a foreign operation, the effective portion of, for a derivative, changes in the fair value of the hedging instrument or, for a non-derivative, foreign exchange gains and losses is

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recognised in OCI and presented in the translation reserve within equity. Any ineffective portion of the changes in the fair value of the derivative or foreign exchange gains and losses on the non-derivative is recognised immediately in profit or loss. The amount recognised in OCI is reclassified to profit or loss as a reclassification adjustment on disposal of the foreign operation.

39-12 Share capital

39-12-1 Ordinary shares

Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of ordinary shares are recognized as a deduction from equity. Income tax relating to transaction costs of an equity transaction are accounted for in accordance with EAS 24.

39-12-2 Repurchase and reissue of ordinary shares (treasury shares)

When shares recognized as equity are repurchased, the amount of the consideration paid, which includes directly attributable costs is recognized as a deduction from equity. Repurchased shares are classified as treasury shares and are presented in the treasury share reserve. When treasury shares are sold or reissued subsequently, the amount received is recognized as an increase in equity and the resulting surplus or deficit on the transaction is presented within share premium.

39-13 Legal reserve

The Company's statutes provides for deduction of a sum equal to 5% of the annual net profit for formation of the legal reserve. Such deduction will be ceased when the total reserve reaches an amount equal to half of the Company's issued capital and when the reserve falls below this limit, it shall be necessary to resume

39-14 Impairment

39-14-1 Non-derivative financial assets

Financial instruments and contract assets

The Group recognises loss allowances for Expected Credit Loss (ECLs) on:

- Financial assets measured at amortised cost;

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- Debt investments measured at FVOCI;
- contract assets.

The Group also recognises loss allowances for ECLs on loans receivables.

The Group measures loss allowances at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs, except for the following, which are measured at 12-month ECLs:

- Debt securities that are determined to have low credit risk at the reporting date; and
- Other debt securities and bank balances for which credit risk (i.e. the risk of default occurring over the expected life of the financial instrument) has not increased significantly since initial recognition.

When determining whether the credit risk of a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition and when estimating ECLs, the Group considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. This includes both quantitative and qualitative information and analysis, based on the Group's historical experience and informed credit assessment, that includes forward-looking information.

The Group assumes that the credit risk on a financial asset has increased significantly if it is more than 30 days past due. unless it can be rebutted.

The Group considers a financial asset to be in default when:

- The debtor is unlikely to pay its credit obligations to the Group in full, without recourse by the Group to actions such as realising security (if any is held); or
- The financial asset is more than 90 days past due unless it can be rebutted.

Lifetime ECLs are the ECLs that result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument.

12-month ECLs are the portion of ECLs that result from default events that are possible within the 12 months after the reporting date (or a shorter period if the expected life of the instrument is less than 12 months).

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The maximum period considered when estimating ECLs is the maximum contractual period over which the Group is exposed to credit risk.

39-14-2 Measurement of ECLs

ECLs are a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses. Credit losses are measured as the present value of all cash shortfalls (i.e. the difference between the cash flows due to the entity in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Group expects to receive).

ECLs are discounted at the effective interest rate of the financial asset.

39-14-3 Credit-impaired financial assets

At each reporting date, the Group assesses whether financial assets carried at amortised cost and debt securities at FVOCI are creditimpaired. A financial asset is 'credit-impaired' when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset have occurred.

Evidence that a financial asset is credit-impaired includes the following observable data:

- Significant financial difficulty of the debtor;
- A breach of contract such as a default or being more than 90 days past due;
- The restructuring of a loan or advance by the Group on terms that the Group would not consider otherwise;
- It is probable that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation; or
- The disappearance of an active market for a security because of financial difficulties.

39-14-4 Presentation of allowance for ECL in the statement of financial position

Loss allowances for financial assets measured at amortised cost are deducted from the gross carrying amount of the assets.

For debt securities at FVOCI, the loss allowance is charged to profit or loss and is recognised in OCI.

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39-14-5 Write-off

The gross carrying amount of a financial asset is written off when the Group has no reasonable expectations of recovering a financial asset in its entirety or a portion thereof. For individual customers, the Group has a policy of writing off the gross carrying amount when the financial asset is 180 days past due based on historical experience of recoveries of similar assets. For corporate customers, the Group individually makes an assessment with respect to the timing and amount of write-off based on whether there is a reasonable expectation of recovery. The Group expects no significant recovery from the amount written off. However, financial assets that are written off could still be subject to enforcement activities in order to comply with the Group's procedures for recovery of amounts due.

39-14-6 Non-financial assets

- At each reporting date, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its non-financial assets (other than, investment property, contract assets and deferred tax assets) to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. Goodwill is tested annually for impairment.
- For impairment testing, assets are grouped together into the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or CGUs. Goodwill arising from a business combination is allocated to CGUs or groups of CGUs that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination.
- The recoverable amount of an asset or CGU is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell. Value in use is based on the estimated future cash flows, discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset or CGU.
- An impairment loss is recognised if the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount.

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- Impairment losses are recognised in profit or loss. They are allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the CGU, and then to reduce the carrying amounts of the other assets in the CGU on a pro rata basis.
- An impairment loss in respect of goodwill is not reversed. For other assets, an impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortisation, if no impairment loss had been recognised.

39-15 Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Group has a legal or constructive current obligation as a result of a past event and it's probable that a flow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation. If the effect is material, provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessment of the time value of money and, where appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. Provisions are reviewed at the financial position date and amended (when necessary) to represent the best current estimate.

39-16 Treasury bills

Treasury bills are recorded at nominal value and the unearned income is recorded under the item of "creditors and other credit balances". Treasury bills are presented on the financial position net of the unearned income.

39-17 Trade, and notes receivables, debtors and other debit balances

- Trade, notes receivables, debtors and other debit balances are stated at nominal value less impairment losses.
- The Company's lessees and the leased assets are regularly classified & evaluated and their obligations are reduced by the rent value paid in each financial period, and with the assurance of the availability of adequate guarantee to collect the client's rent values.

39-18 Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of preparing the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes the balances, whose maturity do not exceed three months from the date of acquisition, cash on hand, cheques under collection and due from banks and financial institutions.

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39-19 Profit sharing to employees

The holding company pays 10% of its cash dividends as profit sharing to its employees provided that it will not exceed total employees' annual salaries. Profit sharing is recognized as a dividend distribution through equity and as a liability when approved by the Company's shareholders.

39-20 Employees benefits

39-20-1 Share based payments

Equity settled transactions

For equity-settled share-based payment transactions, the company measure the services received, and the corresponding increase in equity, indirectly, by reference to the fair value of the equity instruments granted. The fair value of those equity instruments is measured at grant date.

Vesting conditions, other than market conditions, are taken into account by adjusting the number of equity instruments included in the measurement of the transaction amount so that, ultimately, the amount recognized for services received as consideration for the equity instruments granted are based on the number of equity instruments that eventually vest. Hence, on a cumulative basis, no amount is recognized for services received if the equity instruments granted do not vest because of failure to satisfy a vesting condition.

The company recognize an amount for the services received during the vesting period based on the best available estimate of the number of equity instruments expected to vest and revise that estimate, if necessary, if subsequent information indicates that the number of equity instruments expected to vest differs from previous estimates. On vesting date, the entity shall revise the estimate to equal the number of equity instruments that ultimately vested

39-21 Micro-enterprises Receivables

39-21-1 Credit policy

Funding Consideration

- Funding are granted to clients who have previous experience not less than one year in his current activity which is confirmed by the client with adequate documentation and field inquiry.

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- Funding are granted to the client which it's installment is suitable according to his predictable income activity and this done throw analyzing client's revenues and expenses and his foreseeable marginal income, and this done by the branches specialists of the company on the prepared form for this purpose(financial study form and credit decision).
- Before grant funding, a client activity field inquiry is done.
- Recording inquiries results about client and guarantor with inquiring forms of the company which reveal client's activity (visit form & Inquiry form).
- The company prohibit grant funding for new client unless the activity is existing with previous one year experience where the granted funds be within a minimum 1 000 EGP and maximum 30 000 EGP with loan duration of 12 months.
- Inquiries for clients are performed by I-Score Company before granting and in case of approval on granting. The credit limit of the client is considered when calculating the client's revenue and expenses.

Client's Life Insurance

The insurance process on the client is performed with the authorized companies from insurance supervisory authority.

Client's Following up

The company keeps specialists in branches from following up all regular clients, and irregular with continuous application of that during finance period with judging on their commitment in paying the remaining installments and this done through recording visits for clients with daily basis and also with data base provided by computer system for all branches all over the republic.

Impairment loss of micro financed loans

The company at the date of the financial statements estimates the impairment loss of micro financed loans, in the light of the basis and rules of granting credit and forming the provisions according to the Board of Directors decision of the Financial Supervisory Authority No. (173) issued on December 21, 2014 to deal with the impairment loss.

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39-22 Leases

At inception of a contract, the Group assesses whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Group uses the definition of a lease in EAS 49.

39-22-1 As a lessee

At commencement or on modification of a contract that contains a lease component, the Group allocates the consideration in the contract to each lease component on the basis of its relative standalone prices. However, for the leases of property the Group has elected not to separate non-lease components and account for the lease and non-lease components as a single lease component.

The Group recognises a right-of-use asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement date. The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, less any lease incentives received.

The right-of-use asset is subsequently depreciated using the straight -line method from the commencement date to the end of the lease term, unless the lease transfers ownership of the underlying asset to the Group by the end of the lease term or the cost of the right-of-use asset reflects that the Group will exercise a purchase option. In that case the right-of-use asset will be depreciated over the useful life of the underlying asset, which is determined on the same basis as those of property and equipment. In addition, the right-of-use asset is periodically reduced by impairment losses, if any, and adjusted for certain remeasurements of the lease liability.

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, the Group's incremental borrowing rate. Generally, the Group uses its incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate.

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The Group determines its incremental borrowing rate by obtaining interest rates from various external financing sources and makes certain adjustments to reflect the terms of the lease and type of the asset leased.

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability comprise the following:

fixed payments, including in-substance fixed payments; variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date; amounts expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee; and the exercise price under a purchase option that the Group is reasonably certain to exercise, lease payments in an optional renewal period if the Group is reasonably certain to exercise an extension option, and penalties for early termination of a lease unless the Group is reasonably certain not to terminate early.

The lease liability is measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. It is remeasured when there is a change in future lease payments arising from a change in an index or rate, if there is a change in the Group's estimate of the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee, if the Group changes its assessment of whether it will exercise a purchase, extension or termination option or if there is a revised in-substance fixed lease payment.

When the lease liability is remeasured in this way, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset, or is recorded in profit or loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero.

The Group presents right-of-use assets that do not meet the definition of investment property in 'property, plant and equipment' and lease liabilities in 'loans and borrowings' in the statement of financial position.

Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

The Group has elected not to recognise right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for leases of low – value assets and short-term leases, including IT equipment. The Group recognises the lease payments associated with these leases as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

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39-22-2 As a lessor

At inception or on modification of a contract that contains a lease component, the Group allocates the consideration in the contract to each lease component on the basis of their relative stand- alone prices.

When the Group acts as a lessor, it determines at lease inception whether each lease is a finance lease or an operating lease.

To classify each lease, the Group makes an overall assessment of whether the lease transfers substantially all of the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of the underlying asset. If this is the case, then the lease is a finance lease; if not, then it is an operating lease. As part of this assessment, the Group considers certain indicators such as whether the lease is for the major part of the economic life of the asset.

When the Group is an intermediate lessor, it accounts for its interests in the head lease and the sub-lease separately. It assesses the lease classification of a sub-lease with reference to the right-of-use asset arising from the head lease, not with reference to the underlying asset. If a head lease is a short-term lease to which the Group applies the exemption described above, then it classifies the sub-lease as an operating lease.

If an arrangement contains lease and non-lease components, then the Group applies EAS 11 to allocate the consideration in the contract. The Group applies the derecognition and impairment requirements in EAS 47 to the net investment in the lease. The Group further regularly reviews estimated unguaranteed residual values used in calculating the gross investment in the lease.

The Group recognises lease payments received under operating leases as income on a straight- line basis over the lease term as part of 'other revenue'.

39-23 Operating segment

A segment is a distinguishable component of the Group that is engaged either in providing products or services (business segment) or in providing products or services within a particular economic environment (geographical segment), which is subject to risks and rewards that are different from those of other segments. The Group's primary format for segment reporting is based on business segment.