Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2017 & Auditor's Report

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Hazem Hassan

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Auditor's Report

To the shareholders of EFG - Hermes Holding Company

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of EFG – Hermes Holding Company which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2017, and the consolidated statements of income, comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the financial year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

These consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of Company's management. Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Egyptian Accounting Standards and in the light of the prevailing Egyptian laws, management responsibility includes, designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; management responsibility also includes selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies; and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Egyptian Standards on Auditing and in the light of the prevailing Egyptian laws. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.



Hazem Hassan

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to in the first paragraph above present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the company as of December 31, 2017 and its consolidated results of its operations and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Egyptian Accounting Standards and comply with applicable Egyptian laws and regulations relating to the preparation of these financial statements.

Cairo, March 27, 2018

KPING Hazem Hosson
Public Accountants and Consultants

KPMG Hazem Hassan

Bro - Hermes Holding Company (Egyptian Joint Stock Company)	Translation	of consolidated financial statements orig	inally issued in Arabic
Consolidated statement of financial position			
	Note no.	31/12/2017	31/12/2016
(in EGP)			
Assets			
Non - current assets			
Available -for- sale investments	(10)	4,188,533,840	2,647,872,907
Investment property	(11)	231,857,775	332,044,723
Fixed assets	(12)	224,333,498	206,832,514
Leased assets	(13)	1,983,830,519	1,118,296,186
Goodwill and other intangible assets	(14)	948,377,505	591,555,333
Loans receivables	(9)	370,282,483	624,349,183
Total non - current assets		7,947,215,620	5,520,950,846
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	(6)	9,633,777,190	11,507,605,161
Loans receivables	(9)	495,238,580	298,447,071
investments at fair value through profit and loss	(7)	14,810,795,240	1,980,176,083
Accounts receivables	(8)	7,617,247,233	1,798,032,731
Other assets	(15)	747,427,378	539,699,561
Assets held for sale	(5-1)		1,056,920,017
Total current assets		33,304,486,621	17,180,880,624
Total assets		41,251,702,241	22,701,831,470
Equity			
Share capital	(22)	3,074,472,890	3,074,472,890
Legal reserve	(/	1,537,236,445	1,523,711,250
Share premium		1,922,267,826	1,922,267,826
Other reserves		4,527,947,151	4,019,284,955
Retained earnings		2,585,659,132	3,151,351,529
Equity attributable to owners of the Company		13,647,583,444	13,691,088,450
Non - controlling interests	(23)	273,241,999	126,816,081
Total equity	()	13,920,825,443	13,817,904,531
Linbilities			
Non - current liabilities			
Deferred tax liabilities	(19)	251,298,343	511,680,444
Loans and borrowings	(21)	1,414,434,829	922,687,524
Total non - current liabilities	(/	1,665,733,172	1,434,367,968
Current liabilities			
Due to banks and financial institutions	(16)	£ 939 003 047	mar cha mic
Loans and borrowings	(16)	6,727,002,816	726,622,841
Accounts payable - customers credit balance	(21)	420,782,960	184,654,352
Accounts payable - customers credit balance at fair value through profit and loss	(17)	5,443,458,450	4,312,536,665
Creditors and other credit balances	(17)	10,556,308,364	-
Current tax liability	(18)	1,697,172,793	1,611,855,203
Provisions	(30)	308,729,311	112,307,159
Total current liabilities	(20)	511,688,932	501,582,751
		25,665,143,626	7,449,558,971
Total liabilities		27,330,876,798	8,883,926,939
Total equity and liabilities		41,251,702,241	22,701,831,470

The accompanying notes and accounting policies from page (6) to page (54) are an integral part of these financial statements and are to be read therewith.

Mona Zulficar Chairperson Karim Awad Group Chief Executive Officer " Auditor's report attached "

Consolidated income statement

	Note	For the yea	r ended
		31/12/2017	31/12/2016
(in EGP)			
Continuing operations			
Revenues			
Fee and commission income	(30)	1,983,827,762	952,807,848
Securities gains		766,002,157	82,744,058
Revenues from leasing activities		560,216,548	218,615,703
Changes in the investments at fair value through profit and loss		9,061,686	(5,558,405)
Interest and dividend income		870,745,851	277,261,733
Foreign currencies exchange differences		52,224,866	2,737,737,149
Other income		116,228,558	42,472,167
Total revenues		4,358,307,428	4,306,080,253
Expenses			
Fee and commission expense		(151,518,371)	(63,898,599)
Interest expense		(536,635,952)	(215,818,990)
General administrative expenses	(29)	(1,982,741,820)	(1,834,338,650)
Provisions	(20)	(53,247,943)	(179,796,721)
Depreciation and amortization	(11),(12),(13)	(216,964,436)	(105,108,009)
Impairment loss on assets	(26)	(40,553,592)	(93,154,630)
Total expenses		(2,981,662,114)	(2,492,115,599)
Profit before income tax		1,376,645,314	1,813,964,654
Income tax expense	(27)	(126,253,024)	(198,101,246)
Profit from continuing operations		1,250,392,290	1,615,863,408
Discontinued operation			
Loss from discontinued operation, net of tax	(5-2)	-	(118,933,552)
Profit for the year		1,250,392,290	1,496,929,856
Profit attributable to:			
Owners of the Company		1,226,762,742	1,414,230,032
Non - controlling interests	(23)	23,629,548	82,699,824
		1,250,392,290	1,496,929,856

The accompanying notes and accounting policies from page (6) to page (54) are an integral part of these financial statements and are to be read therewith.

Consolidated statement of comprehensive income

For the	year	ended
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	- 01 0110 3 011	
	31/12/2017	31/12/2016
(in EGP)		
Profit for the year	1,250,392,290	1,496,929,856
Other comprehensive income:		
Items that are or may be reclassified to profit or loss		
Foreign operations - foreign currency translation differences	567,193,023	3,732,118,835
Available -for- sale investments - net change in fair value	687,223,527	1,329,000,942
Foreign currency translation differences - reclassified to retained earnings	(15,051,727)	(37,603,546)
Foreign currency translation differences - reclassified to profit or loss	-	(1,978,517,404)
Fair value reserve - reclassified to retained earnings	(6,769,494)	-
Available -for- sale investments - reclassified to profit or loss	(758,677,751)	(130,894,799)
Related tax	46,293,926	(214,806,185)
Other comprehensive income, net of tax	520,211,504	2,699,297,843
Total comprehensive income	1,770,603,794	4,196,227,699
Total comprehensive income attributable to:		
Owners of the Company	1,735,423,955	3,694,881,168
Non - controlling interests	35,179,839	501,346,531
	1,770,603,794	4,196,227,699

The accompanying notes and accounting policies from page (6) to page (54) are an integral part of these financial statements and are to be read therewith.

Attributable to owners of the Company

1												
					Other	Other reserves						
	Share	Legal	Share	General	Translation	Fair value	Hedging	Other	Retnined	Total	Non - controlling	Total
(A)	capital	reserve	premium	reserve	reserve	reserve	reserve	reserves	carnings		interests	equity
Balance as at 31 December, 2015	3,074,472,890	1,523,711,250	1,922,267,826	158,269	1,430,705,902	334,212,035	(26,442,387)	379,913,584	1,319,604,367	9,958,603,736	3,425.217.265	13,383,821,001
Total comprehensive income												
Profit	à	ı	•	į	,		•	•	1,414,230,032	1,414,230,032	82,699,824	1,496,929,856
Other comprehensive income	,		,	•	1,299,516,168	981,134,968	•	•	37,603,546	2,318,254,682	418,646,707	2,736,901,389
Total comprehensive income	-	•		*	1,299,516,168	981,134,968	•	-	1,451,833,578	3,732,484,714	501,346,531	4,233,831,245
Reclassifications	1	1	Į	,	,	•	•	(379,913,584)	379,913,584	Þ	,	•
Transactions with owners of the Company												
Changes in ownership interests												
Acquisition of subsidiary with NCI				,	,				,		104,855,291	104,855,291
Acquisition of NCI without a change in control	,	•		•	Ţ	,	•	•			(77,855,292)	(77.855.292)
Disposal of subsidiary with NCI		,				,	\$,	(3,826,747,714)	(3.826,747,714)
Balance as at 31 December, 2016	3,074,472,890	1,523,711,250	1,922,267,826	158,269	2,730,222,070	1,315,347,003	(26,442,387)	-	3,151,351,529	13,691,088,450	126,816,081	13,817,904,531
Total comprehensive income												
Profit		ŧ		•		,			1,226,762,742	1,226,762,742	23,629,548	1,250,392,290
Other comprehensive income	ŧ	ı	•	•	542,404,828	(33,742,632)		•	21,821,228	530,483,417	11,550,291	542,033.708
Total comprehensive income	and the state of t		÷		542,404,828	(33,742,632)		,	1,248,583,963	1,757,246,159	35,179,839	1,792,425,998
Transferred to legal reserve	•	13,525,195				,	•		(13,525,195)	,		
Transactions with owners of the Company												
Contributions and distributions												
Dividends	•	ŀ	•		•	ı	,		(1,783,069,221)	(1,783,069,221)	į	(1,783,069,221)
Changes in ownership interests												
Acquisition of subsidiary with NCI		1	,		,				•		74,165,710	74,165,710
Acquisition of NCI without a change in control	í	,	•	•			•		(17,681,944)	(17,681,944)	(24,939,543)	(42,621,487)
Share of NCI in the increase of subsidiaries paid in capital		,	•	•	1	•	1	•	•		62.019,912	62,019,912
Balance as at 31 December 2017	3,074,472,890	1,537,236,445	1,922,267,826	158,269	3,272,626,898	1,281,604,371	(26,442,387)		2,585.659,132	13,647,583,444	273,241,999	13.920,825,443

The accompanying notes and accounting policies from page (64) are an integral part of these financial statements and are to be read therewith.

Consolidated statement of cash flows

	For the year	ır ended
	31/12/2017	31/12/2016
(in EGP)		
Cash flows from operating activities		
Profit before income tax	1,376,645,314	1,813,964,654
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation and amortization	216,964,436	105,108,009
Provisions formed	53,247,943	179,796,721
Provisions used	(43,834,069)	(29,452,415)
Provisions reversed	(5,553,661)	-
Gains on sale of fixed assets	(1,867,175)	(49 594)
Gains on sale of investment property	(814,458)	-
Gains on sale of available -for- sale investments	(758,677,751)	(62,691,129)
Changes in the fair value of investments at fair value through profit and loss	(9,061,686)	5,558,405
Impairment loss on assets	40,553,592	93,154,630
Foreign currency translation differences	33,283,742	4,273,472,449
Foreign currencies exchange differences	(52,224,866)	(2,737,737,149)
Operating profit before changes in current assets and liabilities	848,661,361	3,641,124,581
Changes in:		
Other assets	(156,813,817)	338,499,757
Creditors and other credit balances	(69,913,030)	1,017,697,591
Loans receivables	57,275,191	(778 819 228)
Accounts receivables	(5,819,214,502)	(574 438 757)
Accounts payable	1,130,921,785	(89 101 043)
Accounts payable - customers credit balance at fair value through profit and loss	10,556,308,364	- -
Investments at fair value through profit and loss	(13,734,251,840)	(538,162,018)
Income tax paid	(144,128,530)	(28,080,468)
Net cash (used in) provided from operating activities	(7,331,155,018)	2,988,720,415
Cash flows from investing activities		
Payments to purchase fixed assets and other intangible assets	(68,136,572)	(22,404,855)
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets	86,565,847	95,654
Proceeds from sale of investment property	60,405,496	- -
Payments to purchase assets held for sale	(1,628,399,924)	-
Proceeds from sale assets held for sale	1,628,399,924	-
Payments to purchase leased assets	(1,151,066,895)	(782,965,193)
Proceeds from sale of leased assets	72,150,232	-
Payments for projects under construction	-	(40 574)
Proceeds from sale of available -for- sale investments	1,299,959,804	114,161,065
Payments to purchase available -for- sale investments	(447,430,877)	(10,937,115)
Proceeds from sale of investments in subsidiaries	-	3,388,677,043
Proceeds from sale of held to maturity investments	-	30,000,000
Acquisition of subsidiary (net of cash acquired)	(310,000,484)	(410,147,119)
Net cash (used in) provided from investing activities	(457,553,449)	2,306,438,906
Cash flows from financing activities		
Dividends paid	(1,710,760,089)	(43,048,977)
Increase in subsidiaries paid - in capital	62,019,912	-
Proceeds from loans	727,875,913	778,661,074
Net cash (used in) provided from financing activities	(920,864,264)	735,612,097
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	(8,709,572,731)	6,030,771,418
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 January (note no. 28)	11,648,310,796	14,318,107,426
Cash transferred to assets held for sale		(8,494,330,500)
Cash and cash equivalents at 31 December (note no. 28)	2,938,738,065	11,854,548,344

Non cash transactions:

- An amount of EGP 72 309 131 has been eliminated from creditors and other credit balances represents the amount of dividends not paid.
- An amount of EGP 50 914 000 has been eliminated from other assets represents the amounts not collected from sale of fixed assets and investment property.
- An amount of EGP 82 921 489 has been eliminated from creditors and other credit balances represents the deferred capital gain resulted from sale of fixed assets and investment property.

The accompanying notes and accounting policies from page (6) to page (54) are an integral part of these financial statements and are to be read therewith.

Translation of consolidated financial statements originally issued in Arabic

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December, 2017 (In the notes all amounts are shown in EGP unless otherwise stated)

1- Background

1-1 Incorporation

EFG-Hermes Holding S.A.E "the company" is an Egyptian Joint Stock Company subject to the provisions of the Capital Market Law No.95 of 1992 and its executive regulations. The company's registered office is located in Smart Village building No. B129, phase 3, KM 28 Cairo / Alexandria Desert Road, 6 October 12577 Egypt.

1-2 Purpose of the company

EFG Hermes is a premiere financial services corporation that offers diverse investment banking services including securities brokerage, investment banking, Asset management and private equity. In addition to its non-bank finance products, which include leasing and micro-finance. The purpose of the company also includes participation in the establishment of companies which issue securities or in increasing their share capital, custody activities and margin trading.

2- Basis of preparation

2-1 Statement of compliance

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Egyptian Accounting Standards and relevant Egyptian laws and regulations.

2-2 Authorization of the financial statements

The financial statements were authorized for issue in accordance with a resolution of the board of directors on March 26, 2018.

3- Functional and presentation currency

These consolidated financial statements are presented in Egyptian pounds (EGP) which is the Company's functional currency.

4- Use of estimates and judgments

In preparing these consolidated financial statements, management has made judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of the Group's accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to estimates are recognized prospectively.

- Estimates and assumptions about them are re-viewed on regular basis.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December, 2017 (Continued) (In the notes all amounts are shown in EGP unless otherwise stated)

- The change in accounting estimates is recognized in the period where the estimate is changed whether the change affects only that period, or in the period of change and the future periods if the change affects them both.

4-1 Fair value measurement

- The fair value of financial instruments are determined based on the market value of the financial instrument or similar financial instruments at the date of the financial statements without deducting any estimated future selling costs.
- The value of financial assets are determined by the values of the current purchase prices for those assets, while the value of financial liabilities is determined by the current prices that can be settled by those liabilities.
- In the absence of an active market to determine the fair value of financial instruments, the fair value is estimated using various valuation techniques, taking into consideration the prices of the transactions occurred recently, and guided by the current fair value of other similar tools substantially discounted cash flow method or any other evaluation method to get resulting values that can rely on.
- When using the discounted cash flow method as a way to evaluate, the future cash flows are estimated based on the best estimates of management. And the discount rate used is determined in the light of the prevailing market price at the date of the financial statements that are similar in nature and conditions.

5- Assets held for sale and discontinued operation

5-1 Assets held for sale

Vortex Sollar Energy Investments S.a.r.l

Vortex Solar (an Entity managed by the private equity division of EFG Hermes) acquired 100% of a 365 MW portfolio of 24 operational solar assets in the United Kingdom from TerraForm Power.

The equity share capital of the transaction was funded during 2017 through a 50% subscription from Tenaga Nasional Berhad TNB, the remaining 50% of the equity was underwritten by one of EFG Hermes' subsidiaries (Beaufort Investments S.a.r.l), On 15 December 2017 the group sold 45% of the equity, retaining only a 5% stake of the equity share capital presented as available for sale investments.

Credit Libanais SAL

- During 2010, EFG-Hermes Holding Company purchased 14,914,883 shares that represents 63.739% a controlling stake in Credit Libanais SAL (the Bank) through its wholly owned subsidiary EFG Hermes CL Holding SAL with an amount of USD 577,8 million.
- On March 16, 2016 the company's Board of Directors approved to proceed with all necessary steps required to sell 9,408,749 shares (Phase I) represents approximately 40% of it's indirect subsidiary Credit Libanais Bank S.A.L. (total Bank's shares 23,400,000) at US\$ 33 per share (prior to payment of

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December, 2017 (Continued) (In the notes all amounts are shown in EGP unless otherwise stated)

associated fees) to a consortium of Lebanese and Arab Investors. This sale process is subject to some conditions precedent, including the approval of the Central Bank of Lebanon. The company agreed with Credit Libanais Investment Bank S.A.L. ("CLIB"), a wholly owned subsidiary of Credit Libanais, to sell 5,506,134 shares represent the remaining stake of the Bank on Best Effort basis at the same price (Phase II).

- The company during 2016 sold 9,408,749 shares (Phase I) and 1,976,065 shares from (Phase II) and during 2017 the company sold additional 1,316,308 shares, thus the company's stake on 31 December 2017 became 2,213,761 shares representing approximately 9.4605% of the total shares of the bank. The remaining stake is presented as available -for- sale investments with an amount of EGP 1,296,710,506 on the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2017.

5-2 Results of discontinued operation

	For the y	ear ended
	31/12/2017	31/12/2016
Fee and commission income		194,769,780
Fee and commission expense		(121,841,220)
Securities gains		12,791,860
Share of profit of associate		3,501,280
Changes in the investments at fair value through profit and loss		349,020
Foreign currencies differences		10,902,720
Other income		10,559,240
Interest and dividend income		1,157,701,674
Interest expense		(836,197,046)
General administrative expenses		(228,087,340)
Net losses on loans and advances		(36,730,200)
Other provisions		(4,088,520)
Depreciation and amortization		(22,529,196)
Loss on sale of investment subsidiaries		(120,790,853)
Profit before income tax	A44 644	20,311,199
Income tax expense		(139,244,751)
Net loss from discontinued operation		(118,933,552)

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December, 2017 (Continued) (In the notes all amounts are shown in EGP unless otherwise stated)

6-	Cash and cash equivalents		
_	23324 344 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	31/12/2017	31/12/2016
	Cash on hand	11,947,416	7,666,225
	Cheques under collection	1,140,001	195,300
	Banks - current accounts	6,555,128,148	5,701,154,305
	Banks - time deposits	3,065,561,625	5,798,589,331
	Balance	9,633,777,190	11,507,605,161
7-	Investments at fair value through profit and	loss	
	Q ,	31/12/2017	31/12/2016
	Mutual fund certificates	421,153,944	441,730,776
	Equity securities	170,643,873	38,151,655
	Treasury bills outside Egypt	31,963,691	1,500,293,652
	Structured notes	14,187,034,732	
	Balance	14,810,796,240	1,980,176,083
8-	Accounts receivables	21/12/2017	31/12/2016
	Accounts receivables	31/12/2017 7,903,736,391	2,241,390,350
	Other brokerage companies	(286,489,158)	(443,357,619)
	Balance	7,617,247,233	1,798,032,731
9-	Loans receivables		
		31/12/2017	31/12/2016
	Micro financial loans	495,238,580	252,992,526
	Vortex II Holding Sarl	247,266,773	219,803,728
	Vortex Solar Investments Sarl	123,015,710	
	Advanced Energy Systems (ADES) S.A.E		450,000,000
	Balance	865,521,063	922,796,254
	Current	495,238,580	298,447,071
	Non-current	370,282,483	624,349,183
	Balance	865,521,063	922,796,254

Disposals*

Reclassification to fixed assets*

Reclassification from fixed assets **

Foreign currency translation differences

Translation of consolidated financial statements originally issued in Arabic

(3,312,000)

(3,312,000)

4,939,810

(52,824)

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December, 2017 (Continued) (In the notes all amounts are shown in EGP unless otherwise stated)

10-	Available - for- sale investments		
		31/12/2017	31/12/2016
	Equity securities	2,265,708,740	869,415,187
	Mutual fund certificates	1,922,825,100	1,778,457,720
	Balance	4,188,533,840	2,647,872,907
41	Turning days and an upon souther		The state st
11-	Investment property		Buildings
	Balance as at 1/1/2017		345,066,343
	Disposals *		(48,000,000)
	Reclassification to fixed assets *		(48,000,000)
	Reclassification from fixed assets **		8,000,000
	Foreign currency translation differences		(1,215,647)
	Total cost as at 31/12/2017		255,850,696
	Accumulated depreciation as at 1/1/2017		13,021,620
	Depreciation for the year		12,708,315

Accumulated depreciation as at 31/12/2017

Net carrying amount as at 31/12/2017

23,992,921

231,857,775

————

Net carrying amount as at 31/12/2016

332,044,723

* On 26 November 2017, the holding company sold the whole company's smart village land and building which presented in fixed assets and investment property to EFG – Hermes leasing (a fully owned subsidiary) and Emirates NBD leasing company equally between them on sale and lease back agreement (note no. 12).

Investment property net carrying amount amounted EGP 231,857,775 as at 31 December 2017, represents the following:-

- EGP 145,028,633 the book value of the area owned by EFG Hermes Holding Company in Nile City building.
- EGP 80,148,281 the book value of the area owned by EFG Hermes UAE Limited, one of the subsidiaries, in the Index Tower UAE.
- EGP 3,629,340 the book value of the area owned by Hermes Securities Brokerage, one of the subsidiaries, in Elmanial branch.
- ** EGP 3,051,521 the book value of the area owned by Hermes Securities Brokerage, one of the subsidiaries, in Elharam branch.

EFG-Hermes Holding Company (Egyptian Joint Stock Company)

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December, 2017 (Continued) (In the notes all amounts are shown in EGP unless otherwise stated)

12- Fixed assets							
			Office furniture,				
			Equipment			** Projects	
	Land &	Leasehold	& electrical	Computer		under	
Particular	Buildings	improvements	Appliances	Equipment	Vehicles	construction	Total
Cost							
Balance as at 1/1/2016	911,211,588	288,049,350	405,947,371	123,063,157	25,081,927	744,062,100	2,497,415,493
Additions	2,597,100	1,358,416	1,227,883	14,001,302	3,179,580	40,574	22,404,855
Disposals	1 1	1	(341,890)	(296,745)	(1,571,738)	(145,823)	(2,356,196)
Disposals of subsidiaries	(732,266,717)	(280,547,073)	(306,802,640)	(12,522)	(10,688,200)	(734,277,600)	(2,064,594,752)
Acquisition from subsidiaries	1	19,437,569	6,740,824	14,830,520	538,700	105,249	41,652,862
Foreign currency translation differences	1	364,000	71,606,599	81,111,548	4,869,890	;	157,952,037
Total cost as at 31/12/2016	181,541,971	28,662,262	178,378,147	232,697,260	21,410,159	9,784,500	652,474,299
Balance as at 1/1/2017	181,541,971	28,662,262	178,378,147	232,697,260	21,410,159	9,784,500	652,474,299
Additions	443,325	10,223,965	26,006,086	27,763,547	339,900	3,359,749	68,136,572
Disposals *	(83,378,485)	}	(115,923)	(568,752)	(634,556)	į į	(84,697,716)
Reclassification to investment property	(8,000,000)	1	ŀ	I	ŀ	3 3	(8,000,000)
Reclassification from investment property *	48,000,000	a	;	I	I	ŧ.	48,000,000
Acquisition from subsidiaries	229,225	1	8,621,574	680,786	6,623,664	ļ	16,461,552
Foreign currency translation differences	(26,830)	(10,271)	(4,785,363)	(509,609)	(900,420)	1	(6,232,493)
Total and to at 21/12/2017	138 800 206	38 875 056	208 104 521	260 369 535	26.838.747	13.144.249	686.142.214
10tal COSt as at 31/12/2017	130,002,200	00000					
Accumulated depreciation			***************************************				
Accumulated depreciation as at 1/1/2016	178,036,906	222,141,127	294,618,358	108,552,151	14,771,097	ł	818,119,639
Depreciatíon	4,932,375	1,502,687	4,383,603	7,481,115	2,216,423	I	20,516,203

Translation of consolidated financial statements originally issued in Arabic

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December, 2017 (Continued) (In the notes all amounts are shown in EGP unless otherwise stated)

			Office furniture, Equipment			** Projects	
	Land &	Leasehold	& electrical	Computer	Vohiolog	under	Total
Particular	Bundings	improvements	Appuances	equipment	venicies v	construction	1 0121
Disposals' accumulated depreciation	1	i	(316,071)	(257,694)	(1,571,738)	E &	(2,145,503)
Disposals of subsidiaries	(146,424,627)	(217,189,772)	(201,497,840)	(12,522)	(7,475,200)	1	(572,599,961)
Acquisition from subsidiaries	;	14,652,122	4,779,841	9,480,055	202,899	1	29,114,917
Foreign currency translation differences	1	364,000	69,310,444	79,533,460	3,428,586	1	152,636,490
Accumulated depreciation as at 31/12/2016	36,544,654	21,470,164	171,278,335	204,776,565	11,572,067	-	445,641,785
Accumulated depreciation as at 1/1/2017	36,544,654	21,470,164	171,278,335	204,776,565	11,572,067		445,641,785
Depreciation	4,889,593	3,131,121	5,293,349	14,071,061	3,952,135	ŧ	31,337,259
Disposals' accumulated depreciation	(17,096,450)	ł	(108,978)	(540,241)	(503,410)	ţ	(18,249,079)
Reclassification to investment property	(4,939,810)	;	;	ı	ŀ	1	(4,939,810)
Reclassification from investment property	3,312,000	ſ	1	I	1	!	3,312,000
Acquisition from subsidiaries	153,343	;	4,862,585	701,370	2,727,760	1	8,445,058
Foreign currency translation differences	(11,630)	3,497	(1,479,434)	(1,616,628)	(634,302)	;	(3,738,497)
Accumulated depreciation as at 31/12/2017	22,851,700	24,604,782	179,845,857	217,392,127	17,114,250		461,808,716
Carrying amount Carrying amount as at 31/12/2016	144,997,317	7,192,098	7,099,812	27,920,695	9,838,092	9,784,500	206,832,514
Carrying amount as at 31/12/2017	115,957,506	14,271,174	28,258,664	42,977,408	9,724,497	13,144,249	224,333,498

^{*} Note no. (11).

^{**} Projects under construction are represented in preparation of new branches -office spaces in Egypt with an amount of EGP 13,144,249 as at December 31, 2017 versus EGP 9,784,500 as at December 31, 2016.

Translation of consolidated financial statements originally issued in Arabic

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December, 2017 (Continued) (In the notes all amounts are shown in EGP unless otherwise stated)

Particular	Land	Buildings &	Equipment	Computer	Vehicles	Total
		property		equipment		
Cost						
Balance as at 1/1/2016	47,104,210	278,564,535	27,097,500	2,625,401	119,651,070	475,042,716
Additions	396,154,985	111,514,080	50,827,727	2,540,306	221,928,096	782,965,194
Disposals					(122,850)	(122,850)
Total cost as at 31/12/2016	443,259,195	390,078,615	77,925,227	5,165,707	341,456,316	1,257,885,060
Additions	170,881,247	333,811,020	432,744,138	924,550	212,705,940	1,151,066,895
Disposals	(26,429,429)	(35,636,250)	(15,580,053)		(1,240,200)	(78,885,932)
Total cost as at 31/12/2017	587,711,013	688,253,385	495,089,312	6,090,257	552,922,056	2,330,066,023
Accumulated depreciation						
Accumulated depreciation as at 1/1/2016		3,600,065	779,238	47,148	1,984,864	6,411,315
Depreciation for the year		17,271,568	9,763,664	1,580,773	44,343,196	72,959,201
Disposals accumulated depreciation					(18,428)	(18,428)
Accumulated depreciation as at						
31/12/2016	**	20,871,633	10,542,902	1,627,921	46,309,632	79,352,088
Depreciation for the year		25,895,779	53,262,882	1,824,630	91,935,571	172,918,862
Disposals accumulated depreciation		(3,298,903)	(2,958,244)		(478,553)	(6,735,700)
Accumulated depreciation as at						
31/12/2017	uv	43,468,509	60,847,540	3,452,551	137,766,650	245,535,250
Impairment loss on leased assets						
as at 31/12/2017	(5,374,753)	(5,942,242)	(4,757,236)	(33,275)	(7,392,494)	(23,500,000)
Carrying amount	***************************************	***************************************	***************************************		***************************************	
Carrying amount as at 31/12/2016	443,259,195	369,206,982	67,382,325	3,537,786	295,146,684	1,178,532,972
Carrying amount as at 31/12/2017	582,336,260	638,842,634	429,484,536	2,604,431	407,762,912	2,061,030,773
Lease settlement account as at						
31/12/2016	(20,888,223)	(40,355,121)	(303,575)	559,462	750,671	(60,236,786)
Lease settlement account as at		***************************************				
31/12/2017	3,972,284	(82,862,931)	3,151,057	1,060,460	(2,521,124)	(77,200,254
Carrying amount as at 31/12/2016 (net of						****
lease settlement account)	422,370,972	328,851,861	67,078,750	4,097,248	295,897,355	1,118,296,186
Carrying amount as at 31/12/2017 (net of						
lease settlement account)	586,308,544	555,979,703	432,635,593	3,664,891	405,241,788	1,983,830,519

Translation of consolidated financial statements originally issued in Arabic

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December, 2017 (Continued) (In the notes all amounts are shown in EGP unless otherwise stated)

Goodwill and other intangible asset	s		
		31/12/2017	31/12/2016
Goodwill	(14-1)	935,693,196	584,031,766
Licenses		12,684,309	7,523,567
Balance		948,377,505	591,555,333
14-1 Goodwill is relating to the a	equisition of the	e following subsid	iaries:
		31/12/2017	31/12/2016
EFG- Hermes Oman LLC		5,921,803	5,921,803
EFG- Hermes IFA Financial Brokera	ge Company		
Kuwait – (KSC)		179,148,550	179,148,550
IDEAVELOPERS – Egypt		1,600,000	1,600,000
EFG- Hermes Jordan		8,639,218	8,639,218
Tanmeyah Micro Enterprise Services	S.A.E	365,398,862	388,722,195
EFG - Hermes Pakistan Limited *		9,503,738	
Frontier Investment Management Par	tners LTD **	365,481,025	AA 380
Balance		935,693,196	584,031,766

* The acquiree's financial statements have been consolidated based on the book value of the identifiable assets and liabilities, the Company has a grace period of 12 months ending March 2018 for preparing Purchase Price Allocation (PPA) study to determine the fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities according to the Egyptian Accounting Standards. The Company is in the process of determining this fair value exercise and adjust accordingly.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December, 2017 (Continued) (In the notes all amounts are shown in EGP unless otherwise stated)

** The acquiree's financial statements have been consolidated based on the book value of the identifiable assets and liabilities. The Company has a grace period of 12 months ending September 2018 for preparing Purchase Price Allocation (PPA) study to determine the fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities according to the Egyptian Accounting Standards. The Company is in the process of determining this fair value exercise and adjust accordingly.

15- Other assets

		31/12/2017	31/12/2016
Deposits with others	(15-1)	47,789,292	19,746,684
Down payments to suppliers		34,793,522	8,792,738
Prepaid expenses		55,301,204	36,409,465
Employees' advances		50,347,780	44,336,521
Accrued revenues		116,541,464	64,380,552
Taxes withheld by others		43,885,855	19,904,319
Payments for investments	(15-2)	11,393,856	10,379,956
Settlement Guarantee Fund		22,493,984	41,261,355
Due from EFG- Hermes Employees Trust		237,097,017	235,735,728
Due from Ara Inc. Company		624,711	633,511
Due from Egypt Gulf Bank- Tanmeyah Clients		2,467,778	2,339,999
Receivables-sale of fixed assets and investment			
property *		50,914,000	
Receivables-sale of investments		8,931,744	
Sundry debtors		64,845,171	55,778,733
Balance		747,427,378	539,699,561

- * Note no. (11 &12).
- 15-1 Deposits with others include an amount of EGP 15,668,936 in the name of the subsidiaries, Financial Brokerage Group Company and Hermes Securities Brokerage Company which represents blocked deposits for same day trading operations settlement takes place in the Egyptian Stock Exchange. Both companies are not entitled to use these amounts without prior approval from Misr Clearance Company.

Translation of consolidated financial statements originally issued in Arabic

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December, 2017 (Continued) (In the notes all amounts are shown in EGP unless otherwise stated)

15-2	Payments for investments are represented	d in the following: 31/12/2017	31/12/2016
	EFG-Finteck	5,000,000	
	EFG-Hermes Securitization	5,000,000	
	AAW Company for Infrastructure	1,348,856	1,348,856
	IDEAVELOPERS	25,000	25,000
	EFG Finance Holding		5,000,000
	Arab Visual Company Vortex Energy Investments II Sherketak	20,000	3,749,500 256,600
	Balance	11,393,856	10,379,956
16- Due to	banks and financial institutions	31/12/2017	31/12/2016
Financi	al institutions	5,761,264,680	11,670,425
Bank o	verdraft	965,738,136	714,952,416
Balanc	€	6,727,002,816	726,622,841

17- Accounts payable-customers credit balance at fair value through profit and loss

This amount represents payable to customers against the structured notes issued by one of group companies.

18- Creditors and other credit balances

	31/12/2017	31/12/2016
Accrued expenses	988,954,759	1,214,720,613
Dividends payable (prior years)	266,376,877	193,216,929
Deferred revenues	176,999,309	80,020,061
Deferred capital gain *	82,921,489	
Suppliers	35,191,979	
Due to Industry Modernization Center	13,202,783	13,353,615
Clients' coupons - custody activity	9,876,310	10,566,061
Tax authority	5,810,226	11,209,419
Social Insurance Association	1,485,532	1,258,677
Payables- purchase of investments	44,375,000	
Sundry creditors	71,978,529	87,509,828
Balance	1,697,172,793	1,611,855,203
		

^{*} Note no. (11&12).

Translation of consolidated financial statements originally issued in Arabic

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December, 2017 (Continued) (In the notes all amounts are shown in EGP unless otherwise stated)

19-	Deferred tax	k liabilities					
	Balance at 1/1/2017	Recognized in profit or loss	Recognized in equity	Foreign currency differences	Net	Deferred tax assets	Deferred tax liabilities
Fixed assets							
depreciation	(9,796,409)	6,696,286			(3,100,123)		(3,100,123)
Claims provision	587,750	379			588,129	588,129	
Impairment loss on							
assets	1,224,794				1,224,794	1,224,794	
Prior year losses							
carried forward	1,114,221	6,132,197		(209,483)	7,036,935	7,036,935	
Changes in fair							
value of cash flow							
hedges *	6,612,597				6,612,597	6,612,597	
Fair value of							
available-for-sale							
financial assets **	(313,029,836)	****	46,293,926		(266,735,910)		(266,735,910)
Foreign currency							
translation							
differences	(198,393,561)	208,579,657			10,186,096	10,186,096	
Revaluation of							
investment							
property		1,867,147			1,867,147	1,867,147	
Deferred capital							
gain		(8,978,008)			(8,978,008)		(8,978,008)
	(511,680,444)	214,297,658	46,293,926	(209,483)	(251,298,343)	27,515,698	(278,814,041)

^{*} Directly deducted from cash flow hedging reserve item presented on the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

20- Provisions

		31/12/2017	31/12/2016
Claims provision	(20-1)	333,168,227	333,011,812
Severance pay provision	(20-1)	172,223,971	166,230,290
Financial guarantee for contingent liabilities	(20-1)	6,296,734	2,340,649
Balance		511,688,932	501,582,751
		========	

^{**} Directly deducted from changes in the fair value of available-for-sale investments item presented on the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

Translation of consolidated financial statements originally issued in Arabic

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December, 2017 (Continued) (In the notes all amounts are shown in EGP unless otherwise stated)

20-1	Claims	Severance Pay	Financial guarantee for contingent	Total
	provision	Provision*	liabilities	
Balance at the beginning	•			
of the year	333,011,812	166,230,290	2,340,649	501,582,751
Acquisition of subsidiaries		10,863,999		10,863,999
Formed during the year	18,336,740	29,895,751	5,015,452	53,247,943
Foreign currency differences	(278,770)	(4,339,261)		(4,618,031)
Amounts used during the year	(13,407,261)	(30,426,808)		(43,834,069)
Provision reversed	(4,494,294)		(1,059,367)	(5,553,661)
Balance at the end of the year	333,168,227	172,223,971	6,296,734	511,688,932

^{*}Related to group entities outside Egypt.

21- Loans and borrowings

The borrower	Credit	Contract	Maturity	21/12/2017	21/12/2017
TTC Hammes	limit	date	Date	31/12/2017	31/12/2016
EFG – Hermes	250:11:0	10/6/2015	10/6/2022	100 710 000	100 274 200
Leasing*	250 million	10/6/2015	10/6/2023 4/6/2022	190,710,008	199,274,290
>>	100 million	4/6/2015	14/9/2022	127,289,601	81,967,775
>>	280 million	14/7/2015		148,807,789	112,230,509
**	300 million	4/11/2015	4/11/2022	282,109,568	185,858,610
**	200 million	9/8/2015	9/8/2023	63,630,480	47,176,941
"	200 million	30/9/2015	30/9/2025	108,057,091	86,352,695
**	175 million	14/3/2016	14/3/2023	126,363,303	70,975,564
***	50 million	1/6/2016	1/6/2023	41,556,795	48,973,891
"	100 million	1/6/2016	1/5/2020	94,230,870	93,496,233
**	100 million	28/11/2016	31/10/2021	91,831,604	20,504,086
>>	80 million	15/12/2016	30/9/2021	25,463,555	10,531,282
>>	100 million	12/2/2017	28/2/2022	88,959,090	
"	70 million	19/2/2017	30/8/2024	69,672,390	
**	100 million	15/12/2016	30/9/2021	42,108,977	
,,	50 million	3/4/2017	3/4/2024	16,748,119	
,,	20 million	24/4/2017	24/4/2023	5,000,000	
***	100 million	25/5/2017	25/5/2022	64,294,114	
>>	65 million	29/5/2017	29/5/2024	58,729,430	
**	44 million	19/10/2017	19/10/2022	39,937,500	
>>	90 million	1/12/2017	1/6/2022	22,367,850	
EFG – Hermes					
Holding	150 million	29/2/2016	28/2/2021		150,000,000
EFG – Hermes					
Pakistan Limited	112.1 million	12/5/2017	11/5/2020	60,112,500	
Tanmeyah				• •	
Micro Énterprise					
Services S.A.E	50 million	30/3/2017	30/3/2018	22,008,821	
,,	500 million	18/6/2017	18/6/2022	4,800,937	w so
Valu	100 million	10/11/2017	9/11/2018	40,427,397	w ==
	Balance			1,835,217,789	1,107,341,876

Translation of consolidated financial statements originally issued in Arabic

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December, 2017 (Continued) (In the notes all amounts are shown in EGP unless otherwise stated)

Current	420,782,960	184,654,352
Non-current	1,414,434,829	922,687,524
Balance	1,835,217,789	1,107,341,876

^{*} EFG-Hermes Leasing (wholly owned subsidiary), is committed to settle the credit granted by waiving the rental value of the finance lease contracts to the banks within the credit amount.

22- Share capital

The company's authorized capital amounts EGP 6 billion and issued capital amounts EGP 3,074,472,890 distributed on 614,894,578 shares of par value EGP 5 per share which is fully paid.

23- Non - controlling interests

	31/12/2017	31/12/2016
Share capital	160,090,883	72,136,666
Legal reserve	16,037,802	18,344,483
Other reserves	13,323,755	(4,403,698)
Retained earnings (losses)	60,160,011	(5,137,939)
Goodwill of subsidiaries		23,323,331
Interim dividend		(13,656,958)
Profit for the year	23,629,548	36,210,196
Balance	273,241,999	126,816,081

24- Contingent liabilities

The company guarantees its subsidiaries – Financial Brokerage Group, Hermes Securities Brokerage, EFG Hermes Jordan and EFG Hermes Oman LLC. – against the credit facilities granted from banks and EFG- Hermes Brokerage – UAE against the Letters of Guarantee issued from banks amounting to:

	31/12/2017	31/12/2016
AED	118,670,000	118,670,000
Equivalent to EGP	573,508,376	581,554,202
Group off-financial position items:		
Assets under management	84,772,447,382	45,316,848,744

For the year ended

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December, 2017 (Continued) (In the notes all amounts are shown in EGP unless otherwise stated)

25- Incentive fee revenue

Due to inadequate assurance concerning the revenue recognition conditions and collection of the incentive fee on managing investment funds and portfolios, the assets management companies (subsidiaries) deferred the recognition of incentive fee with an amount of EGP 1,614,265 till December 31, 2017 versus EGP 2,970,687 till December 31, 2016 as no revenues are recognized if there are any uncertainties regarding the recovery of the consideration due.

Subsidiary's name	For the yea	ır ended
	31/12/2017	31/12/2016
Egyptian Portfolio Management Group	1,614,265	2,970,687
Total	1,614,265	2,970,687

26- Impairment loss on assets

	i or the je	mi ciraca
	31/12/2017	31/12/2016
Impairment loss on accounts receivables & debit accounts	38,726,322	5,588,277
Impairment loss on available -for- sale investments	1,827,270	87,566,353
Total	40,553,592	93,154,630
		=======

27- Income tax expense

	For the ye	ar ended
	31/12/2017	31/12/2016
Current income tax	340,550,682	(7,329,688)
Deferred tax	(214,297,658)	205,430,934
Total	126,253,024	198,101,246
	=========	

Translation of consolidated financial statements originally issued in Arabic

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December, 2017 (Continued) (In the notes all amounts are shown in EGP unless otherwise stated)

28- Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of preparing the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents are represented in the following:

	31/12/2017	31/12/2016
Cash and due from banks	9,633,777,190	11,507,605,161
Due to banks and financial institutions	(6,727,002,816)	(726,622,841)
Treasury bills less than 90 days	31,963,691	1,073,566,024
Effect of exchange rate		(206, 237, 548)
		
Cash and cash equivalents	2,938,738,065	11,648,310,796
		

29- General administrative expenses

For the year ended

	31/12/2017	31/12/2016
Wages, salaries and similar items *	1,402,678,086	1,405,600,463
Consultancy	84,934,176	79,681,607
Travel, accommodation and transportation	46,495,597	23,748,676
Leased line and communication	104,156,388	58,771,256
Rent and utilities expenses	91,481,088	45,465,756
Other expenses	252,996,485	221,070,892
Total	1,982,741,820	1,834,338,650
	the second sector with the sector sec	

* In 2016 the group based on the compensation committee recommendation approved enrolling a number employees in a two years retention program whereby these employees would receive a cash bonus during the company's annual bonus cycle that is based on the share price of EFG- Hermes Holding at the end of the relevant period. The line item (Wages, salaries and similar items) includes an amount of EGP 252,376,263 relevant to this program.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December, 2017 (Continued) (In the notes all amounts are shown in EGP unless otherwise stated)

30- Operating segment

(a) Basis for operating segment

Segment information is presented in respect of the Group's business segments.

The primary format, business segment, is based on the Group's management and internal reporting structure. Inter-segment pricing is determined on an arm's length basis. Segment results, assets and liabilities include items directly attributable to a segment. The revenue & expense and assets & liabilities analyses in the table below are based on the type of business activities and services that are distinguishable component.

For the year ended December 31, 2017

	Holding &	Brokerage	Asset	Investment	Private	Leasing	Micro	Adjustments	Total
	treasury		management	banking	equity		finance		
Fee and commission income	10,895	1,065,226,477	333,272,624	335,056,350	73,884,049	ŀ	176,377,367	ŧ	1,983,827,762
Securities gains	756,241,922	14,149,780	ŀ	(4,389,545)	1	ł	1	77 27	766,002,157
Revenues from leasing activities	I	ŀ	;	ŀ	ľ	560,216,548	l	ł	560,216,548
Changes in the investments at fair									
value through profit and loss	12,064,210	(3,002,524)	ŀ	I	}	ŀ	í	ł	9,061,686
Interest and dividend income	544,844,272	93,578,826	245,792	28,624,870	102,678,585	4,749,606	236,691,392	(140,667,492)	870,745,851
Foreign currencies differences	52,224,866	;	ŀ	1	ì	ŀ	ł	ŀ	52,224,866
Other income	76,388,132	31,947,695	800,164	5,196,415	59,595	303,988	1,532,569	**	116,228,558
Total revenues	1,441,774,297	1,201,900,254	334,318,580	364,488,090	176,622,229	565,270,142		414,601,328 (140,667,492)	4,358,307,428

EFG-Hermes Holding Company (Egyptian Joint Stock Company)

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December, 2017 (Continued) (In the notes all amounts are shown in EGP unless otherwise stated)

	Holding &	Brokerage	Asset	Investment	Private	Leasing	Micro	Adjustments	Total
	treasury		management	banking	equity		finance		
Fee and commission expense	(215,321)	(151,272,728)	(9,890,261)	(18,186,657)	(209,724)	1	(38,105)	28,294,425	(151,518,371)
Interest expense	(86,765,835)	(141,773,007)		(9,858,305)	(46,429,688)	(269,922,255)	(134,382,194)	152,495,332	(536,635,952)
Net revenues	1,354,793,141	908,854,519	324,428,319	336,443,128	129,982,817	295,347,887	280,181,029	40,122,265	3,670,153,105
General administrative expenses	(613,615,390)	(810,851,803)	(239,195,882)	(66,024,446)	(44,523,203)	(26,337,278)	(142,071,553)	(40,122,265)	(1,982,741,820)
Provisions	(17,937,038)	(17,086,230)	(8,906,253)	(1,855,786)	(379,684)	44	(7,082,952)	ł	(53,247,943)
Depreciation and amortization	(23,373,675)	(10,413,192)	(2,243,936)	(233,309)	(105,694)	(173,626,764)	(6,967,866)	1 1	(216,964,436)
Impairment loss on assets	1	(2,227,270)	(3,040,544)	1	(4,447,356)	(23,500,000)	(7,338,422)	1	(40,553,592)
Total expenses	(741,907,259)	(741,907,259) (1,133,624,230)	(263,276,876)	(96,158,503)	(96,095,349)	(493,386,297)	(297,881,092)	140,667,492	(2,981,662,114)
Profit before income tax	699,867,038	68,276,024	71,041,704	268,329,587	80,526,880	71,883,845	116,720,236	ł	1,376,645,314
Income tax expense	(30,138,051)	(45,391,410)	(6,302,361)	3,019,208	(796,467)	(19,717,503)	(26,926,440)		(126,253,024)
Profit from continuing operations	669,728,987	22,884,614	64,739,343	271,348,795	79,730,413	52,166,342	89,793,796		1,250,392,290
Total assets	8,580,984,642	8,580,984,642 25,681,825,961	1,789,133,317	228,430,762	1,856,181,864	2,109,468,096	1,005,677,599	1	41,251,702,241
Total liabilities	1,907,425,105	1,907,425,105 22,081,222,110	514,171,826	77,082,427	403,490,593	1,872,545,192	474,939,545	1	27,330,876,798

Translation of consolidated financial statements originally issued in Arabic

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December, 2017 (Continued) (In the notes all amounts are shown in EGP unless otherwise stated)

A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A		Leave	For the year enc	ended December 31, 2016	31, 2016				
	Holding &	Brokerage	Asset	Investment	Private	Leasing	Micro	Adjustments	Total
	Treasury		Management	Banking	Equity		Finance		
Fee and commission income	2,116,328	547,544,754	153,663,366	105,253,539	72,902,776	i e	71,327,085	1	952,807,848
Securities gains	77,281,428	5,462,630	I	1	!	ŀ	1	ŀ	82,744,058
Revenues from leasing activities	i	!	1	ł	ł	218,615,703	i i	1	218,615,703
Changes in the investments at fair									
value through profit and loss	27,867	(3,448,287)	t E	;	(2,137,985)	ł	ł	ŀ	(5,558,405)
Interest and dividend income	146,570,756	58,846,882	164	12,087,836	11,398,298	2,957,755	90,029,989	(44,629,947)	277,261,733
Foreign currencies differences	2,580,328,272	83,417,718	17,302,073	18,245,682	38,303,980	5,350	134,074	1	2,737,737,149
Other income	15,299,698	13,204,638	1,981,910	15,179,827	542,592	1	(3,736,498)	:	42,472,167
Total revenues	2,821,624,349	705,028,335	172,947,513	150,766,884	121,009,661	221,578,808	157,754,650	157,754,650 (44,629,947)	4,306,080,253
Fee and commission expense	(176,133)	(78,108,824)	(470,621)	(842,571)	(134,690)	(65,707)	(3,575,638)	19,475,585	(63,898,599)
Interest expense	(49,130,972)	(65,032,534)		(1,080,000)	18,028	(103,674,012)	(40,818,037)	43,898,537	(215,818,990)
Net revenues	2,772,317,244	561,886,977	172,476,892	148,844,313	120,892,999	117,839,089	113,360,975	18,744,175	4,026,362,664

Translation of consolidated financial statements originally issued in Arabic

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December, 2017 (Continued) (In the notes all amounts are shown in EGP unless otherwise stated)

	Holding &	Brokerage	Asset	Investment	Private	Leasing	Micro	Adjustments	Total
	Treasury		Management	Banking	Equity		Finance		
General administrative expenses	(860,416,182)	(860,416,182) (489,242,576)	(109,558,582)	(151,324,684)	(104,343,344)	(26,794,640)	(73,914,467)	(18,744,175)	(1,834,338,650)
Provisions	(113,666,436)	(25,446,175)	(11,472,876)	(10,968,196)	(12,221,209)	ŀ	(6,021,829)	ŀ	(179,796,721)
Depreciation and amortization	(20,619,973)	(6,663,648)	(571,298)	(291,765)	(118,752)	(73,636,953)	(3,205,620)	ŀ	(105,108,009)
Impairment loss on assets	(81,387,250)	(6,682,867)	(878,202)	(870,933)	(3,335,378)	!	1	-	(93,154,630)
Total expenses	(1,125,396,946) (671,176,624) (122,951,579)	(671,176,624)	(122,951,579)		(120,135,345)	(165,378,149) (120,135,345) (204,171,312) (127,535,591)	(127,535,591)	44,629,947	(2,492,115,599)
Profit (loss) before income tax	1,696,227,403	33,851,711	49,995,934	(14,611,265)	874,316	17,407,496	30,219,059	I	1,813,964,654
Income tax expense	(118,217,011)	(58,699,662)	(3,575,049)	(4,817,283)	(2,402,556)	(3,380,966)	(7,008,719)	***************************************	(198,101,246)
Profit (loss) from continuing									
operation	1,578,010,392	(24,847,951)	46,420,885	(19,428,548)	(1,528,240)	14,026,530	23,210,340	1	1,615,863,408
Total assets	10,267,328,959 7,387,023,100 1,746,689,735	7,387,023,100	1,746,689,735	7,868,307	7,868,307 1,425,481,920 1,174,674,232	1,174,674,232	692,765,217	ł	22,701,831,470
Total liabilities	1,539,281,438 5,301,833,684	5,301,833,684	287,198,349	126,760,819	450,852,971	450,852,971 1,007,085,051	170,914,627	ŀ	8,883,926,939

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December, 2017 (Continued) (In the notes all amounts are shown in EGP unless otherwise stated)

(b) Geographical segments

- The Group operates in three main geographical areas: Egypt, GCC and Lebanon. In presenting the geographic information, segment revenue has been based on the geographical location of operation and the segment assets were based on the geographical location of the assets. The group's operations are reported under geographical segments, reflecting their respective size of operation.
- The revenue analysis in the tables below is based on the location of the operating company, which is the same as the location of the major customers and the location of the operating companies.

		December	31, 2017		
	Egypt	GCC	Lebanon	Other	Total
Total revenues	2,748,887,937	1,069,533,763	397,696,250	142,189,478	4,358,307,428
Segment assets	13,330,496,779	24,940,913,449	2,616,321,715	363,970,298	41,251,702,241
		December	31, 2016		
	Egypt	GCC	Lebanon	Other	Total
Total revenues	3,577,505,675	662,230,802	33,417,027	32,926,749	4,306,080,253
Segment assets	11,426,102,696	7,188,878,983	3,907,767,768	179,082,023	22,701,831,470

31- Tax status (the holding company)

- As to Income Tax, the years till 31/12/2010 the competent Tax Inspectorate inspected the parent company's books and all the disputed points have been settled with the Internal Committee and as to years 2011 / 2013 have been inspected and all the disputed points have been settled with the Internal Committee. And as to years 2014 / 2015 have been inspected and all the disputed points have been settled with the Internal Committee. As to year 2016, according to tax form of tax law no. 91 of 2005 the company has submitted the tax returns and paid the due tax.
- As to Salaries Tax, the parent company's books had been examined till 2008 and all the disputed points have been settled with the Internal Committee and as to years 2009 / 2012 company's books had been examined and the settlement procedures are currently taking place, and as to years 2013 / 2017 have not been inspected yet.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December, 2017 (Continued) (In the notes all amounts are shown in EGP unless otherwise stated)

- As to Stamp Tax, the parent company's books had been examined from 1/1/1998 till 31/7/2006 and paid the due tax according to the resolution of appeal committee which was objected thereon in the court, and the period from 1/8/2006 till 31/12/2013 has been inspected and all the disputed points have been settled with the competent Tax Inspectorate as to years 2014/2017 have not been inspected yet.

32- Group's entities

The parent company owns the following subsidiaries:

	Direct ownership	Indirect ownership
	°/ ₀	%
Financial Brokerage Group	99,87	0,09
Egyptian Fund Management Group	88,51	11,49
Egyptian Portfolio Management Group	66,33	33,67
Hermes Securities Brokerage	97,58	2,42
Hermes Fund Management	89,95	10,05
Hermes Corporate Finance	99,37	0,53
EFG - Hermes Advisory Inc.	100	
EFG- Hermes Financial Management (Egypt) Ltd.	. 	100
EFG - Hermes Promoting & Underwriting	99,88	
Bayonne Enterprises Ltd.	100	
EFG- Hermes Fixed Income	99	1
EFG- Hermes Management	96,3	3,7
EFG- Hermes Private Equity	1,59	63,41
EFG- Hermes Brokerage – UAE LLC.		100
Flemming CIIC Holding	100	
Flemming Mansour Securities		99,33
Flemming CIIC Securities		96
Flemming CIIC Corporate Finance		74,92
EFG- Hermes UAE Ltd.	100	
EFG- Hermes Holding - Lebanon	99	***
EFG- Hermes KSA	73,1	26,9
EFG- Hermes Lebanon	99	0,97
Mena Opportunities Management Limited		95

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December, 2017 (Continued) (In the notes all amounts are shown in EGP unless otherwise stated)

Π	irect ownership	Indirect ownership
	%	%
Mena (BVI) Holding Ltd.	***	95
EFG - Hermes Mena Securities Ltd.		100
Middle East North Africa Financial Investments W.I	L	100
EFG- Hermes Oman LLC		51
EFG- Hermes Regional Investment Ltd.	100	
Offset Holding KSC **		50
EFG- Hermes IFA Financial Brokerage		63,084
IDEAVELOPERS		52
EFG- Hermes CB Holding Limited		100
EFG- Hermes Global CB Holding Limited	100	
EFG - Hermes Syria LLC *	49	20,37
Sindyan Syria LLC *	97	
Talas & Co. LLP *		97
EFG - Hermes Jordan	100	
Mena Long-Term Value Feeder Holdings Ltd.		100
Mena Long-Term Value Master Holdings Ltd.		90
Mena Long-Term Value Management Ltd.		90
EFG - Hermes CL Holding SAL		100
EFG - Hermes Investment Funds Co.	99,998	
EFG-Hermes IB Limited	100	
EFG- Hermes Mutual Funds Co.	100	
Beaufort Investments Company	100	
EFG-Hermes Leasing		100
EFG Hermes-Direct Investment Fund	64	
Tanmeyah Micro Enterprise Services S.A.E		94
EFG – Hermes Frontier Holdings LLC	100	
EFG – Hermes USA	100	
EFG Capital Partners III		65
Health Management Company		52.5
EFG – Hermes Kenya Ltd.		100
EFG Finance Holding	99	1
EFG - Hermes Pakistan Limited		51
EFG - Hermes UK Limited		100
OLT Investment International Company (B.S.C)	99.9	
Frontier Investment Management Partners LTD	**	50
EFG-Hermes SP limited		100
Valu		100
EFG-Hermes Factoring		100
Beaufort Asset Managers LTD		100
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Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December, 2017 (Continued) (In the notes all amounts are shown in EGP unless otherwise stated)

- * Due to exposing Syrian Arab Republic to events have significantly impact on the economic sectors in general and lead to lose of control so, the company's management decided in 2016 to transfer these investments from investments in subsidiaries to available for sale investments.
- ** The Holding Company has the power to govern the financial and operating policies of the mentioned companies then the investees Companies is classified as investments in subsidiaries.

33- Financial instruments and management of related risks:

The Company's financial instruments are represented in the financial assets and liabilities. Financial assets include cash balances with banks, investments and debtors while financial liabilities include loans and creditors. Notes to financial statements includes significant accounting policies applied regarding basis of recognition and measurement of the important financial instruments and related revenues and expenses by the company to minimize the consequences of such risks.

33-1 Market risk

Market risk is defined as the potential loss in both on and off financial position resulting from movements in market risk factors such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates, and equity prices.

Market risk is represented in the factors which affect values, earnings and profits of all securities negotiated in stock exchange or affect the value, earning and profit of a particular security.

According to the company's investment policy, the following procedures are undertaken to reduce the effect of this risk.

- Performing the necessary studies before investment decision in order to verify that investment is made in potential securities.
- Diversification of investments in different sectors and industries.
- Performing continuous studies required to follow up the company's investments and their development.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December, 2017 (Continued) (In the notes all amounts are shown in EGP unless otherwise stated)

33-2 Foreign currencies risk

- The foreign currencies exchange risk represents the risk of fluctuation in exchange rates, which in turn affects the company's cash inflows and outflows as well as the value of its assets and liabilities in foreign currencies.
- The company has revaluate assets and liabilities at the financial position date as disclosed in foreign currency accounting policy.

33-3 Risk management

In the ordinary course of business, the Group is exposed to a variety of risks, the most important of which are liquidity risk, interest rate risk, currency risk, credit risk and market risk. These risks are identified, measured and monitored through various control mechanisms in order to price facilities and products on a risk adjusted basis and to prevent undue risk concentrations.

The independent risk control process does not include business risks such as changes in the environment, technology and industry. They are monitored through the Group's strategic planning process.

33-4 Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of a person or an organization defaulting in the repayment of their obligations to the Group in respect of the terms and conditions of the credit facilities granted to them by the Group. The management minimizes this risk by spreading its loan portfolio overall economic sectors and by adopting appropriate procedures and controls to evaluate the quality of the credit facilities granted and the creditworthiness of the borrowers. The credit risk of connected accounts is monitored on a united basis. In addition, the effective credit appraisal procedure for examining applications for credit facilities followed by the Group, adopts as the main criteria the repayment capability and obtaining sufficient collateral. The continuous monitoring of credit accounts and the timely preventive action further minimize, to a large extent, the exposure to credit risk.

33-5 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will be unable to meet its payment obligations when they fall due under normal and stress circumstances. To limit this risk, management has arranged diversified funding sources in addition to its core deposit base, manages assets with liquidity in mind and monitors future cash flows and liquidity on daily basis. This

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Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December, 2017 (Continued) (In the notes all amounts are shown in EGP unless otherwise stated)

incorporates an assessment of expected cash flows and the availability of high grade collateral which could be used to secure additional funding if required.

The Group maintains a portfolio of high marketable and diverse assets that can be easily liquidated in the event of an unforeseen interpretation of cash flow. In addition, the Group maintains statutory deposits with the Central Banks.

The liquidity position is assessed and managed under a variety of scenarios, giving due consideration to stress factors relating to both the market in general and to the Group in specific. The Group maintains a solid ratio of high liquid net assets in foreign currencies to deposits and commitments in foreign currencies taking markets conditions into consideration.

33-6 Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk stems from the sensitivity of earnings to future movements in interest rates applied on assets and liabilities.

The Group's management closely monitors interest rate fluctuations on a continuous basis and ensures that assets and liabilities are matched and re-priced in a timely manner. The Group is exposed to interest rate risk as a result of mismatches or gaps in the amounts of assets and liabilities that mature or are re-priced in a given period. The most important source of interest rate risk derives from the lending, funding and investing activities, where fluctuations in interest rates are reflected in interest margins and earnings.

33-7 Equity price risk

Equity price risk is the risk that the value of a portfolio will fall as a result of change in stock prices. Risk factors underlying this type of market risk are a whole range of various equity (and index) prices corresponding to different markets (and currencies/maturities), in which the Group holds equity-related positions.

The Group sets tight limits on equity exposures and the types of equity instruments that traders are allowed to take positions in. Nevertheless, depending on the complexity of financial instruments, equity risk is measured in first cash terms, such as the market value of a stock/index position, and also in price sensitivities, such as sensitivity of the value of a portfolio to changes in the underlying asset price. These measures are applied to an individual position and/or a portfolio of equity products.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December, 2017 (Continued) (In the notes all amounts are shown in EGP unless otherwise stated)

33-8 Operational risk

Operational risk is the risk of direct or indirect loss due to an event or action causing failure of technology, process infrastructure, personnel, and other risks having an operational risk impact. The Group seeks to minimize actual or potential losses from operational risk failure through a framework of policies and procedures that identify, assess, control, manage, and report those risks. Controls include effective segregation of duties, access, authorization and reconciliation procedures, staff education and assessment processes.

33-9 Fair value of financial instruments

The fair value of the financial instruments does not substantially deviated from its book value at the financial position date. According to the valuation basis applied, in accounting policies to the assets and liabilities.

33-10 Derivative financial instruments and hedge accounting

- Derivatives are initially recognized at fair value on the date on which a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently re-measured at their fair value, according to the valuation basis applied, in accounting policies to derivative financial instruments.
- In accordance with an arrangement between the subsidiary, EFG-Hermes Mena Securities Limited Co. and its customers ("the customers"), the Company from time to time enters into fully paid Shares Swap Transaction Contracts ("the contracts") with the customers. Under the contracts the customers pay to the Company a pre-determined price, which is essentially the market price at the trade date, in respect of certain reference securities. In return for such shares swap transactions the Company pays to the customers the mark to market price of the reference securities at a pre-determined date (normally after one year). However, the contracts can be terminated at any time by either of the parties, which shall be the affected party.

In order to hedge the price risks with respect to the reference securities under the contracts, the Company enters into back-to-back fully paid Share Swap Transaction Contracts with other subsidiaries, MENA Financial Investments W.L.L. ("MENA-F") and EFG-Hermes KSA.

Accordingly, the Share Swap Transactions are measured at fair value based on underlying reference securities under the contracts.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December, 2017 (Continued) (In the notes all amounts are shown in EGP unless otherwise stated)

34- Significant accounting policies applied

34-1 Business Combination

- The Group accounts for business combinations using the acquisition method when control is transferred to the Group.
- The consideration transferred in the acquisition is generally measured at fair value, as are the identifiable net assets acquired.
- Any goodwill that arises is tested annually for impairment, any gain on a bargain purchase is recognized immediately in profit or loss
- Transaction costs are expensed as incurred, except if related to the issue of debtor equity securities.
- The consideration transferred doesn't include amounts related to the settlement of pre-existing relationships. Such amounts are generally recognized in profit or loss.
- Any contingent consideration is measured at fair value at the date of acquisition. If an obligation to pay contingent consideration that meets the definition of a financial instrument is classified as equity, then it is not re measured and settlement is accounted for within equity. Otherwise, other contingent consideration is re measured at fair value at each reporting date and subsequent changes in the fair value of the contingent consideration are recognized in profit or loss.

34-2 Subsidiaries

- Subsidiaries are entities controlled by the Group.
- The Group controls an entity when it is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity.
- The financial statements of subsidiaries are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date on which control commences until the date on which control ceases.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December, 2017 (Continued) (In the notes all amounts are shown in EGP unless otherwise stated)

34-2-1 Non-controlling interests

NCI are measured at their proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets at the date of acquisition. Changes in the Group's interest in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions.

34-2-2 Loss of control

When the Group loses control over a subsidiary, it derecognises the assets and liabilities of the subsidiary, and any related NCI and other components of equity. Any resulting gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss. Any interest retained in the former subsidiary is measured at fair value when control is lost.

34-3 Interests in equity-accounted investees

The Group's interests in equity-accounted investees comprise interests in associates and a joint venture. Associates are those entities in which the Group has significant influence, but not control or joint control, over the financial and operating policies. A joint venture is an arrangement in which the Group has joint control, where by the Group has rights to the net assets of the arrangement.

Rather than rights to its assets and obligations for its liabilities. Interests in associates and the joint venture are accounted for using the equity method. They are initially recognized at cost, which includes transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, the consolidated financial statements include the Group's share of the profit or loss and OCI of equity accounted investees, until the date on which significant influence or joint control ceases.

34-3-1 Transactions eliminated on consolidation

Intra-group balances and transactions, and any unrealised income and expenses arising fromintra-group transactions, are eliminated. Unrealised gains arising from transactions with equity accounted investees are eliminated against the investment to the extent of the

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December, 2017 (Continued) (In the notes all amounts are shown in EGP unless otherwise stated)

Group's interest in the investee. Unrealised losses are eliminated in the same way as unrealised gains, but only to the extent that there is no evidence of impairment.

34-4 Foreign currency

34-4-1 Foreign currency transactions

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into the respective functional currencies of Group companies at the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into the functional currency at the exchange rate at the reporting date. Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated into the functional currency at the exchange rate when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured based on historical cost in a foreign currency are translated at the exchange rate at the date of the transaction. Foreign currency differences are generally recognized in profit or loss. However, foreign currency differences arising from the translation of the following items are recognized in OCI:

- Available-for-sale equity investments (except on impairment, in which case foreign currency differences that have been recognized in OCI are reclassified to profit or loss);
- A financial liability designated as a hedge of the net investment in a foreign operation to the extent that the hedge is effective.
- Qualifying cash flow hedges to the extent that the hedges are effective.

34-4-2 Foreign operations

The assets and liabilities of foreign operations, including goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on acquisition, are translated at the exchange rates at the reporting date. The income and expenses of

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December, 2017 (Continued) (In the notes all amounts are shown in EGP unless otherwise stated)

foreign operations are translated at the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

Foreign currency differences are recognized in OCI and accumulated in the translation reserve, except to the extent that the translation difference is allocated to NCI.

When a foreign operation is disposed of in its entirety or partially such that control, significant influence or joint control is lost, the cumulative amount in the translation reserve related to that foreign operation is reclassified to profit or loss as part of the gain or loss on disposal. If the Group disposes of part of its interest in a subsidiary but retains control, then the relevant proportion of the cumulative amount is reattributed to NCI. When the Group disposes of only part of an associate or joint venture while retaining significant influence or joint control, the relevant proportion of the cumulative amount is reclassified to profit or loss.

34-5 Discontinued operation

A discontinued operation is a component of the Group's business, the operations and cash flows of which can be clearly distinguished from the rest of the Group.

Classification as a discontinued operation occurs at the earlier of disposal or when the operation meets the criteria to be classified as held-for-sale.

When an operation is classified as a discontinued operation, the comparative statement of profit or loss and OCI is re-presented as if the operation had been discontinued from the start of the comparative period.

34-6 Revenue

34-6-1 Gain (loss) on sale of investments

Gain (loss) resulting from sale of investments are recognized on transaction date and measured by the difference between cost and selling price less selling commission and expenses. In case of derecognizing of investments in associates, the difference between

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December, 2017 (Continued) (In the notes all amounts are shown in EGP unless otherwise stated)

the carrying amount and the sum of both the consideration received and cumulative gain or loss that had been recognized in shareholders' equity shall be recognized in income statement.

34-6-2 Dividend income

Dividend income is recognized when declared.

34-6-3 Custody fee

Custody fees are recognized when the service is provided and the invoice is issued.

34-6-4 Interest income and expenses

Interest income and expenses are recognized in the income statement under "Interest income" item or "Interest expenses" by using the effective interest rate method of all instruments bearing interest other than those classified held for trading or which have been classified at inception "fair value through income statement".

34-6-5 Fee and commission income

Fee related to servicing the loan or facility are recognized in income when performing the service while the fees and commissions related to non-performing or impaired loans are not recognized, instead, they are to be recorded in marginal records off the financial position. Then they are recognized within the income pursuant to the cash basis when the interest income is collected. As for fees which represent an integral part of the actual return on the financial assets, they are treated as an amendment to the rate of actual return.

34-6-6 Brokerage commission

Brokerage commission resulting from purchase of and sale of securities operations in favor of clients are recorded when operation is implemented and the invoice is issued.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December, 2017 (Continued) (In the notes all amounts are shown in EGP unless otherwise stated)

34-6-7 Management fee

Management fee is calculated as determined by the management contract of each investment fund & portfolio and recorded on accrual basis.

34-6-8 Incentive fee

Incentive fee is calculated based on certain percentages of the annual return realized by the fund and portfolio, however these incentive fee will not be recognized until revenue realization conditions are satisfied and there is adequate assurance of collection.

34-6-9 Finance lease income

Income resulted from lease contracts is recognized based on internal return rate resulted from lease contracts in addition to the equivalent amount of a periodical depreciation installment. The differences between the income recognized and accrued rental value for the same period is suspended in a separate account, and is to be settled with the carrying amount of the leased assets at the end of contract period.

34-6-10 Investment property rental income

Rental income from investment property is recognized as revenue on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. Lease incentives granted are recognized as an integral part of the total rental income, over the term of the lease. Rental income from other property is recognized as other income.

34-6-11 Revenue from micro-finance services

Revenue from micro-finance services is recognized based on time proportion taking into consideration the rate of return on asset. Revenue yield is recognized in the income statement using the effective interest method for all financial instruments that carry a yield, the effective interest method is the method of Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December, 2017 (Continued) (In the notes all amounts are shown in EGP unless otherwise stated)

measuring the amortized cost of a financial asset and distributing the revenue over the life of time the relevant instrument. The effective interest rate is the rate that discounts estimated future cash receipts during the expected life of the financial instrument to reach the book value of the financial asset.

- When classifying loans to customers as irregular, no income is recognized on its return and it is recognized in marginal records outside the financial statements and are recognized as revenue in accordance with the cash basis when it is collected.
- The commission income is represented in the value of the difference between the yield of the financing granted microenterprises and the accruals of the company's bank by deducting the services provided directly from the amounts collected from the entrepreneurs.
- The benefits and commissions resulting from the performance of the service are recognized, according to the accrual basis as soon as the service is provided to the client unless those revenues cover more of the financial period are recognized on a time proportion basis.
- An administrative commission of 8% of the loan granted to customers is collected on contracting in exchange for the issuance of the loan service and administrative commission revenue are proven in the income statement upon the issuance of the loan to the client.
- A commission delay in payments of premiums is collected at rates agreed upon within the contracts and are recognized as soon as customers delayed payment on the basis of the extended delay.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December, 2017 (Continued) (In the notes all amounts are shown in EGP unless otherwise stated)

34-7 Income tax

Income tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. It is recognized in profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to a business combination, or items recognized directly in equity or in OCI.

34-7-1 Current tax

Current tax comprises the expected tax payable or receivable on the taxable income or loss for the year and any adjustment to the tax payable or receivable in respect of previous years. The amount of current tax payable or receivable is the best estimate of the tax amount expected to be paid or received that reflects uncertainty related to income taxes, if any. It is measured using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date. Current tax also includes any tax arising from dividends.

Current tax assets and liabilities are offset only if certain criteria are met.

34-7-2 Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognized in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes.

Deferred tax is not recognized for:

- Temporary differences on the initial recognition of assets or liabilities in a transaction that is not a business combination and that affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss;
- Temporary differences related to investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint arrangements to the extent that the Group is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that they will not reverse in the foreseeable future.
- Taxable temporary differences arising on the initial recognition of goodwill.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December, 2017 (Continued) (In the notes all amounts are shown in EGP unless otherwise stated)

Deferred tax assets are recognized for unused tax losses, unused tax credits and deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be used. Future taxable profits are determined based on business plans for individual subsidiaries in the Group. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized; such reductions are reversed when the probability of future taxable profits improves.

Unrecognized deferred tax assets are reassessed at each reporting date and recognized to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be used.

Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to be applied to temporary differences when they reverse, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

The measurement of deferred tax reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the reporting date, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities. For this purpose, the carrying amount of investment property measured at fair value is presumed to be recovered through sale, and the Group has not rebutted this presumption.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset only if certain criteria are met.

34-8 Property, plant and equipment

34-8-1 Recognition and measurement

Items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. The cost of certain items of property, plant and equipment. If significant parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, then they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment. Any gain or loss on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognized in profit or loss.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December, 2017 (Continued) (In the notes all amounts are shown in EGP unless otherwise stated)

34-8-2 Subsequent expenditure

Subsequent expenditure is capitalised only if it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the Group.

34-8-3 Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated to write off the cost of items of property, plant and equipment less their estimated residual values using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives, and is generally recognized in profit or loss. Leased assets are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives unless it is reasonably certain that the Group will obtain ownership by the end of the lease term. Land is not depreciated. The estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment for current and comparative periods are as follows:

	Estimated useful life
- Buildings	33.3 - 50 years
- Office furniture, equipment &	
electrical appliances	2-16.67 years
- Computer equipment	3.33 - 5 years
- Transportation means	3.33 - 8 years

Leased assets are recorded at their historical cost after deducting the accumulated depreciation and any impairment in its value and are depreciated using the straight line method over the estimated productive life for each type of assets as follows:

	Estimated useful life
- Buildings and premises	20 years
- Equipment	5 -7 years
- Computer equipment	3 years
- Vehicles & transportation means	5 years

Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted if appropriate.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December, 2017 (Continued) (In the notes all amounts are shown in EGP unless otherwise stated)

34-8-4 Reclassification to investment property

When the use of a property changes from owner-occupied to investment property.

34-9 Projects under construction

Projects under construction are recognized initially at cost, the book value is amended by any impairment concerning the value of these projects cost includes all expenditures directly attributable to bringing the asset to a working condition for its intended use. Property and equipment under construction are transferred to property and equipment caption when they are completed and are ready for their intended use.

34-10 Intangible assets and goodwill

- Goodwill

Goodwill arising on the acquisition of subsidiaries is measured at cost less accumulated impairment losses.

- Research and development

Expenditure on research activities is recognized in profit or loss as incurred.

Development expenditure is capitalised only if the expenditure can be measured reliably, the product or process is technically and commercially feasible, future economic benefits are probable and the Group intends to and has sufficient resources to complete development and to use or sell the asset. Otherwise, it is recognized in profit or loss as incurred. Subsequent to initial recognition, development expenditure is measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

- Other intangible assets

Other intangible assets, are measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December, 2017 (Continued) (In the notes all amounts are shown in EGP unless otherwise stated)

34-11 Investment property

Investment property is measured at cost on initial recognition.

Subsequent to initial recognition investment property is measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment loss, if any. Investment property is depreciated on a straight line basis over is useful life. The estimated useful life of investment property is 33 years.

34-12 Assets held for sale

Non-current assets, or disposal groups comprising assets and liabilities, are classified as held-for-sale if it is highly probable that they will be recovered primarily through sale rather than through continuing use.

Such assets, or disposal groups, are generally measured at the lower of their carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell. Any impairment loss on a disposal group is allocated first to goodwill, and then to the remaining assets and liabilities on a pro rata basis, except that no loss is allocated to inventories, financial assets, deferred tax assets, employee benefit assets, investment property or biological assets, which continue to be measured in accordance with the Group's other accounting policies. Impairment losses on initial classification as held-for-sale or held-for distribution and subsequent gains and losses on remeasurement are recognised in profit or loss.

Once classified as held-for-sale, intangible assets and property, plant and equipment are no longer amortised or depreciated, and any equity-accounted investee is no longer equity accounted.

34-13 Financial instruments

The Group classifies non-derivative financial assets into the following categories: financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, held-to-maturity financial assets, loans and receivables and available-for-sale financial assets.

The Group classifies non-derivative financial liabilities into the following categories: financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss and other financial liabilities category.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December, 2017 (Continued) (In the notes all amounts are shown in EGP unless otherwise stated)

34-13-1 Non-derivative financial assets and financial liabilities – Recognition and Derecognition

The Group initially recognises loans and receivables and debt securities issued on the date when they are originated. All other financial assets and financial liabilities are initially recognised on the trade date when the entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

The Group derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows in a transaction in which substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred, or it neither transfers nor retains substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership and does not retain control over the transferred asset. Any interest in such derecognised financial assets that is created or retained by the Group is recognised as a separate asset or liability.

The Group derecognises a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged or cancelled, or expire.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the statement of financial position when, and only when, the Group currently has a legally enforceable right to offset the amounts and intends either to settle them on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

34-13-2 Non-derivative financial assets – Measurement Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

A financial asset is classified as at fair value through profit or loss if it is classified as held for-trading or is designated as such on initial recognition. Directly attributable transaction costs are recognised in profit or loss as incurred. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value and changes therein, including any interest or dividend income, are recognised in profit or loss.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December, 2017 (Continued) (In the notes all amounts are shown in EGP unless otherwise stated)

Held-to-maturity financial assets

These assets are initially measured at fair value plus any directly attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, they are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Loans and receivables

These assets are initially measured at fair value plus any directly attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, they are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Available-for-sale financial assets

These assets are initially measured at fair value plus any directly attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, they are measured at fair value and changes therein, other than impairment losses and foreign currency differences on debt instruments are recognised in OCI and accumulated in the fair value reserve. When these assets are derecognised, the gain or loss accumulated in equity is reclassified to profit or loss.

34-13-3 Non-derivative financial liabilities – Measurement

A financial liability is classified as at fair value through profit or loss if it is classified as held-for-trading or is designated as such on initial recognition. Directly attributable transaction costs are recognized in profit or loss as incurred. Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value and changes therein, including any interest expense, are recognized in profit or loss.

Other non-derivative financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value less any directly attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, these liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

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34-13-4 Derivative financial instruments and hedge accounting

The Group holds derivative financial instruments to hedge its foreign currency and interest rate risk exposures. Embedded derivatives are separated from the host contract and accounted for separately if certain criteria are met.

Derivatives are initially measured at fair value; any directly attributable transaction costs are recognized in profit or loss as incurred. Subsequent to initial recognition, derivatives are measured at fair value, and changes therein are generally recognized in profit or loss.

34-13-4-1 Cash flow hedges

When a derivative is designated as a cash flow hedging instrument, the effective portion of changes in the fair value of the derivative is recognized in OCI and accumulated in the hedging reserve. Any ineffective portion of changes in the fair value of the derivative is recognized immediately in profit or loss.

The amount accumulated in equity is retained in OCI and reclassified to profit or loss in the same period or periods during which the hedged forecast cash flows affects profit or loss or the hedged item affects profit or loss.

If the forecast transaction is no longer expected to occur, the hedge no longer meets the criteria for hedge accounting, the hedging instrument expires or is sold, terminated or exercised, or the designation is revoked, then hedge accounting is discontinued prospectively. If the forecast transaction is no longer expected to occur, then the amount accumulated in equity is reclassified to profit or loss.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December, 2017 (Continued) (In the notes all amounts are shown in EGP unless otherwise stated)

34-14 Share capital

34-14-1 Ordinary shares

Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of ordinary shares are recognized as a deduction from equity. Income tax relating to transaction costs of an equity transaction are accounted for in accordance with EAS 24.

34-14-2 Repurchase and reissue of ordinary shares (treasury shares)

When shares recognized as equity are repurchased, the amount of the consideration paid, which includes directly attributable costs is recognized as a deduction from equity. Repurchased shares are classified as treasury shares and are presented in the treasury share reserve. When treasury shares are sold or reissued subsequently, the amount received is recognized as an increase in equity and the resulting surplus or deficit on the transaction is presented within share premium.

34-15 Legal reserve

The Company's statutes provides for deduction of a sum equal to 5% of the annual net profit for formation of the legal reserve. Such deduction will be ceased when the total reserve reaches an amount equal to half of the Company's issued capital and when the reserve falls below this limit, it shall be necessary to resume

34-16 Impairment

34-16-1 Non-derivative financial assets

Financial assets not classified as at fair value through profit or loss, including an interest in an equity accounted investee, are assessed at each reporting date to determine whether there is objective evidence of impairment.

Objective evidence that financial assets are impaired includes:

Default or delinquency by a debtor;

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December, 2017 (Continued) (In the notes all amounts are shown in EGP unless otherwise stated)

- Restructuring of an amount due to the Group on terms that the Group would not consider otherwise;
- Indications that a debtor or issuer will enter bankruptcy;
- Adverse changes in the payment status of borrowers or issuers;
- The disappearance of an active market for a security because of financial difficulties.
- Observable data indicating that there is a measurable decrease in the expected cash flows from a group of financial assets.

For an investment in an equity security, objective evidence of impairment includes a significant or prolonged decline in its fair value below its cost.

Financial assets measured at amortized cost

The Group considers evidence of impairment for these assets at both an individual asset and a collective level. All individually significant assets are individually assessed for impairment. Those found not to be impaired are then collectively assessed for any impairment that has been incurred but not yet individually identified. Assets that are not individually significant are collectively assessed for impairment. Collective assessment is carried out by grouping together assets with similar risk characteristics.

In assessing collective impairment, the Group uses historical information on the timing of recoveries and the amount of loss incurred, and makes an adjustment if current economic and credit conditions are such that the actual losses are likely to be greater or lesser than suggested by historical trends.

An impairment loss is calculated as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. Losses are recognized in profit or loss and reflected in an allowance account. When the Group considers that there are no realistic prospects of recovery of the asset, the relevant amounts are written off. If the amount of impairment loss

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December, 2017 (Continued) (In the notes all amounts are shown in EGP unless otherwise stated)

subsequently decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognized, then the previously recognized impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss.

Available-for-sale financial assets

Impairment losses on available-for-sale financial assets are recognized by reclassifying the losses accumulated in the fair value reserve to profit or loss. The amount reclassified is the difference between the acquisition cost (net of any principal repayment and amortization) and the current fair value, less any impairment loss previously recognized in profit or loss. If the fair value of an impaired available-for-sale debt security subsequently increases and the increase can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognized, then the impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss. Impairment losses recognized in profit or loss for an investment in an equity instrument classified as available-for-sale are not reversed through profit or loss.

Equity-accounted investees

An impairment loss in respect of an equity-accounted investee is measured by comparing the recoverable amount of the investment with its carrying amount. An impairment loss is recognized in profit or loss, and is reversed if there has been an estimates used to determine the recoverable amount.

34-16-2 Non-financial assets

At each reporting date, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its non-financial assets (other than investment property and deferred tax assets) to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. Goodwill is tested annually for impairment.

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For impairment testing, assets are grouped together into the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or CGUs. Goodwill arising from a business combination is allocated to CGUs or groups of CGUs that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination.

The recoverable amount of an asset or CGU is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell. Value in use is based on the estimated future cash flows, discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset or CGU.

An impairment loss is recognized if the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount.

Impairment losses are recognized in profit or loss. They are allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the CGU, and then to reduce the carrying amounts of the other assets in the CGU on a pro rata basis.

An impairment loss in respect of goodwill is not reversed. For other assets, an impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortization, if no impairment loss had been recognized.

The provision for doubtful debts is calculated on the investment cost of the leased assets (cost of leased assets in addition to its return at the date of calculating the provision) which are uncertainly collected i.e. (doubtful rent value) after deducting the credit deposits held by the Company. The Company's provisions committee specifies the provision percentage for each credit class which is calculated according to the risk rates of the doubtful rent values or according to the negative changes of the credit indicators, this provision is reviewed regularly or whenever there is a need to do so.

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34-17 Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Group has a legal or constructive current obligation as a result of a past event and it's probable that a flow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation. If the effect is material, provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessment of the time value of money and, where appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. Provisions are reviewed at the financial position date and amended (when necessary) to represent the best current estimate.

34-18 Treasury bills

Treasury bills are recorded at nominal value and the unearned income is recorded under the item of "creditors and other credit balances". Treasury bills are presented on the financial position net of the unearned income.

34-19 Trade, and notes receivables, debtors and other debit balances

- Trade, notes receivables, debtors and other debit balances are stated at nominal value less impairment losses.
- The Company's lessees and the leased assets are regularly classified & evaluated and their obligations are reduced by the rent value paid in each financial period, and with the assurance of the availability of adequate guarantee to collect the client's rent values.

34-20 Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of preparing the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes the balances, whose maturity do not exceed three months from the date of acquisition, cash on hand, cheques under collection and due from banks and financial institutions.

34-21 Profit sharing to employees

The holding company pays 10% of its cash dividends as profit sharing to its employees provided that it will not exceed total employees annual salaries. Profit sharing is recognized as a dividend distribution through equity and as a liability when approved by the Company's shareholders.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December, 2017 (Continued) (In the notes all amounts are shown in EGP unless otherwise stated)

34-22 Micro-enterprises Receivables

34-22-1 Credit policy

Funding Consideration

- Funding are granted to clients who have previous experience not less than one year in his current activity which is confirmed by the client with adequate documentation and field inquiry.
- Funding are granted to the client which it's installment is suitable according to his predictable income activity and this done throw analyzing client's revenues and expenses and his foreseeable marginal income, and this done by the branches specialists of the company on the prepared form for this purpose(financial study form and credit decision).
- Before grant funding, a client activity field inquiry is done.
- Recording inquiries results about client and guarantor with inquiring forms of the company which reveal client's activity (visit form & Inquiry form).
- The company prohibit grant funding for new client unless the activity is existing with previous one year experience where the granted funds be within a minimum 1 000 EGP and maximum 30 000 EGP with loan duration of 12 months.
- Inquiries for clients are performed by I-Score Company before granting and in case of approval on granting. The credit limit of the client is considered when calculating the client's revenue and expenses.

Client's Life Insurance

The insurance process on the client is performed with the authorized companies from insurance supervisory authority.

Client's Following up

The company keeps specialists in branches from following up all regular clients, and irregular with continuous application of that during finance period with judging on their commitment in paying the remaining installments and this done through recording visits for clients with daily basis and also with data base provided by computer system for all branches all over the republic.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December, 2017 (Continued) (In the notes all amounts are shown in EGP unless otherwise stated)

34-22-2 Impairment loss of micro financed loans

The company at the date of the financial statements estimates the impairment loss of micro financed loans, in the light of the basis and rules of granting credit and forming the provisions according to the Board of Directors decision of the Financial Supervisory Authority No. (173) issued on December 21, 2014 to deal with the impairment loss.

34-23 Operating segment

A segment is a distinguishable component of the Group that is engaged either in providing products or services (business segment) or in providing products or services within a particular economic environment (geographical segment), which is subject to risks and rewards that are different from those of other segments. The Group's primary format for segment reporting is based on business segment.